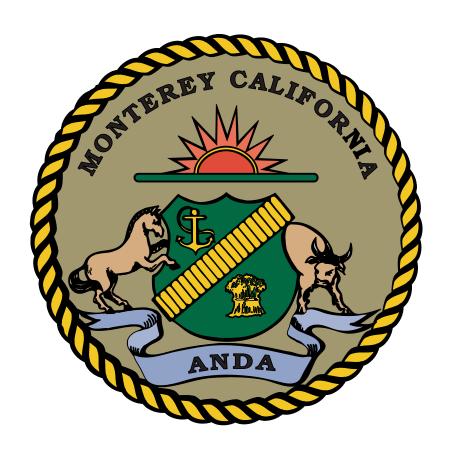


CITY OF MONTEREY CALIFORNIA



ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Table of Contents

INTRODUCTORY SECTION (Unaudited)	<u>Page</u>
Table of Contents	i
City Organizational Chart	
City Officials	
Letter of Transmittal	
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Reports	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Required Supplementary Information) (Unaudited)	3
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	17
Statement of Activities	18
Fund Financial Statements:	
Governmental Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet	26
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	
to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position	29
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	2.0
Changes in Fund Balances	30
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,	
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities	22
Statement of Activities	32
Proprietary Fund Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	
Statement of Cash Flows	40
Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements:	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	46
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	51

Table of Contents (Continued)

FINANCIAL SECTION (Continued)	<u>Page</u>
Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)	
Budgetary Comparison Schedules:	
General Fund	101
Presidio of Monterey Public Works Special Revenue Fund	
Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedule	103
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	104
Schedule of City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	106
Schedule of Contributions – Pensions	
California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) Miscellaneous Plan	108
California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) Safety Plan	
Schedule of Changes in Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios	112
Schedules of Contributions – Other Postemployment Benefits Plan	113
Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual:	
Capital Improvement Capital Projects Fund	117
Capital improvement Capital Projects I and	11/
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	126
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual:	
Conference Center Facilities District Capital Projects Fund	
Conference Center Facility District Debt Service Fund	133
Debt Service Fund	134
Neighborhood Community Improvement Special Revenue Fund	135
Storm Water System Improvements Special Revenue Fund	
Skyline Forest Service District Special Revenue Fund	
Alvarado Street Maintenance District Special Revenue Fund	
Calle Principal Maintenance District Special Revenue Fund	
State/Federal Grants Special Revenue Fund	
Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund	
SB1 Road Maintenance & Rehabilitation Special Revenue Fund	
Transportation Safety & Investment Plan Special Revenue Fund	
Measure P Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund	
Community Development Block Grant Special Revenue Fund	
Housing Grants Special Revenue Fund	
Public Safety Training and Services Special Revenue Fund	

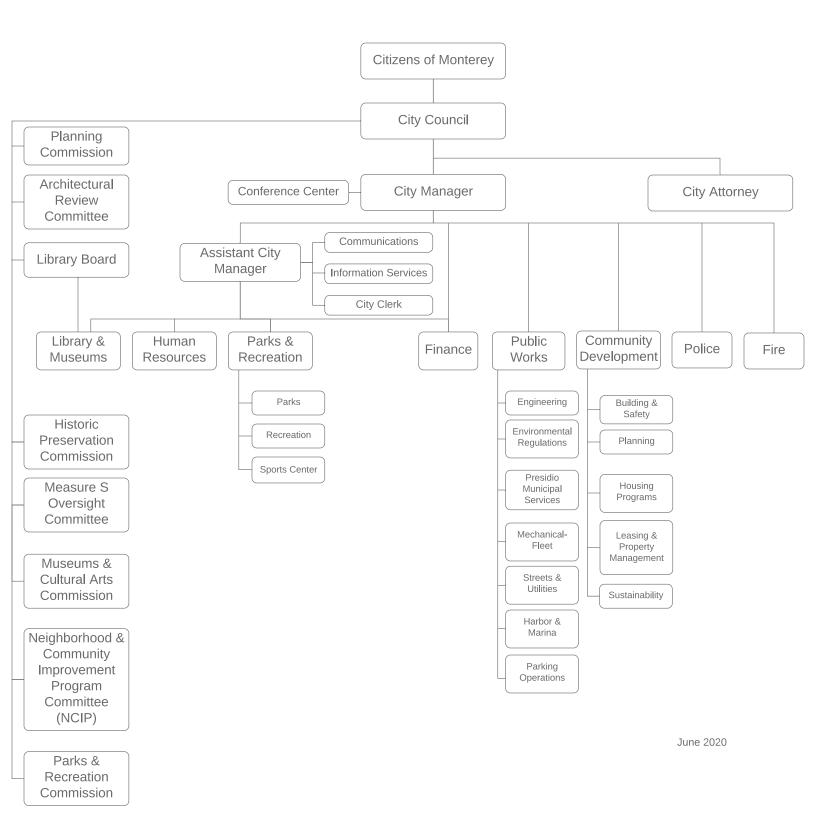
Table of Contents (Continued)

Page FINANCIAL SECTION (Continued) **Supplementary Information (Continued)** Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Continued): Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual (Continued): Nonmajor Enterprise Funds: Internal Service Funds: Custodial Fund: **STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited) Financial Trends:** Net Position by Component 178 Changes in Net Position – General Revenues 182 **Revenue Capacity:** Principal Property Taxpayers 192

Table of Contents (Continued)

STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited) (Continued)	<u>Page</u>
Debt Capacity:	
Computation of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt	194
Legal Debt Margin	195
Computation of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt	196
Demographic and Economic Information: Demographic Information Summary of Major Employers	198
Operating Information:	
Authorized Positions By Department Full-Time and Part-Time	200
Operating Indicators By Function	201
Capital Assets Statistics	202





As of June 30, 2021

CITY COUNCIL

Clyde Roberson Mayor

Tyller Williamson Dan Albert Alan Haffa Ed Smith

PRINCIPAL ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICERS

City Manager	Hans Uslar
Assistant City Manager	Nat Rojanasathira
City Attorney	Christine Davi
Community Development Director	Kimberly Cole
Public Works Director	Steve Wittry
Human Resources Director	Allyson Hauck
Library Director	Inga Waite
Finance Director	Rafaela King
Fire Chief	Gaudenz Panholzer
Police Chief	David Hober
Parks and Recreation Director	Karen Larson



March 8, 2022

Honorable Mayor and City Council City Manager City of Monterey Citizens

I am pleased to present to you the 2020-21 (FY 21) Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the City of Monterey. This "comprehensive" report is intended to present information that goes beyond the basic financial statements required by generally accepted accounting principles.

This report has been prepared by the Finance Department in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), as set forth in the pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). It consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, responsibility for the accuracy of the data including all disclosures rests with the management of the City.

We believe that the data as presented is accurate in all material respects, that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the City as measured by the financial activity of the various funds, and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the full understanding of the City's financial affairs have been included.

To support this representation, management has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatements.

This report includes a letter from the City's independent auditor that states they believe that the basic financial statements present fairly the City's financial position as of June 30, 2021, in conformity with GAAP. The Pun Group, LLP., a firm of licensed certified public accountants, conducted the Financial Statement audit. Their goal and that of any independent auditor is to provide a reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Monterey for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, are free of material misstatements. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

This report includes all of the funds of the City of Monterey and the Monterey Joint Powers Financing Authority.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

City Profile

First incorporated in 1850, and with its present charter adopted in 1925, Monterey is a charter city and operates under the Council-Manager form of government. The Mayor and City Council are responsible for establishing policy and providing direction to the City Manager. The Mayor and City Council appoint the City Manager, who serves as the city government's Chief Executive Officer, as well as the City Attorney, who serves as the City's legal counsel. The Mayor and City Council are elected at-large and serve staggered four-year terms. The Mayor presides at City Council meetings.

The City of Monterey is a waterfront community where citizens, community organizations, businesses, military partners, nonprofit organizations, and city government work together to ensure that the community retains its hometown identity, high quality of life, and natural beauty. Home to approximately 30,218 residents (according to the U.S. Census Bureau, 2020), Monterey is the third-largest city in Monterey County. The natural beauty, mild climate and unique attractions of Monterey draw an estimated 10 million visitors each year, making our City one of the most popular destinations in the country.

At the same time, the city provides a small-town atmosphere and distinct neighborhoods that range from historic adobes to mid-century modern abodes. Monterey is proud of its 16 neighborhoods, stretching across the City's 8.62 square miles, each with their own distinct character and neighborhood association.

The City of Monterey maintains and offers a variety of community amenities and services. These services include the Monterey Bay Coastal Recreational trail, a harbor and marina, two wharves, the Monterey Sports Center, the world-class Monterey Conference Center, California's first public library, four community centers, 36 dedicated parks and open spaces, three fire stations, one police station, parking facilities and garages, over 100 miles of public streets, the Veterans Park Campground, and El Encinal Cemetery.

Local Economy

Monterey is at the heart of the Monterey Peninsula, serving as the region's business, financial, government, and services core with urban amenities common to a city of much larger size. Monterey is home to the region's community college (Monterey Peninsula College), hospital (Community Hospital of the Monterey Peninsula), Monterey County Fairgrounds, the U.S. Army Garrison Presidio of Monterey (home of the Defense Language Institute), Naval Support Activity Monterey (home of the Naval Postgraduate School), Middlebury Institute of International Studies at Monterey, Cannery Row, and Monterey Bay Aquarium. Monterey's waterfront is second-to-none, featuring Municipal Wharf No. 1 (serving as the region's commercial fishing hub), Old Fisherman's Wharf (attracting 3.9 million visitors per year), the Coast Guard Pier, Breakwater Cove, and U.S. Coast Guard Station Monterey.

In FY21, the local economy continued its recovery from the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic, which began in March 2020. Monterey's three main economic pillars of hospitality, education, and government sectors were impacted, directly affecting the City's revenues. Unlike many other cities in California, Monterey's hospitality industry - hotels, conference businesses, and restaurants, were hit disproportionately hard. Monterey's revenue loss between March 2020 and June 2021, is estimated to total \$32 million.

As a result of the pandemic, Transient Occupancy Tax (TOT) in the General Fund decreased by \$3 million, or 20.3% over FY20. At the time of this writing, the City of Monterey is beginning to show the rebounding of leisure travel business and a slow return of group travel business, which are both critical to the City's economy. Tourism market researchers estimate a three to four-year recovery period until the hospitality industry returns to pre-pandemic levels.

Monterey's coastal setting, small city feel, and big city amenities continues to make the community an attractive place to live. The residential real estate market remained strong in FY21 and into the beginning of FY22. Property tax revenue in the General Fund increased in FY21 by 32% over FY20. Sales tax receipts in the General Fund reflect a \$3.1 million, or 41.4% increase from the previous year.

Long-term financial planning and major initiatives

For long-term financial forecasting and planning purposes the City of Monterey uses historical and research-based estimates for revenue adjustments. The City General Fund's largest revenue source, TOT, experienced significant growth in the last few years, especially after the Conference Center rehabilitation project, until the pandemic hit. Without the pandemic, TOT revenues were projected to grow at a historical average rate of 4% due to the renovated Conference Center, as well as the limited number of hotel rooms in the City's inventory. However, the pandemic has upended our typical projections. As a result of a tax measure that increased the TOT rate in Monterey from 10% to 12% and the passage of a half-cent sales tax in 2020, forecasted revenues are starting to recover which would allow the City to start funding long-term obligations and reserves for which these tax measures were implemented to address. FY22 is projected to have slight to moderate increases in TOT, Sales Tax and Property taxes compared to FY21, with a full return to pre-pandemic revenues by FY24.

At the end of FY21 the City of Monterey General Fund had \$12.2 million in the reserve for economic uncertainty and \$3.9 million in its capital renewal and cultural arts reserves for various facilities. Some of these funds were utilized during the pandemic in order to maintain critical city operations and services. Future funding for public safety buildings, Conference Center, Sports Center, Library, Recreation Centers, and City Hall will be necessary, to both provide funds for critical repairs and upgrades to those facilities that are aging, as well as to establish maintenance reserves throughout the life of all City facilities.

Beyond the General Fund, the City maintains working capital to maintain and replace facilities and equipment within separate funding sources such as wharves, parking, marina, sewer system, and vehicle replacement.

The City continues to focus its efforts on funding and rehabilitating its aging infrastructure. These projects, in conjunction with ongoing funding provided by the Neighborhood and Community Improvement Program (NCIP), have helped the City to achieve its goals of fiscal responsibility and sustainability. The City's Capital Improvement Program (CIP) was funded in FY20, not funded in FY21, and partially funded in FY22.

Measure P/S, Fixing Monterey Streets initiative completed its sixth year, with FY21 revenues of \$8.6 million in funds for pavement resurfacing and reconstruction, ADA ramp and signal compliance, storm drain improvements and sidewalk repairs. These improvements will continue with revenues from the voter approved 1% special transactions and use tax (sales tax) revenues. In November 2018, the City voters overwhelming approved by 82% Measure S to extend the 1% special sales tax until March 31, 2027.

The Monterey Conference Center shut down for over a year due to the pandemic, starting in March 2020, and resumed operations in June 2021.

The Neighborhood and Community Improvement Program (NCIP), established in 1985, directs tourist-generated dollars directly back into the City's residential neighborhoods. Under a Charter Amendment, 16 percent of the money collected through TOT must be spent on neighborhood and community improvements. Each fiscal year, a committee consisting of Monterey residents considers all submitted projects and recommends which projects should be funded. In FY20, \$3.3 million of revenue was collected for projects across the City's various neighborhoods. The program was not funded in FY21, providing emergency general fund support due to the pandemic, but will resume in FY22.

The <u>COVID-19 Pandemic Response</u> efforts began in February 2020, starting with the City's response to a cruise ship visiting Monterey with no confirmed cases of COVID-19. Shortly thereafter, the Monterey Fire Department engaged with the State of California and Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) to coordinate emergency response efforts at Asilomar Conference Grounds (which Monterey Fire Department is responsible for), where COVID-19 positive patients from the Grand Princess cruise ship were relocated. On March 13, 2020, the City Manager issued an Emergency Proclamation to slow the spread of COVID-19, closing city facilities, programs, and events. The City's Emergency Operations Center (EOC) kicked into high gear in March 2020, organizing mask distributions, portable restrooms, and Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) citywide. Daily media briefings, weekly coordination meetings with the Monterey Peninsula Chamber of Commerce, and implementation of the City's Local Economic Stimulus Plan (LESP) also began in March 2020. The Parks & Recreation and Library departments also launched "Operation Outreach" to connect with seniors in the community. On March 25, 2020, the City Council adopted an urgency ordinance to temporarily prohibit residential and commercial evictions related to COVID-19.

The City's Emergency Rental Assistance Program (ERAP) was launched in August 2020 in response to financial hardship caused by increased unemployment due to COVID-19 economic impacts. The original program was funded with \$152,000 in Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) funding, \$395,000 in CARES ACT CDBG-CV3 funding, and \$252,000 in existing City of Monterey CDBG Program Income for a total of \$800,000 for Fiscal Year 2021. The City Housing Program provided an additional \$162,287 from Program Income from the sale of two affordable housing units sold during the Fiscal Year. ERAP received an additional infusion of funds via a \$1,250,000 grant to the City of Monterey from Monterey County, consisting of \$687,500 of direct Federal rental assistance funds from the U.S. Treasury and \$562,500 of State of California SB 91 California Business, Consumer Services and Housing Agency which is also originating from Federal rental assistance funds. The Grant Agreement term runs from March 15, 2021 – February 28, 2022, wherein the City is required to have all grant funds distributed no later than December 31, 2021. The purpose of the grant is to distribute funding to provide rental and utility assistance to low income eligible households located in Monterey County that are facing housing instability because of loss or reduction in income due to the COVID-19 crisis.

Relevant Financial Policies

Based on the Government Finance Officers' Association (GFOA) analysis to determine the appropriate level of reserves and their allocations, the City's policy is to hold a "Reserve for Economic Uncertainty" an amount equivalent to 16.6% of the General Fund annual operating budget.

These reserves address operational risks such as revenue volatility and extreme events such as natural disasters. While the pandemic has significantly affected the City's revenues, disasters such as wildfires, earthquakes, and tsunamis would affect both revenues and expenditures. The reserve for economic uncertainty stood at \$12.2 million on June 30, 2021, which is 14.6% of General Fund budgeted expenditures.

With General Fund operations in FY21 beginning to replenish fund balances and reserves, the City is working to continue its implementation of its Fiscal Health Response Plan to combat the fiscal challenges that existed even before the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic. In June 2019, the Council adopted a two-year budget, which reflected a projected operating deficit in FY20 due to the use of one time ending balance to cover one-time expenses. Starting in FY20/21 and beyond, the City general fund budget showed a growing deficit of (\$2.8), (\$3.8) and (\$5.2) million for FY21, FY22 and FY23, respectively.

As a result, in November 2019 the City Council voted unanimously to make a declaration of fiscal emergency and place a half-cent (0.5%) general transaction and use tax (sales tax) on the ballot (Measure G), which was approved by voters. In November 2020, Monterey voters also approved Measure Y, a 2% increase of the Transient Occupancy Tax (TOT) rate from 10% to 12%. Both measures started revenue generation in FY21. This funding is the pivotal tool that will help address existing long-term liabilities for pension and other post-employment benefits for employees, capital facility needs, technology and infrastructure modernization, as well as providing resources to continue service delivery for the full suite of City services.

Accounting System and Budgetary Control

The City's accounting records for general government operations are maintained on a modified accrual basis, with revenues being recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the services or goods are received, and the liabilities incurred. Accounting records for the City's proprietary activities are maintained on the full accrual basis, with revenues recognized when earned and expenses recorded when incurred.

In maintaining the City's accounting system, consideration is given to the adequacy of internal controls. Internal controls are designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets and to ensure the reliability of financial records and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived. The evaluation of costs and benefits requires continuing estimates and judgments by City management. We believe that the City's system of internal accounting controls continues to adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance that financial transactions are properly recorded.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device. Commitments for materials and services, such as purchase orders and contracts, are recorded as encumbrances in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation. Encumbrance accounting is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects funds. Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are then added to the following year's budgeted appropriations. Encumbrances are reported at year-end as reservations of fund balances.

Independent Audit

Article 6 of the City Charter requires an annual audit of the City's financial records by independent certified public accountants. The accounting firm of The Pun Group, LLP. was selected by the City Council to perform the audit.

In addition to meeting the requirements of the City Charter, the audit was also designed to meet the requirements of the Federal Single Audit Act of 1984, Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and related OMB Uniform Grant Guidance, "Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-profit Organizations."

The auditor's report on the basic financial statements and combining and individual non-major fund statements and schedules is included in the financial section of the report. The auditor's reports related specifically to the single audit are included in the Single Audit reports, which are separate documents.

Acknowledgments

The preparation of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report was made possible by the dedicated service of the Finance Department team, including Jeffrey Barry, Vicki Courtney, Jordan Cupps, Wendy Davies, Herlinda Franklin, Carol Hewitt, Undine Lauer, Liza Linsao, Melanie Martin, Felicia Ming, Fernando Munoz-Noriega, Vincent Pizzo, Stella Sandoval, Alina Shannon, and Daisy Yepez.

Lastly, the City's Finance Department received leadership and support from the Mayor, City Council Members, and City Manager's Office. Their support of the City's Finance Department and commitment to sound short-term and long-term financial decision making have proven to be invaluable in serving the Monterey community with excellence.

Sincerely,

Rafaela T. King, CPA, MBA

Finance Director



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and the Members of the City Council of the City of Monterey
Monterey, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Monterey, California (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

To the Honorable Mayor and the Members of the City Council of the City of Monterey
Monterey, California
Page 2

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Budgetary Comparison Schedules, the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, the Schedule of City's Proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, the Schedules of Contributions – Pensions, the Schedule of Changes in Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability, and the Schedule of Contributions – Other Postemployment Benefits Plan on pages 3 to 11 and 101 to 113 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the Required Supplementary Information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The Introductory Section, the Combining and Individual Nonmajor Fund Financial Statements, and the Statistical Section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Combining and Individual Nonmajor Fund Financial Statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Combining and Individual Nonmajor Fund Financial Statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Introductory and the Statistical Sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated March 8, 2022, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Santa Ana, California March 8, 2022

As management of the City of Monterey, we offer readers of the City of Monterey's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Monterey for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found at the beginning of the introductory section, immediately following the table of contents.

Financial Highlights

Government-Wide Highlights:

- The City had a net position (total assets and deferred outflow of resources less total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) of \$157.7 million at June 30, 2021. Most of this amount (\$222.3 million) is made up of net investment in capital assets, such as infrastructure, roads, land and buildings. The restricted net position of \$42.4 million may be used for the City's ongoing obligations related to programs with external restrictions. Unrestricted net position reflects a deficit of \$107.0 million, primarily due to net pension liability of \$165.2 million on the Statement of Net Position.
- Government-wide revenues decreased by \$4.8 million in FY21, which is 3.8% under FY20. It is a combination of revenue increases in some categories and decreases in other. The City's primary source of discretionary revenue, transient occupancy tax ("TOT"), decreased from the prior year by \$3.3 million, or 20.3%. The City also experienced decreases to investment income and other revenues to the tune of \$2.3 million and \$2.5 million, respectively. Capital grants & contributions, consisting of reimbursements for capital projects funded by federal and state grants, experienced a decrease of \$6.1 million. These decreases were partially offset by increases to property taxes and sales taxes which increased by \$3.0 million and \$3.1 million, respectively.
- The City's total expenses on the Statement of Activities reflect a decrease of \$11.2 million in FY21, which is 8.4% under FY20. This decrease was primarily related to community services, library, public works, and public safety costs. These costs contributed to decreased expenditures for governmental activities of \$12.5 million. Expenses in public works decreased due to a slowdown in projects. Expenses for business type activities increased by \$1.3 million from FY20.

Fund Highlights:

- From the City's fund level statements, the Ending Fund Balance for the General Fund decreased by \$0.9 million during FY21 to \$30.7 million. \$4.3 million of this ending balance is "non-spendable" in that it represents long-term advances to other funds, primarily the Parking Fund. \$20.0 million has been set aside in a variety of reserves for encumbrances and for contingencies such as economic uncertainty and capital renewal.
- Operating revenues from Business Type Activities fell short of operating expenses by \$0.9 million. Notably, operating surplus was \$1.5 million in the Sewer Fund and \$0.3 million in the Marina Fund, with operating deficits of \$2.0 in the Parking Fund, \$0.7 million in the non-major enterprise funds. In general, Parking, Marina, and Sewer Fund revenues are still set to be able to provide for operation, maintenance and facility improvements.
- Operating revenues from Internal Service Funds underperformed against operating expenses by \$4.3 million. Notably, a \$1.4 million deficit in vehicle maintenance fund and \$1.3 deficit in the liability & property insurance fund drove the shortfall.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Monterey's basic financial statements, which are comprised of three components: 1) entity-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Monterey's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City of Monterey's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflow of resources, with the difference between the four reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Monterey is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Monterey that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Monterey include community services, public safety, community development, public works and transportation and policy and administration. The business-type activities of the City of Monterey include a marina, cemetery, parking, sewer, materials recovery facility and the operation of a communication network.

The government-wide financial statements include the City of Monterey itself (known as the primary government), and the Monterey Joint Powers Financing Authority.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Monterey, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Monterey can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Monterey maintains 32 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Capital Improvements Projects Fund, and Presidio of Monterey Public Works Special Revenue Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements that are located after the notes to the financial statements.

The City of Monterey adopts annual appropriated budgets, prepared on a cash basis. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for Monterey's General Fund and major governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

Proprietary funds. The City of Monterey maintains two different types of proprietary funds; Enterprise and Internal Service. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Monterey maintains five (5) enterprise funds and six (6) internal service funds.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Marina, Parking and Sewer Funds, as these are considered to be major funds of the City of Monterey. Data from the other two enterprise funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major enterprise funds is provided in the form of combining statements contained in the Supplementary Information section. Conversely, all internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the Supplementary Information section.

Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City of Monterey's various functions. The City of Monterey uses internal service funds to account for equipment replacement, vehicle maintenance, information services, Workers' Compensation Insurance, Liability and Property Insurance, and Employee Benefit. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the entity-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the entity-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City of Monterey's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The City has two types of fiduciary funds: City assessment and promotion districts, as well as a trust fund for the Redevelopment Retirement Obligation Fund. The total assets held in the custodial fund at June 30, 2021 were \$195 thousand. The Private Purpose Trust Fund, which holds funds for the Redevelopment Retirement Obligation Fund, had total assets of \$70 thousand at fiscal year-end.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the entity-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds, non-major enterprise funds, internal service funds, and agency funds are presented in the Supplemental Information section.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Net Position. Net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Monterey, total net position was \$157.7 million at the close of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

By far the largest portion of the City of Monterey's net position (\$222.3 million) reflects net investment in capital assets (e.g. infrastructure, land, buildings, machinery, and equipment). The City of Monterey uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Monterey's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. A summary of net position follows:

City of Monterey's Net Position

	Governmenta	al Activities	Business-Typ	e Activities	Total			
	FY 2021	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2020		
Current & other assets	\$ 94,536,905	\$ 101,318,758	\$ 14,250,156	\$ 14,855,053	\$ 108,787,061 \$	116,173,811		
Capital assets, net	236,401,254	228,881,988	45,657,783	44,781,565	282,059,037	273,663,553		
Total assets	330,938,159	330,200,746	59,907,939	59,636,618	390,846,098	389,837,364		
Deferred outflow of resources	27,770,370	26,343,633	1,915,459	1,458,832	29,685,829	27,802,465		
Long-term liabilities outstanding	55,987,662	56,711,840	12,747,478	13,609,892	68,735,140	70,321,732		
Net pension liabilities	152,393,941	145,578,327	12,814,884	9,333,681	165,208,825	154,912,008		
Net OPEB liabilities	7,620,587	8,094,910	864,645	957,773	8,485,232	9,052,683		
Other liabilities	17,136,519	18,546,014	1,700,824	2,895,521	18,837,343	21,441,535		
Total liabilities	233,138,709	228,931,091	28,127,831	26,796,867	261,266,540	255,727,958		
Deferred inflow of resources	1,479,951	3,993,722	41,609	200,386	1,521,560	4,194,108		
Net position:								
Net investment in capital assets	189,768,934	177,783,019	32,506,984	30,480,816	222,275,918	208,263,835		
Restricted	41,313,293	42,224,103	1,106,768	1,106,768	42,420,061	43,330,871		
Unrestricted	(106,992,358)	(96,387,556)	40,206	2,510,613	(106,952,152)	(93,876,943)		
Total net position	\$ 124,089,869	\$ 123,619,566	\$ 33,653,958	\$ 34,098,197	\$ 157,743,827 \$	157,717,763		

Total net position for the Governmental Activities of \$124.1 million was comprised of \$189.8 million in net capital assets (infrastructure, buildings, roads, land, etc.), \$41.3 million in amounts legally restricted, and a deficit of \$107.0 million, classified as Unrestricted for accounting purposes. This deficit is generated due to net pension liability of \$152.4 million. The City's total net position decreased by \$0.3 million from the FY20 ending net position of \$157.7 million, showing a stabilization from the most dramatic period of impact of the pandemic.

The table below is a summary of all the City's revenues and expenses. A summary of the top revenues follows this table:

City of Monterey's Summary of Revenues & Expenses

Total revenues 108,504,642 114,392,213 13,474,656 12,430,536 121,979,298 126,822,749 Expenses: General government 9,754,245 7,975,464 - - 9,754,245 7,975,464 Public safety 43,519,165 48,613,887 - - 43,519,165 48,613,887 Public works 33,672,208 35,971,240 - - 6,443,985 1,699,140 Community development 6,443,985 1,699,140 - - 6,443,985 1,699,140 Community services 10,329,431 20,239,312 - - 10,329,431 20,239,312 Library 1,734,350 3,361,023 - - 1,734,350 3,361,023 Interest and fiscal charges 1,971,433 2,025,957 - - 1,971,433 2,025,957 Marina - - - 2,812,087 1,995,071 2,812,087 1,995,071 Parking - - - 8,432,750 8,873,103 8,432,750			Government	al A	ctivities	Business-Type Activities				Total		
Program Revenues: Charges for services S			FY 2021		FY 2020		FY 2021		FY 2020		FY 2021	FY 2020
Charges for services \$ 44,358,786 \$ 45,061,750 \$ 13,391,199 \$ 11,718,546 \$ 57,749,985 56,780,296 Operating grants & contributions 18,190,742 16,272,346 - 84,760 18,190,742 16,357,106 General Revenues: Transient occupancy tax 12,996,93 16,183,752 - - 12,996,93 16,189,342 Property tax 12,475,245 9,452,431 - - 12,475,245 9,452,431 Sales tax 10,594,210 7,492,974 - - 10,594,210 7,492,974 Other taxes 5,897,136 5,683,586 - - 10,594,210 7,492,974 Other taxes 5,897,136 5,683,586 - - 5,87,136 5,683,586 Investment income 781,653 2,488,562 83,457 627,230 865,110 3,115,592 Total revenues 8,654 2,511,835 - - - 8,654 2,511,835 Total revenues 10,859,4642 114,392,213 13,474,656 <												
Operating grants & contributions 18,190,742 16,272,346 - 84,760 18,190,742 16,357,106 Capital grants & contributions 89,417 6,163,752 - - 89,417 6,63,752 General Revenues: Transient occupancy tax 12,909,693 16,189,342 - - 12,909,693 16,189,342 Property tax 12,475,245 9,452,431 - - 12,909,693 16,189,342 Property tax 12,475,245 9,452,431 - - 10,594,210 749,2974 Other taxes 5,897,136 5,683,586 - - 5,897,136 5,683,586 In-lieu VLF (property tax) 3,199,106 3,075,635 - - - 8,654 2,511,835 Other revenues 8,654 2,511,835 - - - 8,654 2,511,835 Total revenues 108,504,642 114,392,213 13,474,656 12,430,536 121,979,298 126,822,749 Expenses: General government 9,754,245 7,9												
Capital grants & contributions 89,417 6,163,752 - 89,417 6,163,752 General Revenues: Transient occupancy tax 12,909,693 16,189,342 - - 12,909,693 16,189,342 Property tax 12,475,245 9,452,431 - - 12,475,245 9,452,431 Sales tax 10,594,210 7,492,974 - - 10,594,210 7,492,974 Other taxes 5,897,136 5,683,586 - - 5,897,136 5,683,586 Investment income 781,653 2,488,562 83,457 627,230 865,110 3,115,792 In-lieu VLF (property tax) 3,199,106 3,075,655 - - 3,199,106 3,075,655 Other revenues 8,654 2,511,835 - - 8,654 2,511,835 Total revenues 108,504,642 114,392,213 13,474,656 12,430,536 121,979,298 126,822,749 Expenses: 109,104 - - 9,754,245 7,975,464 - -		\$		S	45,061,750	\$	13,391,199	\$		S		56,780,296
Transient occupancy tax			18,190,742		16,272,346		-		84,760		18,190,742	16,357,106
Transient occupancy tax 12,090,693 16,189,342 - 12,090,693 16,189,342 Property tax 12,475,245 9,452,431 - - 12,475,245 9,452,431 Sales tax 10,594,210 7,492,974 - - 10,594,210 7,492,974 Other taxes 5,897,136 5,683,586 - - 5,897,136 5,683,586 Investment income 781,653 2,488,562 83,457 627,230 865,110 3,115,792 In-lieu VLF (property tax) 3,199,106 3,075,635 - - 3,199,106 3,075,635 Other revenues 8,654 2,511,835 - - 8,654 2,511,835 Total revenues 108,504,642 114,392,213 13,474,656 12,430,536 121,979,298 126,822,749 Expenses: General government 9,754,245 7,975,464 - - 9,754,245 7,975,464 Public safety 43,519,165 48,613,887 - - 43,519,165 48,613,887			89,417		6,163,752		-		-		89,417	6,163,752
Property tax 12,475,245 9,452,431 - - 12,475,245 9,452,431 Sales tax 10,594,210 7,492,974 - - 10,594,210 7,492,974 Other taxes 5,897,136 5,683,586 - - 5,897,136 5,683,586 Investment income 781,653 2,488,562 83,457 627,230 865,110 3,115,792 In-lieu VLF (property tax) 3,199,106 3,075,635 - - - 8,654 2,511,835 Other revenues 108,504,642 114,392,213 13,474,656 12,430,536 121,979,298 126,822,749 Expenses: Beneral government 9,754,245 7,975,464 - - 9,754,245 7,975,464 Public safety 43,519,165 48,613,887 - - 9,754,245 7,975,464 Public works 33,672,208 35,971,240 - - 9,754,245 7,975,464 Community development 6,443,985 1,699,140 - - 6,443,985 1,6	General Revenues:											
Sales tax 10,594,210 7,492,974 - - 10,594,210 7,492,974 Other taxes 5,897,136 5,683,586 - - 5,897,136 5,683,586 In-lieu VLF (property tax) 3,199,106 3,075,635 - - 3,199,106 3,075,635 Other revenues 8,654 2,511,835 - - 8,654 2,511,835 Total revenues 108,504,642 114,392,213 13,474,656 12,430,536 121,979,298 126,822,749 Expenses: 8 2,511,835 - - - 8,654 2,511,835 Total revenues 108,504,642 114,392,213 13,474,656 12,430,536 121,979,298 126,822,749 Expenses: 6 - - - 9,754,245 7,975,464 - - 9,754,245 7,975,464 - - 9,754,245 7,975,464 - - 9,754,245 7,975,464 - - 9,754,245 7,975,464 - - - 1,613,613,	Transient occupancy tax		12,909,693		16,189,342		-		-		12,909,693	16,189,342
Other taxes 5,897,136 5,683,586 - - 5,897,136 5,683,586 Investment income 781,653 2,488,562 83,457 627,230 865,110 3,115,792 In-lieu VLF (property tax) 3,199,106 3,075,635 - - - 3,199,106 3,075,635 Other revenues 8,654 2,511,835 - - - 8,654 2,511,835 Total revenues 108,504,642 114,392,213 13,474,656 12,430,536 121,979,298 126,822,749 Expenses: 6 6 - - - 9,754,245 7,975,464 Public safety 43,519,165 48,613,887 - - - 43,519,165 48,613,887 Public works 33,672,208 35,971,240 - - 43,519,165 48,613,887 Public works 33,672,208 35,971,240 - - 6,443,985 1,699,140 Community development 6,443,985 1,699,140 - - 6,443,985	Property tax		12,475,245		9,452,431		-		-		12,475,245	9,452,431
Investment income 781,653 2,488,562 83,457 627,230 865,110 3,115,792	Sales tax		10,594,210		7,492,974		-		-		10,594,210	7,492,974
In-lieu VLF (property tax) 3,199,106 3,075,635 - - 3,199,106 3,075,635	Other taxes		5,897,136		5,683,586		-		-		5,897,136	5,683,586
Other revenues 8,654 2,511,835 - - 8,654 2,511,835 Total revenues 108,504,642 114,392,213 13,474,656 12,430,536 121,979,298 126,822,749 Expenses: - - - 9,754,245 7,975,464 - - 9,754,245 7,975,464 Public safety 43,519,165 48,613,887 - - 43,519,165 48,613,887 Public works 33,672,208 35,971,240 - - 6,443,985 1,699,140 Community development 6,443,985 1,699,140 - - 6,443,985 1,699,140 Community services 10,329,431 20,239,312 - - 10,329,431 20,239,312 Library 1,734,350 3,361,023 - - 1,734,350 3,361,023 Interest and fiscal charges 1,971,433 2,025,957 - - 1,971,433 2,025,957 Marina - - - 2,812,087 1,995,071 2,812,087	Investment income		781,653		2,488,562		83,457		627,230		865,110	3,115,792
Other revenues 8,654 2,511,835 - - 8,654 2,511,835 Total revenues 108,504,642 114,392,213 13,474,656 12,430,536 121,979,298 126,822,749 Expenses: - - - 9,754,245 7,975,464 - - 9,754,245 7,975,464 Public safety 43,519,165 48,613,887 - - 43,519,165 48,613,887 Public works 33,672,208 35,971,240 - - 6,443,985 1,699,140 Community development 6,443,985 1,699,140 - - 6,443,985 1,699,140 Community services 10,329,431 20,239,312 - - 10,329,431 20,239,312 Library 1,734,350 3,361,023 - - 1,734,350 3,361,023 Interest and fiscal charges 1,971,433 2,025,957 - - 1,971,433 2,025,957 Marina - - - 2,812,087 1,995,071 2,812,087	In-lieu VLF (property tax)		3,199,106		3,075,635		-		-		3,199,106	3,075,635
Expenses: General government 9,754,245 7,975,464 9,754,245 7,975,464 Public safety 43,519,165 48,613,887 43,519,165 48,613,887 Public works 33,672,208 35,971,240 33,672,208 35,971,240 Community development 6,443,985 1,699,140 6,443,985 1,699,140 Community services 10,329,431 20,239,312 10,329,431 20,239,312 Library 1,734,350 3,361,023 1,734,350 3,361,023 Interest and fiscal charges 1,971,433 2,025,957 1,971,433 2,025,957 Marina 2,812,087 1,995,071 2,812,087 1,995,071 Parking 8,432,750 8,873,103 8,432,750 8,873,103 Sewer 8,432,750 8,873,103 8,432,750 8,873,103 Sewer 2,688,490 1,899,708 Other Business-type activities 936,299 832,203 936,299 832,203 Total Expenses 107,424,817 119,886,023 14,869,626 13,600,085 122,294,443 133,486,108 Change in net position before transfers (950,731) 1,627,996 950,731 (1,627,996)			8,654		2,511,835		-		-		8,654	2,511,835
General government 9,754,245 7,975,464 - - 9,754,245 7,975,464 Public safety 43,519,165 48,613,887 - - 43,519,165 48,613,887 Public works 33,672,208 35,971,240 - - 33,672,208 35,971,240 Community development 6,443,985 1,699,140 - - 6,443,985 1,699,140 Community services 10,329,431 20,239,312 - - 10,329,431 20,239,312 Library 1,734,350 3,361,023 - - 1,734,350 3,361,023 Interest and fiscal charges 1,971,433 2,025,957 - - 1,971,433 2,025,957 Marina - - - 2,812,087 1,995,071 2,812,087 1,995,071 Parking - - - 8,432,750 8,873,103 8,432,750 8,873,103 Sewer - - 2,688,490 1,899,708 2,688,490 1,899,708 Other Bus	Total revenues		108,504,642		114,392,213		13,474,656		12,430,536		121,979,298	126,822,749
Public safety 43,519,165 48,613,887 - - 43,519,165 48,613,887 Public works 33,672,208 35,971,240 - - 33,672,208 35,971,240 Community development 6,443,985 1,699,140 - - 6,443,985 1,699,140 Community services 10,329,431 20,239,312 - - 10,329,431 20,239,312 Library 1,734,350 3,361,023 - - 1,734,350 3,361,023 Interest and fiscal charges 1,971,433 2,025,957 - - 1,971,433 2,025,957 Marina - - 2,812,087 1,995,071 2,812,087 1,995,071 Parking - - - 8,432,750 8,873,103 8,432,750 8,873,103 Sewer - - - 2,688,490 1,899,708 2,688,490 1,899,708 Other Business-type activities - - 936,299 832,203 936,299 832,203 Total	Expenses:											
Public works 33,672,208 35,971,240 - - 33,672,208 35,971,240 Community development 6,443,985 1,699,140 - - 6,443,985 1,699,140 Community services 10,329,431 20,239,312 - - 10,329,431 20,239,312 Library 1,734,350 3,361,023 - - 1,734,350 3,361,023 Interest and fiscal charges 1,971,433 2,025,957 - - 1,791,433 2,025,957 Marina - - - 2,812,087 1,995,071 2,812,087 1,995,071 Parking - - - 8,432,750 8,873,103 8,432,750 8,873,103 Sewer - - - 2,688,490 1,899,708 2,688,490 1,899,708 Other Business-type activities - - - 936,299 832,203 936,299 832,203 Total Expenses 107,424,817 119,886,023 14,869,626 13,600,085 122,294,43	General government		9,754,245		7,975,464		-		-		9,754,245	7,975,464
Community development 6,443,985 1,699,140 - - 6,443,985 1,699,140 Community services 10,329,431 20,239,312 - - 10,329,431 20,239,312 Library 1,734,350 3,361,023 - - 1,734,350 3,361,023 Interest and fiscal charges 1,971,433 2,025,957 - - 1,971,433 2,025,957 Marina - - - 2,812,087 1,995,071 2,812,087 1,995,071 Parking - - - 8,432,750 8,873,103 8,432,750 8,873,103 Sewer - - 2,688,490 1,899,708 2,688,490 1,899,708 2,688,490 1,899,708 2,688,490 1,899,708 2,688,490 1,899,708 2,688,490 1,899,708 2,688,490 1,899,708 2,688,490 1,899,708 2,688,490 1,899,708 2,688,490 1,899,708 2,688,490 1,899,708 2,088,490 1,899,708 2,088,490 1,899,708 2,088,490 1,899,7	Public safety		43,519,165		48,613,887		-		-		43,519,165	48,613,887
Community services 10,329,431 20,239,312 - - 10,329,431 20,239,312 Library 1,734,350 3,361,023 - - 1,734,350 3,361,023 Interest and fiscal charges 1,971,433 2,025,957 - - 1,971,433 2,025,957 Marina - - 2,812,087 1,995,071 2,812,087 1,995,071 Parking - - - 8,432,750 8,873,103 8,432,750 8,873,103 Sewer - - 2,688,490 1,899,708 2,688,490 1,899,708 Other Business-type activities - - 936,299 832,203 936,299 832,203 Total Expenses 107,424,817 119,886,023 14,869,626 13,600,085 122,294,443 133,486,108 Change in net position before transfers 1,079,825 (5,493,810) (1,394,970) (1,169,549) (315,145) (6,663,359) Transfers (950,731) 1,627,996 950,731 (1,627,996) - - <td>Public works</td> <td></td> <td>33,672,208</td> <td></td> <td>35,971,240</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>33,672,208</td> <td>35,971,240</td>	Public works		33,672,208		35,971,240		-		-		33,672,208	35,971,240
Library 1,734,350 3,361,023 - - 1,734,350 3,361,023 Interest and fiscal charges 1,971,433 2,025,957 - - 1,971,433 2,025,957 Marina - - - 2,812,087 1,995,071 2,812,087 1,995,071 Parking - - - 8,432,750 8,873,103 8,432,750 8,873,103 Sewer - - - 2,688,490 1,899,708 2,688,490 1,899,708 Other Business-type activities - - - 936,299 832,203 936,299 832,203 Total Expenses 107,424,817 119,886,023 14,869,626 13,600,085 122,294,443 133,486,108 Change in net position before transfers 1,079,825 (5,493,810) (1,394,970) (1,169,549) (315,145) (6,663,359) Transfers (950,731) 1,627,996 950,731 (1,627,996) - - - Change in net position 129,094 (3,865,814) (, ,		6,443,985		1,699,140		-				6,443,985	
Interest and fiscal charges 1,971,433 2,025,957 - - 1,971,433 2,025,957 Marina - - - 2,812,087 1,995,071 2,812,087 1,995,071 Parking - - - 8,432,750 8,873,103 8,432,750 8,873,103 Sewer - - 2,688,490 1,899,708 2,688,490 1,899,708 Other Business-type activities - - 936,299 832,203 936,299 832,203 Total Expenses 107,424,817 119,886,023 14,869,626 13,600,085 122,294,443 133,486,108 Change in net position before transfers 1,079,825 (5,493,810) (1,394,970) (1,169,549) (315,145) (6,663,359) Transfers (950,731) 1,627,996 950,731 (1,627,996) - - - - Change in net position 129,094 (3,865,814) (444,239) (2,797,545) (315,145) (6,663,359) Net position- Beginning * 123,960,775 127,485					20,239,312		-		-			
Marina - - 2,812,087 1,995,071 2,812,087 1,995,071 Parking - - 8,432,750 8,873,103 8,432,750 8,873,103 Sewer - - 2,688,490 1,899,708 2,688,490 1,899,708 Other Business-type activities - - 936,299 832,203 936,299 832,203 Total Expenses 107,424,817 119,886,023 14,869,626 13,600,085 122,294,443 133,486,108 Change in net position before transfers 1,079,825 (5,493,810) (1,394,970) (1,169,549) (315,145) (6,663,359) Transfers (950,731) 1,627,996 950,731 (1,627,996) - - - - Change in net position 129,094 (3,865,814) (444,239) (2,797,545) (315,145) (6,663,359) Net position- Beginning * 123,960,775 127,485,380 34,098,197 36,895,742 158,058,972 164,381,122							-		-			
Parking - - 8,432,750 8,873,103 8,432,750 8,873,103 Sewer - - 2,688,490 1,899,708 2,688,490 1,899,708 Other Business-type activities - - 936,299 832,203 936,299 832,203 Total Expenses 107,424,817 119,886,023 14,869,626 13,600,085 122,294,443 133,486,108 Change in net position before transfers 1,079,825 (5,493,810) (1,394,970) (1,169,549) (315,145) (6,663,359) Transfers (950,731) 1,627,996 950,731 (1,627,996) - - - - Change in net position 129,094 (3,865,814) (444,239) (2,797,545) (315,145) (6,663,359) Net position- Beginning * 123,960,775 127,485,380 34,098,197 36,895,742 158,058,972 164,381,122			1,971,433		2,025,957		-		-			
Sewer - - 2,688,490 1,899,708 2,688,490 1,899,708 Other Business-type activities - - - 936,299 832,203 936,299 832,203 Total Expenses 107,424,817 119,886,023 14,869,626 13,600,085 122,294,443 133,486,108 Change in net position before transfers 1,079,825 (5,493,810) (1,394,970) (1,169,549) (315,145) (6,663,359) Transfers (950,731) 1,627,996 950,731 (1,627,996) - - - - Change in net position 129,094 (3,865,814) (444,239) (2,797,545) (315,145) (6,663,359) Net position- Beginning * 123,960,775 127,485,380 34,098,197 36,895,742 158,058,972 164,381,122			-		-							
Other Business-type activities - - 936,299 832,203 936,299 832,203 Total Expenses 107,424,817 119,886,023 14,869,626 13,600,085 122,294,443 133,486,108 Change in net position before transfers 1,079,825 (5,493,810) (1,394,970) (1,169,549) (315,145) (6,663,359) Transfers (950,731) 1,627,996 950,731 (1,627,996) - - - Change in net position 129,094 (3,865,814) (444,239) (2,797,545) (315,145) (6,663,359) Net position- Beginning * 123,960,775 127,485,380 34,098,197 36,895,742 158,058,972 164,381,122			-		-							
Total Expenses 107,424,817 119,886,023 14,869,626 13,600,085 122,294,443 133,486,108 Change in net position before transfers 1,079,825 (5,493,810) (1,394,970) (1,169,549) (315,145) (6,663,359) Transfers (950,731) 1,627,996 950,731 (1,627,996) - - - Change in net position 129,094 (3,865,814) (444,239) (2,797,545) (315,145) (6,663,359) Net position- Beginning * 123,960,775 127,485,380 34,098,197 36,895,742 158,058,972 164,381,122			-		-							
Change in net position before transfers 1,079,825 (5,493,810) (1,394,970) (1,169,549) (315,145) (6,663,359) Transfers (950,731) 1,627,996 950,731 (1,627,996) - - - Change in net position 129,094 (3,865,814) (444,239) (2,797,545) (315,145) (6,663,359) Net position- Beginning * 123,960,775 127,485,380 34,098,197 36,895,742 158,058,972 164,381,122					-							
Transfers (950,731) 1,627,996 950,731 (1,627,996) - - - Change in net position 129,094 (3,865,814) (444,239) (2,797,545) (315,145) (6,663,359) Net position- Beginning * 123,960,775 127,485,380 34,098,197 36,895,742 158,058,972 164,381,122	•	_				_						
Change in net position 129,094 (3,865,814) (444,239) (2,797,545) (315,145) (6,663,359) Net position- Beginning * 123,960,775 127,485,380 34,098,197 36,895,742 158,058,972 164,381,122	Change in net position before transfers		1,0/9,825		(5,493,810)		(1,394,970)		(1,169,549)		(315,145)	(6,663,359)
Net position- Beginning * 123,960,775 127,485,380 34,098,197 36,895,742 158,058,972 164,381,122	Transfers		(950,731)		1,627,996		950,731		(1,627,996)			<u> </u>
	Change in net position		129,094		(3,865,814)		(444,239)		(2,797,545)		(315,145)	(6,663,359)
Net position- Ending \$ 124,089,869 \$ 123,619,566 \$ 33,653,958 \$ 34,098,197 \$ 157,743,827 \$ 157,717,763	Net position- Beginning *		123,960,775		127,485,380		34,098,197		36,895,742		158,058,972	164,381,122
The state of the s	Net position- Ending	\$	124,089,869	\$	123,619,566	\$	33,653,958	\$	34,098,197	\$	157,743,827 \$	157,717,763

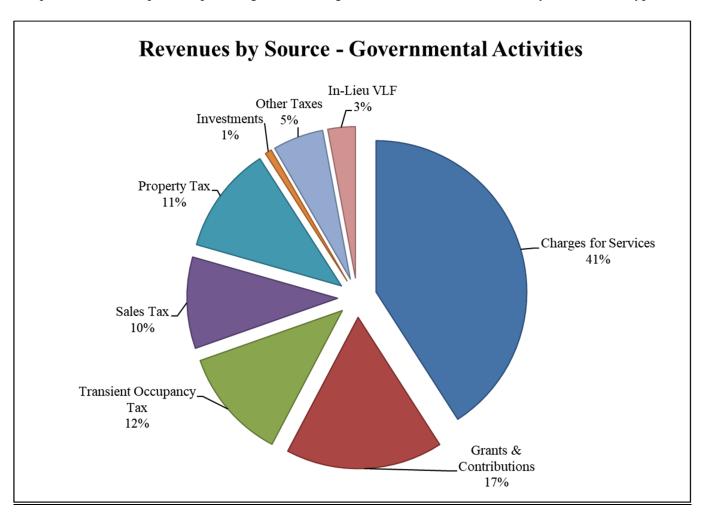
^{*}Beginning Governmental Activity net position was restated as of July 1, 2020

The largest components of the City's revenue were as follows:

- <u>Transient Occupancy Tax (TOT)</u> receipts of \$12.9 million accounted for 11.9% of all governmental activities' revenues, not including another \$2.5 million of TOT collected in program revenues (Neighborhood and Community Improvement Program). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, general revenue TOT decreased by \$3.3 million or 20.3%.
- <u>Charges for Services</u>, as an overall category, consists of individual departmental and program fees collected from users of the City's programs and services (e.g. Fire, Recreation, Planning and Building, Conference Center) and cost reimbursement contracts for Fire services with neighboring cities and maintenance services provided at the Presidio of Monterey and Naval Postgraduate School. These revenues reflect an increase of \$0.9 million or 1.7% during the fiscal year;
- Operating Grants and Contributions consists of the portion of transient occupancy tax (16%) dedicated by City Charter to the Neighborhood and Community Improvement Program and 1% district sales tax for street infrastructure rehabilitation approved by voters in 2014. These revenues increased \$1.8 million, or 11.2% in FY21.
- <u>Capital Grants and Contributions</u> of \$89 thousand in Governmental activities reflect the reimbursement for capital projects funded by state and federal grants, district tax and private partnerships.
- Property Tax increased by \$3.0 million (32%) to \$12.5 million.

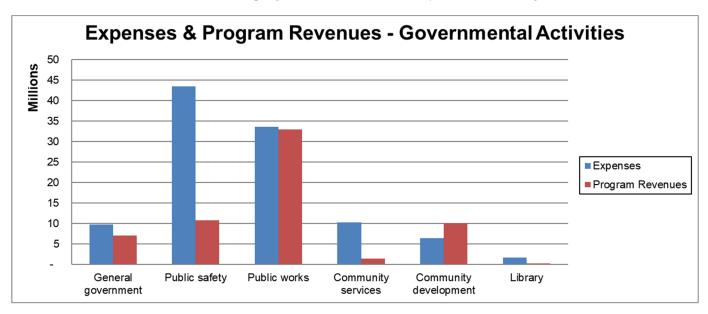
- <u>Sales Tax</u> receipts increased to \$10.6 million, realizing a 41.4% increase. This is largely attributable to a newly enacted additional one-half cent sales tax.
- Other Taxes which includes utilities users tax, franchise taxes and business license had a modest increase of \$0.2 million, or 3.8%.
- <u>Investment Income</u> decreased by \$1.7 million in FY20 due to reduced interest rates and a reduction of cash and investments available for investing during the year.

The pie chart below depicts the percentage of the total governmental revenues allocated by each revenue type.



The chart below provides a comparison by governmental activity of expenses and revenues that are related to each activity. This illustrates the degree to which the City subsidizes its primary services to the Citizens.

The difference between the costs and the program revenues is funded by taxes and other general revenues.



Fund level Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, the City of Monterey uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental funds</u>. The focus of the City of Monterey's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Monterey's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Monterey. At the end of the fiscal year, all fund balances in the General Fund were either non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned. Unassigned fund balance was \$6.4 million, while total fund balance was \$30.7 million. Current revenues fell short of current expenditures by \$0.2 million, with net transfers from other funds, primarily for capital projects, debt service, and one-time emergency funding decreasing the fund by \$0.7 million. Overall, General Fund activities generated a net decrease of \$0.9 million in fund balance during FY21. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, total fund balance represented 45.4% of General Fund expenditures, an increase of 12.8% from FY20; however, this includes the non-spendable fund balance, one-time emergency funds, and greatly reduced General Fund expenditures.

The <u>Capital Improvement Fund</u> has a total fund balance of negative \$3.1 million, all of which is unassigned. During the fiscal year, expenditures exceeded revenues by \$13.9 million, but with net transfers from other funds adding \$13.9 million to the fund.

The <u>Presidio of Monterey Fund</u> has a negative fund balance of \$(0.5) million, all of which is unassigned. The fund is responsible for carrying out the maintenance contract with the US Army, Presidio of Monterey.

<u>Proprietary funds</u>. The City of Monterey's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the entity-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Total net position of the major Enterprise funds at the end of the year were as follows: the Marina fund, \$6.8 million, the Parking fund, \$11.8 million, and the Sewer fund, \$15.1 million.

Current year activities for the Marina, Parking, and Sewer funds reflect an increase of \$1.7 million, a decrease of \$2.3 million, and an increase of \$1.3 million, respectively.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Actual General Fund revenues were \$0.9 million higher than the final amended budget. All revenue sources exceeded estimates with the exception of sales tax (\$0.5 million under budget), transient occupancy taxes (\$1.8 million under budget), utility users tax (\$128 thousand under budget), other taxes (\$60 thousand under budget), and intergovernmental revenues (\$6 thousand under budget). As mentioned previously, the shortfall in most of these revenues can be attributed to COVID-19 pandemic, most notably transient occupancy taxes and sales tax.

Actual General Fund expenditures were \$6.5 million lower than the final amended budget. The expenditure categories with the largest favorable variances city manager (\$2.7 million under budget), community development (\$2.2 million under budget), community services (\$1.0 million under budget), and police (\$1.3 million under budget). Overall, general fund expenditures were 9.3% under final budget and 14.3% under prior year expenditures.

It is important to note that while operating revenues and expenditures are treated separately for budget purposes from non-operating or "one-time" revenues and expenditures (in order to match ongoing revenues with ongoing expenditures), generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) do not allow for this distinction. In addition, under GAAP, certain transactions are accounted for differently in this report than in the budget (e.g. depreciation of fixed assets, payment of debt principal, market value of investments, etc.). Therefore, the reader should be aware that there may be some differences between how this report and City budget documents categorize and characterize certain revenue and expense items.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

<u>Capital assets</u>. The City of Monterey's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2021, amounts to \$282 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and systems, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads and infrastructure. A summary of the City's capital assets at fiscal year end follows:

City of Monterey's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities			Total				
	_	FY 2021	FY 2020	_	FY 2021		FY 2020		FY 2021		FY 2020
Land	\$	30,193,285	\$ 30,193,285	\$	9,205,157	\$	9,205,157	\$	39,398,442	\$	39,398,442
Buildings		77,621,631	78,800,327		3,602,863		5,663,784		81,224,494		84,464,111
Improvements other than buildings		15,010,973	14,658,290		2,899,693		2,895,040		17,910,666		17,553,330
Machinery and Equipment		7,178,228	6,479,584		-		124,151		7,178,228		6,603,735
Infrastructure		43,234,930	43,345,151		17,148,017		2,537,709		60,382,947		45,882,860
Construction in Progress	_	63,162,207	55,405,351		12,802,053		24,355,724	_	75,964,260		79,761,075
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS	\$	236,401,254	\$ 228,881,988	\$	45,657,783	\$	44,781,565	\$	282,059,037	\$	273,663,553

Additional information on the City of Monterey's capital assets can be found in note 5 of this report.

<u>Long-term debt</u>. \$75.0 million in long-term debt was outstanding at the end of the current fiscal year. This includes \$41.2 million in special tax revenue bonds issued by the Conference Center Facilities District, \$4.5 million in a facility lease agreement between the Joint Powers Financing Authority and Capital One Public Funding, and \$14.3 million in loans issued by the State of California and loans for Fire apparatus. Below is a summary of the City's outstanding liabilities:

City of Monterey's Outstanding Debt

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities				Total				
		FY 2021		FY 2020		FY 2021		FY 2020		FY 2021		FY 2020
Lease Revenue Bonds/Loans	\$	4,795,000	\$	5,140,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,795,000	\$	5,140,000
Loans Payable	_	1,143,739		1,365,758	_	13,150,799		14,300,749	_	14,294,538		15,666,507
TOTAL DEBT OF THE CITY		5,938,739		6,505,758	_	13,150,799		14,300,749		19,089,538		20,806,507
Special Tax Bonds*		41,168,458		42,068,088		-		-		41,168,458		42,068,088
Claims Payable		10,704,014		9,993,775						10,704,014		9,993,775
Compensated Absences		3,777,591		3,749,737	_	252,316		213,284		4,029,907		3,963,021
TOTAL OUTSTANDING DEBT	\$	61,588,802	\$	62,317,358	\$	13,403,115	\$	14,514,033	\$	74,991,917	\$	76,831,391

^{*}Special assessment debt - not a debt of the Government, however, proceeds are being used to renovate the Monterey Conference Center, an asset of the City of Monterey

Additional information on the City of Monterey's long-term debt can be found in note 6 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The City's estimates for the FY 2022 budget, show a general fund operating results trending towards a budget surplus of, with plans to begin replenishing the array of reserves that were tapped to sustain operations during the height of the pandemic. This budget surplus is less of a trend for revenues outpacing expenditures in the long run, but rather a quicker return of revenues than previously expected. Because both revenue and expenditure budgets were greatly reduced during the pandemic, it is anticipated that expenditures will quickly increase as well. As the City works towards emerging from the pandemic, recalibrating budget forecasts after two severely alter years of budget will be challenging, but critical.

All significant revenue estimates and the FY22 ending balance are currently being reviewed at mid-year to consider whether any adjustments should be made. The City is also currently reviewing all budget assumptions, including any projected changes to expenditures, in order to update the estimated operating budget for FY23 and beyond.

Despite these challenges, it remains the City's firm policy to adopt a balanced budget where ongoing inflows equal or exceed ongoing outflows and all infrastructure renewal and other unfunded liability obligations are met.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Monterey's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to: City of Monterey, Finance Department, 735 Pacific Street, Suite A, Monterey, California 93940.

This page intentionally left blank.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This page intentionally left blank.



GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This page intentionally left blank.

City of Monterey Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS:			
Current assets: Cash and investments Taxes receivable Accounts receivable Interest receivable Prepaid items Internal balances	\$ 55,390,234 8,437,578 8,008,441 214,444 15,200 4,191,278	\$ 17,163,144 1,223,116 53,523 1,651 (4,191,278)	\$ 72,553,378 8,437,578 9,231,557 267,967 16,851
Total current assets	76,257,175	14,250,156	90,507,331
Noncurrent assets: Restricted cash and investments Rehabilitation loans receivable Downpayment assistance loans receivable Project subsidy loans receivable Property held for resale Capital assets:	8,607,114 1,292,338 1,479,217 6,367,502 533,559		8,607,114 1,292,338 1,479,217 6,367,502 533,559
Non-depreciable assets	93,355,492	22,007,210	115,362,702
Depreciable assets (net of depreciation)	143,045,762	23,650,573	166,696,335
Total noncurrent assets	254,680,984	45,657,783	300,338,767
Total assets	330,938,159	59,907,939	390,846,098
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Pension related deferred outflow of resources Other postemployment benefits related deferred outflow of resources	26,222,249 1,548,121	1,739,806 175,653	27,962,055 1,723,774
Total deferred outflow of resources LIABILITIES:	27,770,370	1,915,459	29,685,829
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accrued interest Unearned revenue Deposits payable Long-term liabilities, due within one year	8,914,173 1,073,936 1,183,462 363,808 5,601,140	953,337 113,941 - 633,546	9,867,510 1,187,877 1,183,462 363,808 6,234,686
Total noncurrent assets Noncurrent liabilities: Long-term liabilities, due in more than one year Net other postemployment benefits liability (Note 8) Aggregate net pension liability (Note 7)	17,136,519 55,987,662 7,620,587 152,393,941	1,700,824 12,747,478 864,645 12,814,884	18,837,343 68,735,140 8,485,232 165,208,825
Total noncurrent liabilities	216,002,190	26,427,007	242,429,197
Total liabilities	233,138,709	28,127,831	261,266,540
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Pensions related deferred inflow of resources Other postemployment benefits related deferred inflow of resources Total deferred inflow of resources	1,113,229 366,722 1,479,951	41,609	1,113,229 408,331 1,521,560
NET POSITION:			
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for: Capital projects	189,768,934 113,102	32,506,984	222,275,918 113,102
Debt service Endowments - nonspendable Endowments - spendable	5,730,663 2,476,127	1,106,768	6,837,431 2,476,127
Tidelands Community development Army and Navy public works Public works	4,458,808 11,480,204 758,780	- - -	4,458,808 11,480,204 758,780
Others	14,900,366 1,395,243	-	14,900,366 1,395,243
Total restricted net position	41,313,293	1,106,768	42,420,061
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(106,992,358)	40,206	(106,952,152)
Total net position	\$ 124,089,869	\$ 33,653,958	\$ 157,743,827
See accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.	,,,,,,,,,		,,

City of Monterey Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Program	Revenues	
			Operating	Capital	
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Total
Governmental activities:					
General government	\$ 9,754,245	\$ 6,748,693	\$ 348,799	\$ -	\$ 7,097,492
Public safety	43,519,165	8,343,809	2,495,010	-	10,838,819
Public works	33,672,208	19,300,910	13,560,686	89,417	32,951,013
Community development	6,443,985	8,679,736	1,402,858	-	10,082,594
Parks and recreation	10,329,431	1,279,697	148,730	-	1,428,427
Library and museum	1,734,350	5,941	234,659	-	240,600
Interest and fiscal charges	1,971,433			_	
Total governmental activities	107,424,817	44,358,786	18,190,742	89,417	62,638,945
Business-type Activities:					
Marina	2,812,087	3,082,448	-	-	3,082,448
Parking	8,432,750	6,152,643	-	-	6,152,643
Sewer	2,688,490	3,909,581	-	-	3,909,581
Cemetery	833,476	246,527	-	-	246,527
Materials Recovery	102,823				
Total business-type activities	14,869,626	13,391,199			13,391,199
Total	\$ 122,294,443	\$ 57,749,985	\$ 18,190,742	\$ 89,417	\$ 76,030,144

City of Monterey Statement of Activities (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
Functions/Programs	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	pe Total
Governmental activities:			
General government	\$ (2,656,753)	\$ -	\$ (2,656,753)
Public safety	(32,680,346)	-	(32,680,346)
Public works	(721,195)	-	(721,195)
Community development	3,638,609	-	3,638,609
Parks and recreation	(8,901,004)	-	(8,901,004)
Library and museum	(1,493,750)	-	(1,493,750)
Interest and fiscal charges	(1,971,433)		(1,971,433)
Total governmental activities	(44,785,872)		(44,785,872)
Business-type Activities:			
Marina	-	270,361	270,361
Parking	-	(2,280,107)	(2,280,107)
Sewer		1,221,091	1,221,091
Cemetery	-	(586,949)	(586,949)
Materials Recovery		(102,823)	(102,823)
Total business-type activities		(1,478,427)	(1,478,427)
Total	(44,785,872)	(1,478,427)	(46,264,299)
General revenues:			
Taxes:			
Property taxes	12,475,245	-	12,475,245
Sales tax	10,594,210	-	10,594,210
Property tax in-lieu of vehicle license fee	3,199,106	-	3,199,106
Transient occupancy tax	12,909,693	-	12,909,693
Utility user taxes	3,654,753	-	3,654,753
Other taxes	2,242,383		2,242,383
Total taxes	45,075,390		45,075,390
Investment income	781,653	83,457	865,110
Other revenues	8,654	-	8,654
Transfers	(950,731)	950,731	
Total general revenues and transfers	44,914,966	1,034,188	45,949,154
Changes in net position	129,094	(444,239)	(315,145)
Net position:			
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 16)	123,960,775	34,098,197	158,058,972
End of year	\$ 124,089,869	\$ 33,653,958	\$ 157,743,827

This page intentionally left blank.



FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Fund Financial Statements only present individual major funds, while nonmajor funds are combined in a single column. Major funds are generally defined as having significant activities or balances in the current year.

GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The funds described below were determined to be Major Funds. Individual nonmajor funds may be found in the Supplementary Information Section.

GENERAL FUND

The **General Fund** is the primary operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The major revenue sources of this fund include property tax, sales tax, transient occupancy tax, business license tax, utility users tax and charges for services. These revenues support the general operations of the City, which include police, fire, street maintenance, parks, recreation, planning and general government. In addition, the General Fund finances many capital improvements each year.

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

The Capital Improvement Capital Projects fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary fund types). The City maintains one Capital Projects Fund, which is shown on the Combined Balance Sheet and the Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances.

PRESIDIO OF MONTEREY PUBLIC WORKS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

Presidio of Monterey Public Works Special Revenue Fund was created in 1999 to account for costs and revenues pertaining to the Presidio of Monterey maintenance contract.

City of Monterey Balance Sheet **Governmental Funds** June 30, 2021

	Ju	ille 30, 2021	L					
					Spe	ecial Revenue Fund		
				Capital				
				provement		Presidio of		Nonmajor
			Cap	oital Project		Monterey	G	overnmental
	G	eneral Fund		Fund	Pı	ublic Works		Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	16,450,638	\$	124,138	\$	-	\$	20,673,347
Restricted cash and investments:								
Held by fiscal agent		-		-		-		3,130,987
Held by city		-		-		-		5,476,127
Receivables:								
Taxes receivable		5,467,854		-		-		2,969,724
Accounts receivable		1,421,259		32,567		3,197,508		2,839,328
Interest receivable		156,064		-		-		58,380
Prepaid items		15,200		-		-		-
Due from other funds		7,450,973		-		-		-
Advances to other funds		4,251,278		-		-		2,097,642
Loans receivable:								
Rehabilitation		-		-		-		1,292,338
Downpayment assistance		-		-		-		1,479,217
Project subsidy		-		-		-		6,367,502
Property held for resale		_		_				533,559
Total assets	\$	35,213,266	\$	156,705	\$	3,197,508	\$	46,918,151
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	2,895,876	\$	_	\$	1,196,238	\$	3,714,576
Due to other funds	Ψ	2,075,070	Ψ	3,224,827	Ψ	2,473,048	Ψ	560,002
Unearned revenues		1,012,786		5,221,027		2,173,010		170,676
Deposits payable		16		_		_		-
Advances from other funds		640,277		_		_		60,000
Total Liabilities		4,548,955		3,224,827		3,669,286		4,505,254
Defended Inflammed December								
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenues								2,462,026
				<u>-</u>				
Total deferred inflows of resources								2,462,026
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		4,266,478		-		-		2,476,127
Restricted		-		-		-		35,416,666
Committed		16,682,053		-		-		2,137,756
Assigned		3,328,255		-		-		-
Unassigned (deficit)		6,387,525		(3,068,122)		(471,778)		(79,678)
Total fund balances		30,664,311		(3,068,122)		(471,778)		39,950,871
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	35,213,266	\$	156,705	\$	3,197,508	\$	46,918,151
								•

City of Monterey Balance Sheet (Continued) Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

ASSETS	Total Governmental Funds
Cash and investments	\$ 37,248,123
Restricted cash and investments:	Ψ 37,240,123
Held by fiscal agent	3,130,987
Held by city	5,476,127
Receivables:	
Taxes receivable	8,437,578
Accounts receivable	7,490,662
Interest receivable	214,444
Prepaid items	15,200
Due from other funds	7,450,973
Advances to other funds	6,348,920
Loans receivable: Rehabilitation	1 202 229
Downpayment assistance	1,292,338 1,479,217
Project subsidy	6,367,502
Property held for resale	533,559
Total assets	\$ 85,485,630
1 otal assets	\$ 65,465,050
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 7,806,690
Due to other funds	6,257,877
Unearned revenues	1,183,462
Deposits payable	16
Advances from other funds	700,277
Total Liabilities	15,948,322
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	
Unavailable revenues	2,462,026
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,462,026
Fund Balances:	
Nonspendable	6,742,605
Restricted	35,416,666
Committed	18,819,809
Assigned	3,328,255
Unassigned (deficit)	2,767,947
Total fund balances	67,075,282
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 85,485,630

City of Monterey Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

Total fund balances reported on the governmental funds balance sheet		\$ 67,075,282
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are different from those reported in the Governmental Funds above because of the following:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current assets or provides financial resources and therefore are not reported in the Governmental Funds, net of \$4,620,866 reported in Internal Service Funds.		231,759,162
Internal service funds are not governmental funds. However, they are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and central services and maintenance to individual governmental funds. Currently due assets and liabilities of these funds are therefore included in		4.55.00
Governmental Activities in the following line items in the Statement of Net Position.		(1,565,956)
Revenues earned but not available to pay for current expenditures for governmental funds are reported as unavailable revenue in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.		2,462,026
Compensated absences were not due and payable in the current period; therefore, they were not reported in the governmental fund balance sheets, net of \$219,050 reported in Internal Service Funds.		(3,558,541)
Aggregate net other postemployment benefits liability and the related deferred outflows and inflows of resources were not due and payable in the current period; therefore, they were not reported in the governmental fund balance sheets:		
Deferred outflows of resources, net of \$73,088 reported in Internal Service Funds Aggregate net other postemployment benefits liability, net of \$359,774 reported in Internal Service Funds Deferred inflows of resources, net of \$17,312 reported in Internal Service Funds	\$ 1,475,033 (7,260,813) (349,410)	(6,135,190)
Aggregate net pension liabilities and the related deferred outflows and inflows of resources were not due and payable in the current period; therefore, they were not reported in the governmental fund balance sheets:		
Deferred outflows of resources, net of \$1,370,017 reported in Internal Service Funds Aggregate net pension liability, net of \$10,091,129 reported in Internal Service Funds Deferred inflows of resources	24,852,232 (142,302,812) (1,113,229)	(118,563,809)
Long-term debts and related payables were not due and payable in the current period; therefore, they were not reported in the governmental fund balance sheets:		
Bonds and loans payable, net of \$794,446 reported in Internal Service Funds Interest payable, net of \$3,562 reported in Internal Service Funds	(46,312,731) (1,070,374)	 (47,383,105)
Net position of governmental activities:		\$ 124,089,869

City of Monterey Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances **Governmental Funds**

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	the Teal Ended Jul	,	Special Revenue Fund	
DENEMIES	General	Capital Improvement Capital Projects Fund	Presidio of Monterey Public Works	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES:				
Property tax	\$ 10,089,327	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 28,213
Sales tax	10,912,166	-	-	8,643,025
In-lieu sales tax	3,199,106	-	-	-
Transient occupancy tax	12,909,693	-	-	-
Utility users tax	3,654,753	-	-	-
Other taxes	2,242,383	-	-	4,845,457
Intergovernmental	2,445,134	139,856	16,365,057	3,920,510
Use of money and property	785,943	(66,366)	7,619	1,011,861
Rental income	340,794	-	-	3,235,472
Licenses and permits	5,217,081	-	-	18,935
Charges for current services	12,942,583	-	552,734	2,241,996
Fines	260,823	-	-	-
Other	2,424,675	100		281,765
Total revenues	67,424,461	73,590	16,925,410	24,227,234
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General government:	9,238,991	-	-	469,225
Police	16,995,641	-	-	668,286
Fire	22,837,954	-	-	204,792
Public works	5,973,861	-	17,717,400	5,615,573
Community development	3,497,668	-	-	2,920,871
Parks and recreation	7,436,384	-	-	233,726
Library and museum	1,435,236	-	-	206,685
Capital outlay	-	13,902,633	-	101,753
Debt service:				
Principal	145,861	-	-	1,244,630
Interest and fiscal charges	45,152		<u> </u>	1,870,994
Total expenditures	67,606,748	13,902,633	17,717,400	13,536,535
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES	(182,287)	(13,829,043)	(791,990)	10,690,699
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	1,884,848	13,885,656	-	888,253
Transfers out	(2,616,743)			(14,144,134)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(731,895)	13,885,656		(13,255,881)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(914,182)	56,613	(791,990)	(2,565,182)
FUND BALANCES:				
Beginning of year	31,578,493	(3,124,735)	320,212	42,516,053
End of year	\$ 30,664,311	\$ (3,068,122)	\$ (471,778)	\$ 39,950,871

City of Monterey Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) **Governmental Funds**

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Total
	Governmental
	Funds
REVENUES:	
Property tax	\$ 10,117,540
Sales tax	19,555,191
In-lieu sales tax	3,199,106
Transient occupancy tax	12,909,693
Utility users tax	3,654,753
Other taxes	7,087,840
Intergovernmental	22,870,557
Use of money and property	1,739,057
Rental income	3,576,266
Licenses and permits	5,236,016
Charges for current services	15,737,313
Fines	260,823
Other	2,706,540
Total revenues	108,650,695
EXPENDITURES:	
Current:	
General government:	9,708,216
Police	17,663,927
Fire	23,042,746
Public works	29,306,834
Community development	6,418,539
Parks and recreation	7,670,110
Library and museum	1,641,921
Capital outlay	14,004,386
Debt service:	
Principal	1,390,491
Interest and fiscal charges	1,916,146
Total expenditures	112,763,316
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES	
OVER EXPENDITURES	(4,112,621)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	
Transfers in	16,658,757
Transfers out	(16,760,877)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(102,120)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(4,214,741)
FUND BALANCES:	
Beginning of year	71,290,023
End of year	\$ 67,075,282
	÷ 57,070,202

City of Monterey Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:		\$ (4,214,741)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because of the following:		
Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the portion of the cost attributed to capital assets is capitalized and allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The remaining amounts are expensed and allocated to the programs they support.		
The capital outlay expenditures, net of \$1,331,619 reported in Internal Service Funds. Depreciation expense, net of \$1,000,060 reported in Internal Service Funds.	\$ 12,690,264 (5,459,400)	7,230,864
Revenues in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources and are not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.		(106,382)
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but in the Statement of Net Position the repayment reduces long-term liabilities.		
Repayment of debt principal, net of \$76,158 reported in Internal Service Fund Interest expense	1,390,491 16,248	1,406,739
The amounts below included in the Statement of Activities do not provide or (require) the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenue or expenditures in governmental funds:		
OPEB expense, net of contribution made after measurement date and net of OPEB expense reported in Internal Service Funds Compensated absences, net of \$(20,131) reported under Internal Service Funds Pension expense, net of contribution made after measurement date and net of pension expense reported in Internal Service Funds	274,077 14,368 701,573	990,018
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment acquisition, maintenance, and insurance to individual funds. The portion of the net revenue (expense) of these Internal Service Funds arising out of their transactions with governmental funds is reported with governmental activities, because they service those activities.		(4,328,793)
Transfer of the Cemetery and Material Recovery Enterprise Fund capital assets and long-term liabilities to the governmental activities to close the fund.		(848,611)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 129,094

PROPRIETARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



MAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds account for City operations financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise.

The intent of the City is that the cost of providing goods and services be financed primarily through user charges.

The concept of major funds extends to Proprietary Funds. The City has identified the funds below as major proprietary funds. Individual nonmajor funds may be found in the Supplementary Information section.

MARINA FUND

This fund was created in 1960 to account for all Marina related revenues and expenditures. All revenues collected in the Marina area are used for operation, maintenance and improvements to the Marina.

PARKING FUND

This fund was established to pay for construction, operation, and maintenance of parking facilities and improvements. The revenue sources include parking fees, permits and fines.

SEWER FUND

This fund was established to pay for construction, operation, and maintenance of sewer line and improvements. All revenues collected are from residential and commercial sewer fees.

City of Monterey Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2021

		Business-ty	pe Activities - En	terprise Funds		Governmental
	Marina	Parking	Sewer	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total	Activities Internal Service Funds
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and investments	\$ 6,400,255	\$ 4,014,951	\$ 6,747,938	\$ -	\$ 17,163,144	\$ 18,142,111
Accounts receivable	65,882	324,253	832,981	-	1,223,116	517,779
Interest receivable	20,687	10,055	22,781	-	53,523	-
Prepaid Items	1,651				1,651	
Total current assets	6,488,475	4,349,259	7,603,700		18,441,434	18,659,890
Noncurrent assets:						
Advances to other funds	-	-	-	-	-	142,635
Capital assets:						
Nondepreciable	2,353,109	15,400,202	4,253,899	-	22,007,210	-
Depreciable	10,661,628	25,464,827	19,543,035	-	55,669,490	15,404,246
Accumulated depreciation	(9,034,823)	(20,809,929)	(2,174,165)		(32,018,917)	(10,762,154)
Total capital assets, net	3,979,914	20,055,100	21,622,769		45,657,783	4,642,092
Total noncurrent assets	3,979,914	20,055,100	21,622,769		45,657,783	4,784,727
Total assets	10,468,389	24,404,359	29,226,469		64,099,217	23,444,617
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pensions related deferred outflows of resources Other postemployment benefits related deferred	322,281	1,190,259	227,266	-	1,739,806	1,370,017
outflows of resources	28,098	124,629	22,926		175,653	73,088
Total deferred outflows of resources	350,379	1,314,888	250,192		1,915,459	1,443,105
						(Continued)

City of Monterey Statement of Net Position (Continued)

Proprietary Funds June 30, 2021

		Governmental				
		·		Nonmajor		Activities
				Enterprise		Internal Service
	Marina	Parking	Sewer	Funds	Total	Funds
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	572,693	101,239	104,590	-	778,522	991,784
Accrued liabilities	35,905	113,844	25,066	-	174,815	115,699
Interest payable	-	-	113,941	-	113,941	3,562
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-	-	1,193,096
Deposits payable	-	-	-	-	-	363,792
Compensated absences, due within one year	487	2,233	1,832	-	4,552	10,865
Claims payables, due within one year	-	=	-	=	-	2,858,778
Bonds and loans payable, due within one year			628,994		628,994	32,112
Total current liabilities	609,085	217,316	874,423		1,700,824	5,569,688
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Advances from other funds	-	4,191,278	-	-	4,191,278	1,600,000
Compensated absences, due in more than						
one year	40,681	135,700	49,292	-	225,673	208,185
Claims payable, due in more than one year Bonds and loans payable,	-	-	-	-	-	7,845,236
due in more than one year	894,347	_	11,627,458	_	12,521,805	762,354
Net pension liability	2,373,827	8,767,083	1,673,974	_	12,814,884	10,091,129
Net other postemployment benefits liability	138,309	613,482	112,854	-	864,645	359,774
Total noncurrent liabilities	3,447,164	13,707,543	13,463,578	_	30,618,285	20,866,678
Total liabilities	4,056,249	13,924,859	14,338,001	_	32,319,109	26,436,366
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Other postemployment benefits related deferred						
outflows of resources	6,656	29,522	5,431	-	41,609	17,312
Total deferred inflows of resources	6,656	29,522	5,431	-	41,609	17,312
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	3,085,567	20,055,100	9,366,317		32,506,984	3,847,626
Restricted	3,003,307	20,033,100	1,106,768	-	1,106,768	3,047,020
Unrestricted	3,670,296	(8,290,234)	4,660,144	-	40,206	(5,413,582)
Total net position	\$ 6,755,863	\$ 11,764,866	\$ 15,133,229	\$ -	\$ 33,653,958	\$ (1,565,956)
•	. , ,			-		(Concluded)
						(Concluded)

City of Monterey

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					Governmental	
		Activities -					
		D 1:	G	Enterprise	T . 1	Internal Service	
	Marina	Parking	Sewer	Funds	Total	Funds	
OPERATING REVENUES:							
Charges for services	\$ 2,799,221	\$ 5,748,164	\$ 3,909,581	\$ 246,527	\$ 12,703,493	\$ 18,341,637	
Lease revenue	248,870	399,665	-	-	648,535	1,877,782	
Other revenue	34,357	4,814	-	-	39,171	1,141,733	
Total operating revenues	3,082,448	6,152,643	3,909,581	246,527	13,391,199	21,361,152	
OPERATING EXPENSES:							
Salaries and benefits	1,663,671	5,659,694	1,197,887	527,639	9,048,891	6,240,212	
Services and supplies	837,220	2,193,310	971,343	288,063	4,289,936	5,120,755	
Claims and insurance	-	-	-	-	-	13,310,889	
Depreciation	246,925	344,758	248,937	120,597	961,217	1,000,060	
Total operating expenses	2,747,816	8,197,762	2,418,167	936,299	14,300,044	25,671,916	
Operating income (loss)	334,632	(2,045,119)	1,491,414	(689,772)	(908,845)	(4,310,764)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):							
Investment income	51,004	(17,982)	54,348	(3,913)	83,457	(39,671)	
Interest and fiscal charges	(64,271)	(234,988)	(270,323)	-	(569,582)	(71,535)	
Gains on sale of assets	-	-	-	-	-	93,177	
Intergovernmental revenue	-	-	-	361,383	361,383	-	
Capital contribution	1,650,939			(1,163,711)	487,228		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	1,637,672	(252,970)	(215,975)	(806,241)	362,486	(18,029)	
Income before transfers	1,972,304	(2,298,089)	1,275,439	(1,496,013)	(546,359)	(4,328,793)	
TRANSFERS:							
Transfers in	-	260,509	-	456,070	716,579	-	
Transfers out	(281,049)	(278,098)	-	(55,312)	(614,459)	-	
Net transfers	(281,049)	(17,589)	-	400,758	102,120		
Change in net position	1,691,255	(2,315,678)	1,275,439	(1,095,255)	(444,239)	(4,328,793)	
NET POSITION:							
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 16)	5,064,608	14,080,544	13,857,790	1,095,255	34,098,197	2,762,837	
End of year	\$ 6,755,863	\$11,764,866	\$ 15,133,229	\$ -	\$ 33,653,958	\$ (1,565,956)	

City of Monterey Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds				Governmental	
				Nonmajor Enterprise		Activities - Internal Service
	Marina	Parking	Sewer	Funds	Total	Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Receipts from customers	\$3,030,264	\$ 5,938,062	\$3,104,067	\$ 252,415	\$ 12,324,808	\$ -
Receipts from user departments	-	-	-	-	-	20,623,810
Receipts from insurance recoveries or settlements	-	-	-	-	-	384,150
Payments to suppliers	(372,562)	(3,636,345)	(872,597)	(309,802)	(5,191,306)	(4,611,442)
Payments to employees	(925,846)	(3,558,737)	(672,409)	(268,694)	(5,425,686)	(3,586,424)
Claims and insurance paid						(12,600,650)
Cash flows provided by (used in) operating						
activities	1,731,856	(1,257,020)	1,559,061	(326,081)	1,707,816	209,444
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Interfund receipts	_	_	_	_	_	330,396
Interfund payments	_	(1,030,670)	_	(359,383)	(1,390,053)	(206,024)
Transfers in	-	260,509	-	456,070	716,579	-
Transfers out	(281,049)	(278,098)	-	(55,312)	(614,459)	-
Cash flows provided by (used in)						
noncapital financing activities	(281,049)	(1,048,259)		41,375	(1,287,933)	124,372
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Acquisition of capital assets	(452,920)	(1,221,100)	(120,258)	-	(1,794,278)	(1,331,618)
Proceed from sale of assets	-	-	-	-	-	93,177
Debt principal repayment	(533,894)	-	(616,056)	-	(1,149,950)	(76,158)
Interest paid	(116,793)	(234,988)	(270,323)		(622,104)	(14,930)
Cash flows (used in) capital						
and related financing activities	(1,103,607)	(1,456,088)	(1,006,637)		(3,566,332)	(1,329,529)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Investment earning	58,997	(834)	59,918	(2,659)	115,422	(39,671)
Cash flows provided by investing activities	58,997	(834)	59,918	(2,659)	115,422	(39,671)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash						
equivalent	406,197	(3,762,201)	612,342	(287,365)	(3,031,027)	(1,035,384)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT:						
Beginning of year	5,994,058	7,777,152	6,135,596	287,365	20,194,171	19,177,495
End of year	\$ 6,400,255	\$ 4,014,951	\$6,747,938	\$ -	\$ 17,163,144	\$ 18,142,111

(Continued)

City of Monterey Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					Governmental	
			_	Nonmajor Enterprise	Activities - Internal Service		
	Marina	Parking	Sewer	Funds	Total	Funds	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:							
Operating activities:							
Operating income (loss)	\$ 334,632	\$ (2,045,119)	\$1,491,414	\$ (689,772)	\$ (908,845)	\$ (4,310,764)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income							
(loss) to net cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities:							
Depreciation	246,925	344,758	248,937	120,597	961,217	1,000,060	
Change in assets and liabilities:							
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivables (Increase) decrease in pensions related	(52,184)	(214,581)	(805,514)	5,888	(1,066,391)	(353,192)	
deferred outflows of resources	(117,518)	(344,392)	(83,444)	79,224	(466,130)	(420,549)	
(Increase) decrease in other postemployment benefits related							
deferred outflows of resources	(1,147)	5,925	875	3,850	9,503	(5,711)	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	464,658	(1,423,651)	98,746	(21,739)	(881,986)	509,313	
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses	6,731	16,390	5,017	-	28,138	40,588	
Decrease in deposits payable	-	(19,384)	-	-	(19,384)	-	
Increase (decrease) in compensated							
absences	2,854	20,729	10,742	(17,384)	16,941	20,131	
Increase (decrease) in claims payable Increase (decrease) in net other	-	-	-	-	-	710,239	
postemployment benefits liabilities	(1,102)	(61,848)	(10,262)	785,539	712,327	11,246	
Increase (decrease) in net pension liabilities	873,293	2,568,447	620,027	(580,564)	3,481,203	3,133,294	
Increase (decrease) in pensions related	0,0,2,0	2,000,	020,027	(200,201)	2,.01,202	3,100,23	
deferred inflows of resources	(29,326)	(121,145)	(20,598)	(11,346)	(182,415)	(135,983)	
(Increase) decrease in other	(-))	(, -,	(-))	()/	(- , - ,	())	
postemployment benefits related							
deferred inflows of resources	4,040	16,851	3,121	(374)	23,638	10,772	
Cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 1,731,856	\$ (1,257,020)	\$ 1,559,061	\$ (326,081)	\$ 1,707,816	\$ 209,444	
NONCASH ITEMS:							
Capital Contribution	\$ 1,650,939	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (1,163,711)	\$ 487,228	\$ -	
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 361,383	\$ 361,383	\$ -	



FIDUCIARY FUNDS

The City maintains two types of fiduciary funds: agency funds and private purpose trust funds. These funds are presented separately from the Entity-wide and Fund financial statements.

A private purpose trust fund is used to report all trust arrangements, other than those properly reported in pension trust funds or investment trust funds, under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations or other governments. A summary description of the City's fund is as follows:

Redevelopment Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund – This fund was established to account for assets held by the Redevelopment Successor Agency pending distribution to the appropriate taxing entities after the payment of enforceable obligations that were in effect as of the signing of Assembly Bill X1 26.

Custodial funds account for assets held by the City as agent for individuals, governmental entities, and other organizations.

City of Monterey Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2021

	Private Purpose Trust Fund		District Custodial Fund
ASSETS:	 		
Cash and investments Accounts receivable Interest receivables	\$ 70,102 - 240	\$	226,086 1,180
Total assets	70,342		227,266
LIABILITIES:			
Accounts payable	 _		31,837
Total liabilities	 		31,837
NET POSITION Held in trust for individuals, organizations, and other governments	\$ 70,342	\$	195,429

City of Monterey Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Private Purpose Trust Fund		District Custodial Fund	
ADDITIONS:				
Assessment revenue collected	\$ -	\$	201,505	
Investment income	 462		_	
Total additions	 462		201,505	
DEDUCTIONS:				
General and administrative	2,853		-	
Payment for district expenses	 		7,586	
Total deductions	 2,853		7,586	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(2,391)		193,919	
NET POSITION:				
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 15)	72,733		1,510	
End of year	\$ 70,342	\$	195,429	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

City of Monterey Index to the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Page
Note 1 – S	ummary of Significant Accounting Policies	51
А	Reporting Entity	51
В.		
	Cash and Investments	
	Cash Equivalents.	
E.	Fair Value Measurements	
F.	Prepaid Items	
G	Property Held for Resale	
Н.	Capital Assets	
I.	Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources	
J.	Compensated Absences	
K.	Property Tax	
I.	1 •	
M.	Other Postemployment Benefits ("OPEB") Plan	
	Net Pension	
	Fund Balances.	
P.	Stabilization Reserve	
0	Use of Estimates	
_	Implementation of New GASB Pronouncement	
A.	Demand Deposits	
B.	Authorized Investments by California Government Code and the	
	City's Investment Policy	
C.	Investments Authorized by Debt Agreement	
D.	Fair Value Measurements	
E.	Interest Rate Risk	
F.	Concentration of Credit Risk	
	Custodial Credit Risk	
H.	Local Agency Investment Fund	65
Note 3 – I	nterfund Transactions	65
A.	Government-Wide Financial Statements	65
В.	Fund Financial Statements	65
Note 4 – L	oans and Mortgages Receivable	68
A.	Rehabilitation Loans	68
B.	Down Payment Assistance Loans	68
C.	Project Subsidy Loans	68
Note 5 – C	apital Assets	69
Δ	Governmental Activities	69
	Business-Type Activities	
ے.	√ F	

	<u>Page</u>
Note 6 – Long-Term Liabilities	71
A. Governmental Activities	71
B. Business-Type Activities	
C. Debt Compliance	
Note 7 – Pension Plans	78
A. California Public Employees Retirement System ("CalPERS")	
B. Deferred Compensation Plan	87
Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits ("OPEB") Plan	87
A. General Information about the OPEB Plan	87
B. Net OPEB Liability	88
C. Changes in Net OPEB Liability	90
D. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflo	
of Resources Related to OPEB	
E. Retirement Health Savings Plan	92
Note 9 – Employment Benefit – Insurance Coverage	92
Note 10 – Risk Management	92
A. Coverage	92
B. Liability for Self-Insured Claims	
Note 11 – Fund Balances	94
Note 12 – Presidio Municipal Services Agency (Jointly Governed Organization)	95
Note 13 – Commitment and Contingencies	95
Note 14 – Other Required Disclosures	96
A. Expenditures Over Appropriations	96
B. Deficit Fund Balance/Net Position	
Note 15 – Restatement of Beginning Fiduciary Net Position	97
Note 16 – Prior Period Adjustment	97

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Monterey, California (the "City") was incorporated in 1850 as a charter city and operates under the Council-Manager form of government. The City provides the following services: public safety (police, fire and building inspection), highways and streets, sewer collection, leisure services, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administration services.

A. Reporting Entity

The financial statements of the City include the financial activities of the City as well as separate legal entities that are controlled by and dependent on the City. The City Council serves as the governing board of the City of Monterey Joint Powers Financing Authority (the "Authority"), a joint powers authority between the City and Successor Agency to the former Redevelopment Agency. These financial activities are controlled entirely by the City, which also performs all their administrative and accounting functions. Therefore, the financial activities of this Component Unit have been blended (i.e. aggregated and merged) with those of the City in the accompanying basic financial statements. Financial statements for the Authority may be obtained from the City of Monterey, 735 Pacific Street, Suite A, Monterey, California, 93940.

In evaluating how to define the City for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The primary criteria for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity are the governing body's financial accountability and a financial benefit or burden relationship and whether it is misleading to exclude. A primary government is financially accountable and shares a financial benefit or burden relationship, if it appoints a voting majority of an organization's governing body and it is able to impose its will on the organization, or if there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. A primary government may also be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government regardless of whether the organization has a separately elected governing board, a governing board appointed by a higher level of government, or a jointly appointed board, and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government.

Blended Component Unit

Management determined that the following component unit should be blended based on the criteria above:

Although the following is legally separate from the City, it has been "blended" as though it is part of the City because the component unit's governing body is substantially the same as the City's and there is a financial benefit or burden relationship between the City and the component unit; management of the City has operational responsibilities for the component unit; and/or the component unit provides services entirely, or almost entirely, to the City or otherwise exclusively, or almost exclusively, benefits the City, even though it does not provide services directly to it.

<u>City of Monterey Joint Powers Financing Authority</u> - The Authority assists with the financing or refinancing of certain public capital facilities in the City. The financial activities of the Authority are not significant and are included in the debt service fund and the enterprise fund. The financial statements can be obtained from the City's Finance Department.

The City's basic financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). The Government Accounting Standards Board is the acknowledged standard-setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting standards followed by governmental entities in the United States of America.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basis of Accounting, Measurement Focus, and Financial Statements Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall City government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal service funds and similar activities. The effect of inter-fund services provided and used between functions is not eliminated in the process of consolidation. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the City's assets and liabilities, including capital assets (as well as infrastructure assets) and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational needs of a particular program and (c) fees, grants and contributions that are restricted to financing the acquisition or construction of capital assets. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including most taxes, are presented as general revenues. Certain indirect costs are included in program expenses reported for individual functions and activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category - *governmental*, *proprietary*, and *fiduciary* are presented.

The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major individual governmental and enterprise funds, each of which is displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds in a single column, regardless of their fund-type.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental funds are reported using the "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available.

The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for claims, judgments, compensated absences, and principal and interest on general long-term debt which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Financial resources usually are appropriated in other funds for transfer to the debt service fund in the period in which maturing debt principal and interest must be paid. Such amounts are not current liabilities of the debt service funds as their settlement will not require expenditure of existing fund assets. Governmental capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of governmental long-term debt and capital leases are reported as *other financing sources*.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basis of Accounting, Measurement Focus, and Financial Statements Presentation (Continued)

Governmental Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property and franchise taxes, licenses, certain other intergovernmental revenues, certain charges for services and interest revenue. Sales taxes collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the City also are recognized as revenue.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied, assessed, or when underlying transactions take place. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Major funds are those that have assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses equal to ten percent of their fund-type total and five percent of the grand total. The General Fund is always a major fund. The City may also select other funds it believes should be presented as major funds. The City reported the following major governmental funds in the accompanying financial statements:

General Fund — This is the primary operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The major revenue sources of this fund include transient occupancy tax, property tax, sales tax, business license tax, utility user's tax and charges for services. These revenues support the general operations of the City, which include police, fire, street maintenance, parks, recreation, planning and general government. In addition, the General Fund finances many capital improvements.

Capital Improvement Capital Projects Fund – This fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary fund types).

Presidio of Monterey Public Works Special Revenue Fund – This fund was created in 1999 to account for costs and revenues pertaining to the Presidio of Monterey maintenance contract.

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Proprietary fund financial statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each proprietary fund.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred. In these funds, receivables have been recorded as revenue and provisions have been made for uncollectible amounts.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basis of Accounting, Measurement Focus, and Financial Statements Presentation (Continued)

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Proprietary fund *operating* revenues and expenses, such as charges for services, and payments to employees and vendors, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. *Non-operating* revenues and expenses, such as subsidies, investment earnings, changes in fair value of investments and interest charges result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The concept of major funds extends to Proprietary Funds. The City has identified the funds below as major proprietary funds. Individual nonmajor funds may be found in the supplemental section.

Marina Enterprise Fund – This fund was created in 1960 to account for all Marina related revenues and expenditures. All revenues collected in the Marina area are used for operation, maintenance and improvements to the Marina.

Parking Enterprise Fund – This fund was established to pay for construction, operation, and maintenance of parking facilities and improvements. The revenue sources include parking fees, permits and fines.

Sewer Enterprise Fund - This fund was established to pay for construction, operation, and maintenance of sewer lines and improvements. The revenue sources include residential and commercial sewer fees.

Internal Service Funds – These funds are established to finance and account for services and commodities furnished by designated department or agency to other departments and agencies within a single governmental unit, or to other governmental units, all of which are provided to other departments on a cost-reimbursement basis. These funds account for automotive services, automotive replacement, data processing and other information services, workers' compensation, general liability and employee benefits.

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

Fiduciary fund financial statements include a statement of Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net position. The City's fiduciary funds represent agency fund and a private-purpose trust fund. Both the agency fund and the private-purpose trust fund are accounted for on the full accrual basis of accounting.

Private Purpose Trust Fund – The City has one Private Purpose Trust Fund, which is used to report the resources held and administered by the Successor Agency to the former Redevelopment Agency of the City of Monterey.

Custodial Funds – The City uses a District Custodial Fund to account for assets held by the City as an agent for special districts including Ocean View Community Service and Monterey County Tourism Improvement Districts; Cannery Row, North Fremont, and New Monterey Business Districts; and Downtown and Wharf Promotion Districts, and Dubrovnik Sister City Donation.

City of Monterey

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Cash and Investments

The City's cash are cash on hand and demand deposits with financial institutions.

The City's investments are carried at fair value, as required by generally accepted accounting principles. The City adjusts the carrying value of its investments to reflect their fair value at each fiscal year end, and it includes the effects of these adjustments in income for that fiscal year.

Certain disclosure requirements, if applicable, for deposits and investment risks in the following areas are presented in the footnotes:

- > Interest Rate Risk
- Credit Risk
 - Overall
 - Custodial Credit Risk
 - Concentration of Credit Risk
- > Foreign Currency Risk

In addition, other disclosures are specified including use of certain methods to present deposits and investments, highly sensitive investments, credit quality at year-end and other disclosures.

D. Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments with maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. Proprietary fund types' cash and investments balances classified as Available for Operations are considered cash equivalents for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

E. Fair Value Measurements

U.S. GAAP defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and establishes disclosure about fair value measurement. Investments, unless otherwise specified, recorded at fair value in the financial statements, are categorized based upon the level of judgment associated with the inputs used to measure their fair value. Levels of inputs are as follows:

- Level 1 Inputs are unadjusted, quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets at the measurement date.
- Level 2 Inputs, other than quoted prices included in Level 1, that are observable for the assets or liabilities through corroboration with market data at the measurement date.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs that reflect management's best estimate of what market participants would use in pricing the assets or liabilities at the measurement date.

F. Prepaid Items

Prepaid items are recorded under the consumption method. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are reported as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

G. Property Held for Resale

As part of the City's previous Low & Moderate Income Housing Program, the former Redevelopment Agency purchased and sold affordable homes in the City to low/moderate income homebuyers in accordance with the affordable housing program. With the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency, the City has elected to act as the Housing Successor Agency, which now administers this program. Homes are sold at below-market prices, but purchasers must resell these homes only to the City at approximately the same price and in the same condition. Homes owned by the City are accounted for at acquisition cost or at net realizable value, which is below market. Homes are deed restricted units with a City option for purchase. Homes are resold back to the City under an indexed price increase linked to the Consumer Price Index for the San Jose/San Francisco area.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life of 3 years or greater. For infrastructure to be capitalized, it must meet the elevated threshold cost of \$150,000 and a useful life of 5 years or greater. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost that actual historical cost is not available. Contributed capital assets are valued at their acquisition value on the date contributed. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Some capital assets may be acquired using federal and State grant funds, or they may be contributed by developers or other governments. These contributions are accounted for as revenues at the time the capital assets are contributed.

Capital asset depreciation is calculated using mid-year convention, along with the straight-line method for the annual calculation. Depreciation has been provided on capital assets in the government-wide financial statements. Depreciation of all capital assets is charged as an expense against operations each year and the total amount of depreciation taken over the years, called accumulated depreciation, is reported on the Statement of Net Position as a reduction in the book value of capital assets. Depreciation is reported using the straight-line method, which means the cost of the asset, is divided by its expected useful life in years and the result is charged to expense each year until the asset is fully depreciated.

The City has assigned the useful lives listed below to capital assets:

Bridges, Roadways, Railroads, Bridges, Wharves	50 years
Buildings	40 years
Building Improvements	20 years
Improvements other than Buildings	30 years
Docks, Sea Walls, Bulkheads	30 Years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Machinery and Equipment	5-15 years

Art Collections, Library Reserve Collections, and Museum and Historical Collections, that are considered inexhaustible in that their value does not diminish over time, are not required to be capitalized if all of the following conditions are met:

- The collection is held for public exhibition, education, or research in furtherance of public service, rather than financial gain.
- The collection is protected, kept unencumbered, cared for, and preserved.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

H. Capital Assets (Continued)

• The City maintains a policy that requires proceeds from sales to be used to acquire other items for the collections.

Living things will not be capitalized due to the high level of ongoing maintenance and/or training (animals) to extend its life and/or add usefulness. Some examples are: trees, grass/sod, other vegetation, police/fire dogs, horses or other animals.

Street related infrastructure items such as regular road maintenance with an expected life of less than 5 years (slurry seals) or traffic calming measures (street striping, speed bumps, medians, vegetation) are items that do not materially add to the value of the asset or extend its useful life.

I. Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

The Statement of Net Position and the Balance Sheet report separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, when applicable.

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> represent outflows of resources (consumption of net position) that apply to future periods; therefore, will not be recognized as an expense until that time.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> represent inflows of resources (acquisition of net position) that apply to future periods; therefore, will not be recognized as revenue until that time.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences comprise unused vacation leave and compensated time off, which are accrued as earned, and become "due" upon the occurrence of relevant events such as resignations, retirements, and uses of leave balances by covered employees. Unused sick leave does not vest. The long-term liability for compensated absences is determined annually. An estimate has been made of compensated absences due within one year of the date of the statement of net position.

K. Property Tax

Monterey County assesses properties and bills, collects, and distributes the City's portion of actual property taxes collected to the City. Secured and unsecured property taxes are levied on January 1. Property taxes levied are recorded as revenue and receivables in the fiscal year of levy, provided they are collected during the fiscal year or within 30 days of the fiscal year end.

Secured property tax is due in two installments, on November 1 and March 1, and becomes a lien on those dates. It becomes delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property tax is due on July 1, and becomes delinquent on August 31. The term "unsecured" refers to taxes on personal property, which is property other than real estate, land and buildings. These taxes are secured by liens on the property being taxed.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

L. Pension Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (the "CalPERS") Financial Office. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The following timeframes are used for pension reporting:

Valuation Date June 30, 2019 Measurement Date June 30, 2020

Measurement Period July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020

Gains and losses related to changes in total pension liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in pension expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in pension expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and are to be recognized in further pension expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized over five years. All other amounts are amortized straight-line over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) as of the beginning of the measurement period.

M. Other Postemployment Benefits ("OPEB") Plan

For the purpose of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's OPEB Plan and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, the OPEB Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments, which are reported at amortized cost.

The following timeframes are reported OPEB reporting:

Valuation Date June 30, 2019 Measurement Date June 30, 2020

Measurement Period July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The amortization period differs depending on the sources of gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized on a straight-line basis over 5 years. All other amounts are amortized on a straight-line basis over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) at the beginning of the measurement period.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

N. Net Position

Net position is measured on the full accrual basis as compared to Fund Balance, which is measured on the modified accrual basis. Net position is the excess of all the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources over all its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, regardless of source. Net position is classified as follows:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> describes the portion of net position which is represented by the current net book value of the City's capital assets, less the outstanding balance of any debt issued to finance these assets, net of unspent debt proceeds and retention payable.

<u>Restricted</u> describes the portion of net position which is restricted as to use by the terms and conditions of agreements with outside parties, governmental regulations, laws, or other restrictions which the City cannot unilaterally alter. These are principally debt service requirements, endowment funds, former redevelopment funds restricted to low and moderate income purposes and grant funding restricted for public works projects.

<u>Unrestricted</u> describes the net position for the amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, net of liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of the net position.

The City may fund programs with a combination of cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, both restricted and unrestricted net position may be available to finance program expenditures. The City's policy is to first apply restricted resources to such programs, followed by the unrestricted component of net position as needed.

O. Fund Balances

In the Governmental Fund Financial Statements, fund balance are displayed in the following classifications depicting the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – nonspendable fund balances are items that are not expected to be converted to cash associated with inventories, prepaid items, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale (unless the proceeds will be restricted, committed, or assigned once they do become available) or items that are required to be maintained intact, such as principal of an endowment.

<u>Restricted</u> – restricted fund balances are subject to constraints for specific purposes imposed by external providers (such as grantors, bondholders and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions or by enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – committed fund balances can be used only for specific purposes determined by formal resolution adopted by the City Council (the City's level of decision-making authority) and use of these funds requires the same formal Council action. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the government taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally. The City Council is considered the highest authority for the City

<u>Assigned</u> – assigned fund balances are intended by the Council to be used for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Assigned fund balances include unexpended encumbrances not classified at a more restricted level. The City Council adopts the City's Financial Policies as part of the adoption of the annual budget. The Financial Policies include policies on the assignment of fund balance.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

O. Fund Balances (Continued)

<u>Unassigned</u> – unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the government's General Fund and includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications. It is possible for other governmental funds to have negative unassigned fund balance when nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balances for specific purposes exceed the positive fund balance for that fund.

At year end restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined (excluding nonspendable amounts). Remaining fund balance, considered spendable, is classified into committed, assigned or unassigned categories depending upon the intended use of the balances. Fund balance amounts for governmental funds are classified as restricted or committed depending upon the purpose and restrictions imposed on each specific fund. The City applies expenditures to the most restrictive available balances first, and then less restricted funds as required in the order of committed, assigned, and then unassigned.

P. Stabilization Reserve

The City maintains a stabilization arrangement in the form of the "Reserve for Economic Uncertainty". The City Council retains the authority to establish the Reserve for Economic Uncertainty as a Committed Fund Balance by Council Resolution. The City goal is to maintain a reserve equivalent to 16.6% of the General Fund annual operating budget. The City Council approves additions to the stabilization arrangements through the adoption of the annual budget, should the reserve fall below 16.6%. The stabilization arrangement is established for the purpose of providing funds for an unforeseen, urgent event that affects the operations or safety of the City (e.g. natural disaster). The recognition of an urgent event must be established by the City Council, and a budget revision must be approved. The balance of the reserve at the end of the fiscal year was \$12,246,207.

Q. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from these estimates.

R. Implementation of New GASB Pronouncement

GASB Statement No. 84 Fiduciary Activities. This statement establishes standards relating accounting and financial reporting for identifying and financial reporting of fiduciary activities. Those provisions are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019, as amended by GASB Statement No. 95. See Note 15 for restatement of beginning fiduciary net position as result of implementation.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 2 – Cash and Investments

The City maintains a cash and investment pool, which includes cash balances and authorized investments of all funds. Certain restricted funds which are held and invested by independent outside custodians through contractual agreements are not pooled. These restricted funds include the deposits held in escrow.

The City reported cash and investments at June 30, 2021 in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

	G	overnment-	F	iduciary			
	Wi	de Statement	Func	d Statement			
	of	Net Position	of N	et Position	Total		
Cash and investments	\$	72,553,378	\$	296,188	\$	72,849,566	
Restricted cash and investments		8,607,114		-		8,607,114	
Total cash and investments	\$	81,160,492	\$	296,188	\$	81,456,680	

The City had the following cash and investments at June 30, 2021:

Cash on hand	\$ 31,499
Deposits with financial institution	8,267,365
Total cash	8,298,864
Investments:	
Local Agency Investment Fund	15,504,303
Money market funds	145,646
U.S. Treasury notes	18,725,728
U.S. government sponsored enterprise securities	22,526,977
Negotiable certificates of deposit	999,930
Corporate notes	11,676,160
Investments with fiscal agent:	
Money market funds	3,579,072
Total investments	73,157,816
Total cash and investments	\$ 81,456,680

A. Demand Deposits

The carrying amounts of the City's deposits were \$8,267,365 at June 30, 2021. Bank balances at that date were \$10,553,567, the total amount of which was collateralized or insured with accounts held by the pledging financial institutions in the City's name as discussed below.

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure the City's cash deposits by pledging securities as collateral. This Code states that collateral pledged in this manner shall have the effect of perfecting a security interest in such collateral superior to those of a general creditor. Thus, collateral for cash deposits is considered to be held in the City's name.

The market value of pledged securities must equal at least 110% of the City's cash deposits. California law also allows institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the City's total cash deposits. The City may waive collateral requirements for cash deposits, which are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The City, however, has not waived the collateralization requirements.

The City follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds, except for funds deposited in escrow which were required by construction projects. Interest income earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated on an accounting period basis to the various funds based on the period-end cash and investment balances.

Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

B. Authorized Investments by California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The City's investment policy and the California Government Code allow the following investments:

Authorized Investment Type	M aximum M aturity	M aximum Percentage of Portfolio**	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
U.S. government obligations	5 years	N/A	N/A
U.S. government sponsored enterprise securities	5 years	N/A	N/A
Bankers' acceptances	180 days	40%	N/A
Commercial paper*	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable certificates of deposit	5 years	30%	N/A
Repurchase agreements	90 days	N/A	N/A
Reverse repurchase agreements	90 day s	20%	N/A
California Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A	N/A	N/A
Certificates of deposit (or time deposits)	N/A	25%	N/A
Medium term corporate notes**	5 years	30%	5%

^{*} Rated A-1 by Standard & Poor's Corporation or P-1 by Moody's

N/A - Not Applicable

C. Investments Authorized by Debt Agreement

Investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy. Investments authorized for funds held by bond trustee include United States Treasury obligations, United States government sponsored enterprise securities, certificates of deposits, commercial paper, local agency bonds, banker's acceptance, money market mutual funds, investment agreements, repurchase agreements, local agency investment fund of the State of California and any other investments permitted in writing by bond insurer. There were no limitations on the maximum amount that can be invested in one issuer, maximum percentage allowed or the maximum maturity of an investment.

D. Fair Value Measurements

At June 30, 2021, investments are reported at fair value. The following table presents the fair value measurements of investments on a recurring basis and the levels with GASB 72 fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at June 30, 2021.

^{**} Rated A or better by Standard & Poor's Corporation or Moody's

Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

D. Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

	Qu	oted Prices in								
	Active Markets		Significant							
		For	Oth	er Observable						
	Ide	entical Assets		Inputs						
Investment Type		(Level 1)	(Level 2)			Uncategorized			Total	
Investments:										
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$	-	\$	-		\$	15,504,303	\$	15,504,303	
Money market funds		-		-			145,646		145,646	
U.S. Treasury notes		18,725,728		-			-		18,725,728	
U.S. government sponsored enterprise securities		-		22,526,977	(1)		-		22,526,977	
Commercial paper		-		999,930	(2)		-		999,930	
Corporate notes		-		11,676,160	(1)		-		11,676,160	
Investments with fiscal agent:										
Money market funds				-			3,579,072		3,579,072	
	\$	18,725,728	\$	35,203,067	_	\$	19,229,021	\$	73,157,816	

⁽¹⁾ Priced based on IDSI Institutional Bond Quotes

E. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The City's investment policy provides that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risks by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations. At June 30, 2021, the City had the following investment maturities:

	Remaining Maturity (In Months)										
	12 Months			13-24		25-60					
Investment Type		or Less		Months		Months		Total			
Investments:											
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$	15,504,303	\$	-	\$	-	\$	15,504,303			
Money market funds		145,646		-		-		145,646			
U.S. Treasury note		4,038,675		4,095,705		10,591,349		18,725,729			
U.S. government sponsored enterprise securities		5,787,007		11,210,308		5,529,662		22,526,977			
Certificed deposit		999,930		-		-		999,930			
Corporate notes		2,464,515		4,148,084		5,063,560		11,676,159			
Investments with fiscal agent:											
Money market funds		3,579,072		-		-		3,579,072			
Total	\$	32,519,148	\$	19,454,097	\$	21,184,571	\$	73,157,816			

⁽²⁾ Priced based on matrix pricing

Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

E. Interest Rate Risk (Continued)

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligations to the holder of the investment. The City of Monterey's Investment Policy provides that this risk be mitigated by investing in investment grade securities and by diversifying the investment portfolio. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. At June 30, 2021, the City's investments are rated as following:

Investment Type	Total as of June 30, 2021	M inimum Legal Rating	 AAA	 AA	 A	N	ot Required to be Rated
Investments:							
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$ 15,504,303	N/A	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	15,504,303
Money market funds	145,646	AAA	145,646	-	-		-
U.S. Treasury note	18,725,729	N/A	18,725,729	-	-		-
U.S. government sponsored							
enterprise securities	22,526,977	N/A	-	21,031,222	1,495,755		-
Commercial paper	999,930	AAA	-	-	999,930		-
Corporate notes	11,676,159	A	-	3,884,707	7,791,452		-
Investments with fiscal agent:							
Money market funds	3,579,072	N/A	 3,579,072				
Total	\$73,157,816		\$ 22,450,447	\$ 24,915,929	\$ 10,287,137	\$	15,504,303
N/A - Not required					 		

F. Concentration of Credit Risk

The City's investment policy contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code.

Investment in any one issuer that represent 5% or more of total City investment, excluding investment with fiscal agent, are as follows:

Issuer	Investment Type	 Amount	Percentage
Federal Home Loan Bank	U.S. government sponsored enterprise securities	\$ 6,929,410	10%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	U.S. government sponsored enterprise securities	6,989,498	10%
Federal National Mortgage Association	U.S. government sponsored enterprise securities	5,301,019	8%
Federal Farm Credit Bank	U.S. government sponsored enterprise securities	3,307,050	5%

G. Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party.

The City and its fiscal agents invest in individual investments and in investment pools. Individual investments are evidenced by specific identifiable pieces of paper called *securities instruments*, or by an electronic entry registering the owner in the records of the institution issuing the security, called the *book entry* system.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

H. Local Agency Investment Fund

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. The City investments in LAIF at June 30, 2021 included a portion of pool funds invested in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities.

<u>Structured Notes</u>: debt securities (other than asset-backed securities) whose cash flow characteristics (coupon rate, redemption amount, or stated maturity) depend upon one or more indices and/or that have embedded forwards or options.

<u>Asset-Backed Securities</u>: generally mortgage-backed securities that entitle their purchasers to receive a share of the cash flows from a pool of assets such as principal and interest repayments from a pool of mortgages (for example, Collateralized Mortgage Obligations) or credit card receivables.

As of June 30, 2021, the City had \$15,504,303 invested in LAIF, which had invested 2.31% of the pool investment funds in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities.

Note 3 – Interfund Transactions

A. Government-Wide Financial Statements

<u>Internal Balances</u> – At June 30, 2021, the City had the following internal receivables and payables, which represents internal borrowing and lending between the governmental activities and business-type activities:

	Internal Payables					
	В	usiness-Type				
Internal Receivables		Activities				
Governmental Activities	\$	4,191,278				

Specific details of all transfers are reflected in Note 3B.

B. Fund Financial Statements

Due To/From Other Funds – Current inter-fund balances represent short-term loans to cover negative cash balances, which result from timing of cash flows at year end. These inter-fund balances are expected to be repaid in the first quarter of the subsequent year.

Note 3 – Interfund Transactions (Continued)

B. Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

At June 30, 2021, the City had the following inter-fund balances:

		Due To Other Funds											
		Ge	overnm	nental Funds			Propr	ietary Funds	Total				
	Cap	ital	P	residio of									
	Impro	vement	N	A onterey									
	Cap	ital	Pu	blic Works	N	onmajor		Internal					
	Proj	ects	Spec	cial Revenue	Governmental		Service						
Due From Other Funds	Fu	nd		Fund		Funds	Funds		Total				
Governmental Funds:													
General Fund	\$ 3	,224,827	\$	2,473,048	\$	560,002	\$	1,193,096	\$ 7,450,973				

The amounts above resulted from temporary borrowing made at June 30, 2021 to cover cash shortfalls.

Advances To/From Other Funds – At June 30, 2021, the City had the following advances to/from other funds:

		Advance From Other Funds									
		Governmental Funds					prietary Fu	<u> </u>			
			N	onmajor	Parking	I	nternal				
	_	General	Gov	vernmental	Enterprise	5	Service				
Advance To Other Funds		Fund		Funds	Fund		Funds		Total		
Governmental Funds General Fund Nonmajor Governmental Fund Proprietary Funds Internal Service Funds	\$	640,277	\$	60,000	\$ 4,191,278		1,457,365	\$	2,097,642 142,635		
	\$	640,277	\$	60,000	\$ 4,191,278	\$ 1	,600,000	\$	6,491,555		

The <u>General Fund</u> received advances from the Tidelands Special Revenue Fund for the purchase of portable and mobile radio communications equipment for fire and police departments and the advance will be paid off during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024 with 0.5% interest rate. Addition advances were made from the Equipment Replacement Internal Service Fund for the Conference Center renovation, public safety radio, and fire truck loans and loans will be paid off during the year ending June 30, 2028 with 0% interest rate.

The <u>Nonmajor Low Mod Housing Asset Special Revenue Fund</u> received advances from the General Fund for Monterey Hotel/Affordable Housing and the advance will be paid back by the project rent during the year ending June 30, 2024 with 0% interest.

The <u>Parking Enterprise Fund</u> received an advance from the General Fund, per Council Resolution, representing several years of annual debt service payments on the Custom House Parking Garage Bond, made by the General Fund to Parking's benefit and the advance will be paid off during the year ending June 30, 2025 with 4.5% interest rate.

Note 3 – Interfund Transactions (Continued)

B. Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The <u>Internal Service Funds</u> received advances from the Tidelands Special Revenue Fund (nonmajor) for the case of "Custom House vs City of Monterey" settlement and the advance will be repaid during the year ending June 30, 2029 with an interest rate estimated to be 2.5%.

Transfers In/Out – with Council approval, resources may be transferred from one City fund to another. Transfers between funds during the year ended June 30, 2021 were as follows:

	Ge	overnmental Fun	ds	Enterpri		
Transfers Out	General Fund	Capital Improvement Nonmajor Capital Projects Governmental Fund Fund		Parking Material Enterprise Recovery Fund Fund		Total
Governmental Funds:						
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 1,569,062	\$ 591,611	\$ -	\$ 456,070	\$ 2,616,743
Nonmajor Governmental	1,551,438	12,271,418	296,642	24,636	-	14,144,134
Proprietary Funds:						
Marina Enterprise Fund	-	45,176	-	235,873	-	281,049
Parking Enterprise Fund	278,098	-	-	-	-	278,098
Cemetery Fund	55,312					55,312
	\$ 1,884,848	\$ 13,885,656	\$ 888,253	\$ 260,509	\$ 456,070	\$ 17,375,336

Transfers of \$1,884,848 into the General Fund came from:

- Nonmajor Governmental Funds: The Scholze fund for park maintenance (\$41,916), the State COPS, AB1913 funding of a Domestic Violence Officer (\$158,000), Gas Tax Fund (\$6,000), and Tidelands Trust Fund (\$224,617) for interfund advance for safety radios & parks and street maintenance. NCIP (\$1,047,749) for funding assistance due to COVID. Senior Center Programs Fund (\$47,605) and Park Dedication Fund (\$25,551) transfers of assets and liabilities to close the funds.
- The Parking Enterprise Fund (\$278,098) for custodial, parks, and street maintenance services.
- The Cemetery Enterprise Fund (\$55,312) to close the fund to General Fund.

Transfers of \$13,885,980 into the Capital Improvement Capital Projects Fund came from:

• The City utilizes Capital Project Funds for all capital projects expenses, and reimbursement comes from the appropriate funding sources. Capital Projects Fund for reimbursement of capital project expenses came from the General fund (\$1,569,062), and other non-major funds including the Street Infrastructure Rehabilitation Fund (\$8,518,542), Gas Tax fund (\$158,660), Tidelands Trust Fund (\$2,857,634), Marina Fund (\$45,176), SB1 Road Maintenance Fund (\$468,792), and Transportation Safety (\$95,781).

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 3 – Interfund Transactions (Continued)

B. Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Transfers of \$888,253 into nonmajor governmental funds came from:

• The General Fund to the Debt Service Fund for lease payments on the 2013 Lease Revenue Bond (\$591,611). The Community Development Block Grant Fund for multiple parks projects throughout the City (\$218,237) and transfer into the Conference Center CIP Fund from the CCFD City Revenue Fund for labor costs associated to the Conference Center renovation project (78,405).

Transfers of \$260,509 into the Parking Enterprise Fund came from:

- The Marina Enterprise Fund for annual parking support (\$235,873)
- The Parking Adjustment Special Revenue Fund (\$24,636) transfer of assets to close the fund.

Transfers of \$456,070 into the Material Recovery Enterprise Fund came from the General Fund.

Note 4 – Loans Receivable

A. Rehabilitation Loans

These are loans up to \$90,000 to qualifying low-income homeowners in the City. Such loans bear simple interest at 5% per annum, with principal and interest due upon the sale or transfer of the residence. Due to the long-term nature of the interest receivable, interest on the loans is recorded only when it becomes available as net current assets. At June 30, 2021, the outstanding balance was \$1,292,338.

B. Down Payment Assistance Loans

These are loans to qualified moderate income residents of the City or qualified moderate income individuals employed in the City for up to 15% of the purchase price of a residence in the City (to a maximum of \$50,000) to allow the purchasers total housing costs to be under 35% of their gross income. The City provides a 15-year deferred loan with simple interest at 5% (3% for HOME funded loans). At the end of the 15-year period the loan can be extended for an additional 5-year period if the household is still income eligible. Due to the long-term nature of the interest receivable, interest on the loans is recorded only when it becomes available as net current assets. At June 30, 2021, the outstanding balance was \$1,479,217.

C. Project Subsidy Loans

In October 1997, the former Redevelopment Agency entered into a Development Agreement and Ground Lease with a developer for the C-21 Redevelopment Mixed Use Project in the Custom House Redevelopment Project Area. Under the terms of the agreement, the developer constructed a theater/retail complex, which included affordable housing units. The developer agreed to provide on-site management of the housing units. The Agency agreed to provide a project subsidy loan to implement the project. This asset was transferred to the Housing Successor Agency in 2012. At June 30, 2021, the outstanding balance was \$3,883,835.

Other project subsidy loan balances at June 30, 2021 included 1) a loan to Carl Outzen for low/moderate income housing at 541 Wave Street with a balance of \$1,280,634, 2) a loan to Interim, Inc. for 504 Franklin Street and 608 Pearl Street housing for low income chronically mentally ill adults with a balance of \$697,833, and 3) a loan to Shelter Plus for a transitional housing project with a balance of \$505,200.

At June 30, 2021, total outstanding balance was \$9,139,057.

Note 5 – Capital Assets

A. Governmental Activities

Summary of changes in the governmental activities capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2020 Additions		Deletion	Contribution and Reclassification	Balance June 30, 2021	
Communication of the communica	July 1, 2020	7 Idditions	Deletion	Reclassification	June 30, 2021	
Governmental activities:						
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	ф. 2 0.10 2.2 07	Φ.	Φ.	Ф	ф. 20.102.20 <i>5</i>	
Land	\$ 30,193,285	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30,193,285	
Construction in progress	55,405,351	12,618,077		(4,861,221)	63,162,207	
Total assets not being depreciated	85,598,636	12,618,077		(4,861,221)	93,355,492	
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Buildings and improvements	117,561,804	-	-	4,603,119	122,164,923	
Improvements other than buildings	35,607,434	-	-	1,122,238	36,729,672	
Machinery and equipment	19,283,750	1,403,805	(324,705)	427,396	20,790,246	
Infrastructure	82,167,737			1,667,185	83,834,922	
Total assets being depreciated	254,620,725	1,403,805	(324,705)	7,819,938	263,519,763	
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings and improvements	(38,761,477)	(2,783,855)	-	(2,997,960)	(44,543,292)	
Improvements other than buildings	(20,949,144)	(769,555)	-	-	(21,718,699)	
Machinery and equipment	(12,804,166)	(1,128,644)	324,705	(3,913)	(13,612,018)	
Infrastructure	(38,822,586)	(1,777,406)			(40,599,992)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(111,337,373)	(6,459,460)	324,705	(3,001,873)	(120,474,001)	
Total capital assets,						
being depreciated, net	143,283,352	(5,055,655)		4,818,065	143,045,762	
Total capital assets, net	\$ 228,881,988	\$ 7,562,422	\$ -	\$ (43,156)	\$ 236,401,254	

Depreciation expense is charged to functions and programs based on their usage of the related assets. The amounts allocated to each function or programs are as follows:

Governmental activities:

General Government	\$ 101,650
Police	237,893
Fire	270,832
Public Works, including infrastructure	2,306,912
Community Development	38,418
Parks and recreation	2,440,740
Library	62,955
Internal Service Funds	1,000,060
Total depreciation expense	\$ 6,459,460

Note 5 – Capital Assets (Continued)

B. Business-Type Activities

Summary of changes in the business-type activities capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2020	Additions	Deletion	Contribution and Reclassification	Balance June 30, 2021
Business-type activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 9,205,157	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,205,157
Construction in progress	24,355,724	1,794,278		(13,347,949)	12,802,053
Total assets not being depreciated	33,560,881	1,794,278		(13,347,949)	22,007,210
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	26,418,262	-	-	(4,603,119)	21,815,143
Improvements other than buildings	13,390,219	-	-	241,001	13,631,220
Machinery and equipment	1,105,663	-	(10,788)	(6,537)	1,088,338
Infrastructure	4,376,902			14,757,887	19,134,789
Total assets being depreciated	45,291,046		(10,788)	10,389,232	55,669,490
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements	(20,754,478)	(455,762)	-	2,997,960	(18,212,280)
Improvements other than buildings	(10,495,179)	(236,348)	-	-	(10,731,527)
Machinery and equipment	(981,511)	(121,528)	10,788	3,913	(1,088,338)
Infrastructure	(1,839,193)	(147,579)			(1,986,772)
Total accumulated depreciation	(34,070,361)	(961,217)	10,788	3,001,873	(32,018,917)
Total capital assets,					
being depreciated, net	11,220,684	(961,217)		13,391,105	23,650,573
Total capital assets, net	\$ 44,781,565	\$ 833,061	\$ -	\$ 43,156	\$ 45,657,783

Depreciation expenses charged to the business-type activities are as follows:

Business-type activity:

M arina	\$ 246,925
Parking	344,758
Sewer	248,937
Other business-type activities	 120,597
Total depreciation expense	\$ 961,217

Note 6 - Long-Term Liabilities

A. Governmental Activities

The summary of changes in the governmental activities long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2021 is as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2020	Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2021	Due Within One Year	Due in More Than One Year
Governmental Activities						
Special Tax Bonds Payable:						
Conference Ctr Facilities District, 3.95%,	\$ 42,068,088	\$ -	\$ (899,630)	\$ 41,168,458	\$ 1,942,106	\$ 39,226,352
due 12/2034						
Loans and Lease Payable:						
2013 Refunding-2002 Joint Powers	5,140,000	-	(345,000)	4,795,000	360,000	4,435,000
Financing Authority, 3.87% due 5/32						
2010 California Energy Commission						
1.0%, due 12/22	273,896	-	(108,740)	165,156	109,829	55,327
2008 California Energy Commission						
3.95%, due 6/25	148,462	-	(27,417)	121,045	28,511	92,534
US Bancorp Pierce Fire Apparatus Lease						
3.06%, due 11/2024	165,624	-	(31,158)	134,466	32,112	102,354
Banc of America Fire Truck Loan						
1.53%, due 12/2029	705,000		(45,000)	660,000	70,000	590,000
PG&E On-Bill Financing Loan	72,776	-	(9,704)	63,072	9,704	53,368
Compensated Absences	3,749,737	2,103,526	(2,075,672)	3,777,591	260,100	3,517,491
Claims payable	9,993,775	4,311,130	(3,600,891)	10,704,014	2,858,778	7,845,236
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 62,317,358	\$ 6,414,656	\$ (7,143,212)	\$ 61,588,802	\$ 5,671,140	\$ 55,917,662

Special Tax Bonds Payable

On November 19, 2013, the City Council adopted a resolution of formation to create the Conference Center Facilities District No. 2013-1 (the "CCFD") and a resolution deeming it necessary to incur bonded indebtedness of up to \$50 million. On March 4, 2014, the CCFD was finalized following a vote of qualified electors, which authorized the Council to levy a special tax on hotel properties within the City of Monterey, and to issue debt to fund a renovation of the Center. The special tax became effective on July 1, 2014. \$45 million in private placement bonds were issued on May 19, 2015 and were refunded and reissued with an additional \$5 million on September 30, 2015. The bonds bear interest at 3.95% over a period ending December 1, 2034, with a provision for mandatory redemption if special tax proceeds exceed the amounts required for debt service and reserves.

On November 1, 2020, the City entered into amended and restated indenture of trust to reduce the Conference Center Facilities District December 2020 bond payment by 50%, to be repaid in December 2034 in an effort to alleviate the impact of the global coronavirus pandemic on the availability of special tax revenue.

At June 30, 2021, the City had \$3,000,000 maintained in the reserve fund and the outstanding balances for the special tax bonds payable totaled \$41,168,458.

Note 6 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

Special Tax Bonds Payable (Continued)

The debt service schedule to maturity is as follows:

For the Year Ending

June 30	 Principal		Interest	Total		
2022	\$ 1,942,106	\$	1,587,798	\$	3,529,904	
2023	2,092,340		1,508,117		3,600,457	
2024	2,250,240		1,422,351		3,672,591	
2025	2,416,095	1,330,191			3,746,286	
2026	2,589,207		1,231,336		3,820,543	
2027-2031	15,854,442		4,416,253		20,270,695	
2032-2035	14,024,028		995,092		15,019,120	
Total	\$ 41,168,458	\$	12,491,138	\$	53,659,596	

2013 Lease Agreement

On October 24, 2013, the Joint Powers Financing Authority entered into a \$7,170,000 Lease Agreement with Capital One Public Funding, LLC to refund 2002 Lease Revenue Bonds, which were originally issued to provide funds for the expansion of the Monterey Sports Center and the purchase of the Catellus East parcel. The 2002 Lease Revenue Bonds were refunded with proceeds from a privately placed bank financing and a new lease agreement with Capital One Public Funding, LLC at an interest rate of 3.87% through May 1, 2032. The refunding of the 2002 Lease Revenue Bonds during the year ended June 30, 2014 resulted in a difference in cash flows from debt service payments of \$1,618,297 over the remaining life of the bonds, and an overall net present value savings of \$481,715. Lease payments are made from the City's General Fund, and are secured by the Police/Fire Station building and Fire Station #3.

At June 30, 2021, the outstanding balance for 2013 Lease Agreement was \$4,795,000.

The debt service schedule to maturity is as follows:

For the Year Ending

June 30	Principal		Interest		 Total
2022	\$ 360,000		\$	185,567	\$ 545,567
2023		370,000		171,634	541,634
2024		385,000		157,316	542,316
2025		400,000		142,416	542,416
2026		420,000		126,936	546,936
2027-2030		1,835,000		339,786	2,174,786
2031-2032		1,025,000		59,985	 1,084,985
Total	\$	4,795,000	\$	1,183,640	\$ 5,978,640

Note 6 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

2010 California Energy Commission Loan

On March 10, 2010, the City entered into an energy conservation assistance loan agreement with the California Energy Commission. The 1% interest bearing loan in the amount of \$1,104,522 was used to complete the retrofit of the bike path/trail lighting with induction lighting; the retrofit of all City street lights with LED lights, and the replacement of tunnel lights with LED lighting. Principal and interest payments are due semi-annually on December 22 and June 22. The due date for the first payment was December 22, 2012. The loan will be repaid from rebates and energy savings estimated at over \$100,000 annually.

At June 30, 2021, the outstanding balance for 2010 California Energy Commission Loan was \$165,156.

The debt service schedule to maturity is as follows:

June 30]	Principal	I	nterest	Total		
2022	\$	109,829	\$	1,378	\$	111,207	
2023		55,327		278		55,605	
Total	\$	165,156	\$	1,656	\$	166,812	

2008 California Energy Commission Loan

On November 24, 2008, an agreement was entered into with the California Energy Commission to complete energy efficiency projects including lighting retrofits and installation of a photovoltaic system. The total amount of funds disbursed through September, 2010 under the agreement was \$337,940 with an interest rate of 3.95%. The loan calls for semi-annual principal and interest payments each December 22 and June 25. The source of these payments comes from energy savings generated by the projects.

At June 30, 2021, the outstanding balance for the 2008 California Energy Commission Loan was \$121,045.

The debt service schedule to maturity is as follows:

For the Year Ending					
June 30	Principal	 Interest	Total		
2022	\$ 28,511	\$ 4,503	\$	33,014	
2023	29,648	3,366		33,014	
2024	30,825	2,188		33,013	
2025	32,061	 955		33,016	
Total	\$ 121,045	\$ 11,012	\$	132,057	

Note 6 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

US Bancorp Pierce Fire Apparatus Lease

On December 10, 2013, the City entered into a lease purchase agreement with U.S. Bancorp for the capital lease of a fire truck. Total principal of the lease amount was \$370,506 with an interest rate of 3.06%. The lease calls for annual principal and interest payments of \$36,227. The accumulated depreciation of the leased fire truck at June 30, 2021 was in the amount of \$354,449

At June 30, 2021, the outstanding balance for the US Bancorp Pierce Fire Apparatus Lease was \$134,466.

Future minimum lease payments under the capital lease are as follows:

For the Year Ending					
June 30	Payments				
2022	\$ 36,227				
2023		36,227			
2024		36,227			
2025		36,227			
Subtotal		144,908			
Less: Interest		(10,442)			
Present value of future					
minimum lease payments	\$	134,466			

Banc of America Fire Truck Lease

In December 2019, the City entered into a lease purchase agreement with Banc of America for the capital lease of a fire truck. Total principal of the lease amount was \$705,000 with an interest rate of 1.53%. The lease calls for annual principal ranges from \$45,000 to \$80,000. The accumulated depreciation of the leased fire truck at June 30, 2021 was in the amount of \$34,150.

At June 30, 2021, the outstanding balance for the Banc of America Fire Truck Lease was \$660,000.

Future minimum lease payments under the capital lease are as follows:

For the Year Ending June 30	P	ay ments			
2022	\$ 79,563				
2023		78,492			
2024		77,421			
2025		76,350			
2026		80,240			
2027-2030		314,448			
Subtotal		706,514			
Less: Interest		(46,514)			
Present value of future minimum lease payments	\$	660,000			

Note 6 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

PG&E On-Bill Financing Loan

On December 12, 2016, the City entered into a loan agreement with Pacific Gas and Electric Company for the energy-efficient retrofit projects implementation. The agreement provides zero- percent interest financing for the installation of certain energy efficient equipment for up to \$92,183, of which is to be repaid over a specified period through the Customer's electric utility bills.

The amount outstanding at June 30, 2021 totaled \$63,072. The annual debt service requirements on this loan as follows:

For the Year Ending		
June 30	P	rincipal
2022	\$	9,704
2023		9,704
2024		9,704
2025		9,704
2026		9,704
2027		14,552
Total	\$	63,072

Compensated Absences

Liabilities for governmental fund compensated absences are liquidated as they incur in the fund where positions are allocated. This year, as in the past, annual additions to the account balance are greater than retirements.

B. Business-Type Activities

The summary of changes in the business-type activities long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2021 is as follows:

	Jı	Balance uly 1, 2020				etirements	Balance June 30, 2021		Due Within One Year		Due in More Than One Year	
Business-Type Activities												
Loans Payable:												
State of California Small Craft												
Harbor Loans, 4.50%, due 2024	\$	1,428,241	\$	-	\$	(533,894)	\$	894,347	\$	-	\$	894,347
State Water Resources Control Board												
State Water Resources 110 2.10%,												
due 8/2035		2,906,935		-		(154,750)		2,752,185		158,000		2,594,185
State Water Resources 120 2.10%												
due 3/2038		9,965,573		-		(461,306)		9,504,267		470,994		9,033,273
Compensated Absences		213,284		180,204		(141,172)		252,316		4,552		225,673
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	14,514,033	\$	180,204	\$	(1,291,122)	\$	13,403,115	\$	633,546	\$	12,747,478

City of Monterey Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 6 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

B. Business-Type Activities (Continued)

State of California Harbor Loans Payable

On various dates from 1975 to 1997, the State of California made loans to the City to finance various marina construction and improvement projects. These Small Craft Harbor loans bear interest at 4.50% and mature 28 to 30 years from the award date. Principal and interest payments are due annually on August 1. The loans will be repaid from fees and rentals charged by the City for marina facilities.

At June 30, 2021, the total outstanding balance for the state of California harbor loans was \$894,347.

The debt service schedule to maturity is as follows:

For the Year Ending							
June 30]	Principal		Interest	Total		
2023	\$	285,099	\$	40,245	\$	325,344	
2024		297,928		27,416		325,344	
2025		311,320		14,009		325,329	
TOTAL	\$	894,347	\$	81,670	\$	976,017	

State Water Resources Control Board Loan

In February, 2014, the City was approved for a \$16.8 million low interest loan from a Clean Water State Revolving Fund financial assistance agreement administered by the State Water Resources Control Board (the "SWRCB"). The City is currently executing a multi-year capital program with the goal of bringing the entire system up to a grade of "C" or better. Loan repayments, due over twenty years, will not begin until the construction is completed for each portion of the loan. Repayment of this loan is fully funded by a Council approved fee structure, which was implemented in 2011.

The 110 Loan bears an interest rate of 2.10% and is to be repaid in 20 installments in the amounts ranges from \$194,617 to \$215,796 starting on August 30, 2016 and ending on August 30, 2035.

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the SWRCB disbursed additional \$1,541,627 under Agreement No. 13-832-550 toward Project N. C-06-5228-120 Citywide Sewer Rehabilitation, Phase 3, 5, and 6 (the "120 Loan").

The 120 Loan bears an interest rate of 2.10% and is to be repaid in 20 installments in the amount estimated to be \$454,856 starting on March 12, 2019 and ending on March 12, 2039. The City pledged the sewer revenue for the repayment of the loans.

There is a minimum reserve requirement in the amount of \$886,379, comprised of \$215,796 for the 110 loan and \$670,583 for 120 Loan. At June 30, 2021, the City had maintained a reserve in the Sewer Enterprise Fund in the amount of \$1,106,768. The outstanding balances for the SWRCB 110 Loan and 120 Loan were \$2,752,185 and \$9,504,267, respectively.

Note 6 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

B. Business Type Activities (Continued)

State Water Resources Control Board Loan (Continued)

The debt service schedule for 110 Loan to maturity is as follows:

For the Year Ending

June 30	Principal		Principal		Principal Interes		Interest		Total
2022	\$	158,000	\$	57,796	\$ 215,796				
2023		161,318		54,478	215,796				
2024		164,706		51,090	215,796				
2025		168,165		47,631	215,796				
2026		171,696		44,100	215,796				
2027-2030		723,606		139,578	863,184				
2031-2035		993,341		85,639	1,078,980				
2036		211,353		4,438	215,791				
Total	\$	2,752,185	\$	484,750	\$ 3,236,935				

The debt service schedule for 120 Loan to maturity is as follows:

For the Year Ending

June 30	 Principal		Interest		Total
2022	470,994		199,590		670,584
2023	480,885		189,699		670,584
2024	490,983		179,600		670,583
2025	501,294		169,290		670,584
2026	511,821		158,762		670,583
2027-2030	2,157,048		525,286		2,682,334
2031-2035	2,961,119		391,798		3,352,917
2036-2039	 1,930,123		81,627		2,011,750
Total	\$ 9,504,267	\$	1,895,652	\$	11,399,919

C. Debt Compliance

The City's bond indentures contain significant limitations and restrictions regarding annual debt service requirements, maintenance of and flow of monies through various restricted accounts and minimum revenue bond coverages. City management believes the City is in compliance with all such indenture requirements.

Note 7 – Pension Plans

A. California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS")

The following is the summary of net pension liabilities and the related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2021 pension expenses for the year then ended:

	Governmental Activities		J I		Total
Deferred outflows of resources:					
Pension contribution after measurement date:					
Miscellaneous	\$	7,997,293	\$ 1,253,480	\$	9,250,773
Safety		7,371,844			7,371,844
Total contribution after measurement date		15,369,137	1,253,480		16,622,617
Difference between expected and actual experience:					
Miscellaneous		1,977,265	309,912		2,287,177
Safety		5,477,316			5,477,316
Total difference between expected and actual experience		7,454,581	309,912		7,764,493
Actual earnings on pension plan investments in excess of projected earnings:					
Miscellaneous		1,125,534	176,414		1,301,948
Safety		1,535,175			1,535,175
Total actual earnings on pension plan					
investments in excess of projected earnings		2,660,709	176,414		2,837,123
Adjustment due to difference in proportions					
Safety		737,822			737,822
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	26,222,249	\$ 1,739,806	\$	27,962,055
Aggregate net pension liabilities:					
Miscellaneous	\$	81,759,904	12,814,884	\$	94,574,788
Safety	Ψ	70,634,037	-	Ψ	70,634,037
Total net pension liabilities	\$	152,393,941	\$12,814,884	\$	165,208,825
Deferred inflows of Resources: Changes in assumptions: Safety		235,284			235,284
Adjustment due to difference in proportions					
Safety		216,880			216,880
Employer contributions in excess of proportionate share of contribution:					
Safety		661,065			661,065
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	1,113,229	\$ -	\$	1,113,229
Pension expenses (credit):					
Miscellaneous	\$	8,378,409	\$ 3,732,412	\$	12,110,821
Safety		10,182,106			10,182,106
Total net pension expenses (credit)	\$	18,560,515	\$ 3,732,412	\$	22,292,927

Note 7 – Pension Plans (Continued)

A. California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description

The City contribution to the California Public Employees Retirement System ("CalPERS"), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan for miscellaneous employees and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan for safety employees. CalPERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by State statute and City ordinance. A full description of the pension plan regarding number of employees covered, benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information are listed in the Annual Actuarial Valuation Report. This report and CalPERS' audited financial statements are publicly available reports that can be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

Benefit Provided

CalPERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions under both plans are established by the State statute and City resolution as follows:

		Saf	ety
Classic (hired prior to January 1, 2013)	Miscellaneous	Fire	Police
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Retirement age	55	50	50
Benefit per year of service, as a percentage of salary	2.70%	3.00%	3.00%
Required employee contribution rates *	8.000%	9.000%	9.000%
Required contribution during measurement period	11.421%	21.927%	21.927%
Required contribution during year ended June 30, 2021	12.369%	23.674%	23.674%

		Safety				
PEPRA (hired after January 1, 2013)	Miscellaneous	Fire	Police			
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service	5 years of service			
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life	Monthly for life			
Retirement age	62	57	57			
Benefit per year of service, as a percentage of salary	2.00%	2.70%	2.70%			
Required employee contribution rates	7.000%	12.000%	12.000%			
Required contribution during measurement period	11.421%	13.034%	13.034%			
Required contribution during year ended June 30, 2021	12.369%	13.044%	13.044%			

Note 7 – Pension Plans (Continued)

A. California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

Benefit Provided (Continued)

* Effective September 16, 2011, the City amended its contract with CalPERS to incorporate cost-sharing of the City's employer contribution rate. Classic employees contributed the following portion of the employer's required contribution rate during the measurement period June 30, 2020 and the year ended June 30, 2021:

	Measurement	Year Ended
	Period 2019-20	June 30, 2021
Miscellaneous	3%	3%
Safety - Fire	4%	4%
Safety - Police	3%	3%

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the contribution for Safety plans reflects the employer normal cost rate only. The employer payment for unfunded liability is a fixed amount.

Participants are eligible for non-industrial disability retirement if they become disabled and have at least 5 years credited service. There is no special age requirement. The standard non-industrial disability retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to 1.8 percent of final compensation, multiplied by service.

Industrial disability benefits are not offered to miscellaneous employees. The City provides industrial disability retirement benefit to safety employees. The industrial disability retirement benefit is a monthly allowance equal to 50 percent of final compensation.

An employee's beneficiary may receive the basic death benefit if the employee becomes deceased while actively employed. The employee must be actively employed with the City to be eligible for this benefit. An employee's survivor who is eligible for any other pre-retirement death benefit may choose to receive that death benefit instead of this basic death benefit. The basic death benefit is a lump sum in the amount of the employee's accumulated contributions, where interest is currently credited at 7.5 percent per year, plus a lump sum in the amount of one month's salary for each completed year of current service, up to a maximum of six months' salary. For purposes of this benefit, one month's salary is defined as the member's average monthly full-time rate of compensation during the 12 months preceding death. Upon the death of a retiree, a one-time lump sum payment of \$500 will be made to the retiree's designated survivor(s), or to the retiree's estate.

Benefit terms provide for annual cost-of-living adjustments to each employee's retirement allowance. Beginning the second calendar year after the year of retirement, retirement and survivor allowances will be annually adjusted on a compound basis by 2 percent.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 7 – Pension Plans (Continued)

A. California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As at June 30, 2019, the valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

			Safety	
	Miscellaneous	Classic	Fire PEPRA	Police PEPRA
Active employees	317	91	22	15
Transferred and terminated employees	254	64	1	12
Retired Employees and Beneficiaries	462	208	0	0
Total	1033	363	23	27

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law ("PERL") requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The required contribution rates are shown in the Benefit Provided Section at pages 81-82.

Net Pension Liability

Actuarial Methods and Assumption Used to Determine Total Pension Liability

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2020, the total pension liability was determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2019 total pension liability. The June 30, 2020 total pension liabilities were based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry 1	Age :	Normal	in	accordance	with	the	requirement	of	
-----------------------	---------	-------	--------	----	------------	------	-----	-------------	----	--

GASB Statement No. 68

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate 7.15% Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

Mortality Rate Table ¹ Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds.

Post Retirement Benefit Increase Contract COLA up to 2.50% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies,

2.50% thereafter

¹ The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The table includes 15 years of martality improvements using the Society of Actuaries Scales 90% of scale MP 2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the December 2017 experience study report (based on CalPERS demographic data from 1997 to 2015) that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Note 7 – Pension Plans (Continued)

A. California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Change of Assumption

In 2020, there were no changes in assumptions.

<u>Long-Term Expected Rate of Return</u>

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all of the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses. The expected real rates of return by asset class are as followed:

Asset Class ¹	Allocation	Years 1-10 ²	Years 11+ ³
Global Equity	50.00%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.00%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.00%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.00%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Assets	13.00%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.00%	0.00%	-0.92%

¹ In the CalPERS's CAFR, Fixed Income is included in the Global Debt Securities; Liquidity is included in Short-term Investments; Inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

² An expected inflation of 2.0% used for this period.

³ An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

City of Monterey Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 7 – Pension Plans (Continued)

A. California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") (Continued)

Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Liquidating Net Pension Liability

Pension liabilities are liquidated principally by all the funds.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

The following table shows the changes in net pension liability for the City's miscellaneous plan recognized over the measurement period.

Miscel	lane	ous Plan						
	Increase (Decrease)							
		otal Pension Liability (a)	Plan	Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability/(Asset) (c) = (a) - (b)			
Balance at June 30, 2019 (Valuation Date)	\$	275,420,204	\$	186,102,677	\$	89,317,527		
Changes recognized for the measurement period:								
Service cost		4,836,953		-		4,836,953		
Interest on the total pension liability		19,435,642		-		19,435,642		
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		
Difference between expected and actual experience		1,403,271		-		1,403,271		
Changes of assumptions		-		-		-		
Plan to plan resource movement		-		-		-		
Contributions from the employer		-		8,721,866		(8,721,866)		
Contributions from employees		-		2,606,422		(2,606,422)		
Net investment income, net of administrative expense	:	-		9,352,676		(9,352,676)		
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee								
contributions		(14,829,606)		(14,829,606)		-		
Administrative expense		-		(262,359)		262,359		
Other miscellaneous income/ (expense)								
Net Changes during July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020	\$	10,846,260	\$	5,588,999	\$	5,257,261		
Balance at June 30, 2020 (Measurement Date)	\$	286,266,464	\$	191,691,676	\$	94,574,788		

Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Pension Expense

The following table shows the City's safety plan's proportionate share of the risk pool collective net pension liability over the measure period.

	Increase (Decrease)						
	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (c) = (a) - (b)				
Balance at June 30, 2019 (Valuation Date)	\$204,011,002	\$138,416,521	\$65,594,481				
Balance at June 30, 2020 (Measurement Date)	213,929,917	143,295,880	70,634,037				
Net Changes during 2019-2020	9,918,915	4,879,359	5,039,556				

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 7 – Pension Plans (Continued)

A. California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Continued)

<u>Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Pension Expense (Continued)</u>

The following is the approach established by the plan actuary to allocate the net pension liability and pension expense to the individual employers within the risk pool.

- (1) In determining a cost-sharing plan's proportionate share, total amounts of liabilities and assets are first calculated for the risk pool as a whole on the valuation date (June 30, 2019). The risk pool's fiduciary net position ("FNP") subtracted from its total pension liability ("TPL") determines the net pension liability ("NPL") at the valuation date.
- (2) Using standard actuarial roll forward methods, the risk pool TPL is then computed at the measurement date (June 30, 2020). Risk pool FNP at the measurement date is then subtracted from this number to compute the NPL for the risk pool at the measurement date. For purposes of FNP in this step and any later reference thereto, the risk pool's FNP at the measurement date denotes the aggregate risk pool's FNP at June 30, 2020 less the sum of all additional side fund (or unfunded liability) contributions made by all employers during the measurement period (2019-20).
- (3) The individual plan's TPL, FNP and NPL are also calculated at the valuation date. TPL is allocated based on the rate plan's share of the actuarial accrued liability. FNP is allocated based on the rate plan's share of market value assets.
- (4) Two ratios are created by dividing the plan's individual TPL and FNP as of the valuation date from (3) by the amounts in step (1), the risk pool's total TPL and FNP, respectively.
- (5) The plan's TPL as of the Measurement Date is equal to the risk pool TPL generated in (2) multiplied by the TPL ratio generated in (4). The plan's FNP as of the Measurement Date is equal to the FNP generated in (2) multiplied by the FNP ratio generated in (4) plus any additional side fund (or unfunded liability) contributions made by the employer on behalf of the plan during the measurement period.
- (6) The plan's NPL at the Measurement Date is the difference between the TPL and FNP calculated in (5).

Deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense are allocated based on the City's net pension liability at the end of the measurement period.

The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was as follows:

	Sarety Plan
June 30, 2019	0.640130%
June 30, 2020	0.649180%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	0.009050%

Cofeter Dlam

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 7 – Pension Plans (Continued)

A. California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the plans as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 7.15%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (6.15%) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.15%) than the current rate:

	Plan's Net Pension Liability							
	Discount Rate		Cur	rent Discount	t Discount Rate			
		1% (6.15%)	Rate (7.15%)		Rate (7.15%) + 1% (1% (8.15%)	
Miscellaneous Plan	\$	129,385,721	\$	94,574,788	\$	65,494,753		
Safety Plan	\$	106,315,529	\$	70,634,037	\$	41,353,997		

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense in the amounts of \$12,110,821 and \$10,182,106 for the miscellaneous plan and safety plan, respectively.

As of measurement date of June 30, 2020, the City has deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions as follows:

Miscellaneous Plan							
	Defer		Deferred inflow of Resources				
Contribution made after the measurement date	\$	9,250,773	\$	-			
Changes of assumptions		-		-			
Difference between expected and actual experience		2,287,177		-			
Net difference between projected and actual earning on							
pension plan investments		1,301,948		-			
Total	\$	12,839,898	\$				

Note 7 – Pension Plans (Continued)

A. California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") (Continued)

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> (Continued)

Safety Plan								
		erred outflows f Resources	Deferred inflow of Resources					
Contribution made after the measurement date	\$	7,371,844	\$	-				
Changes of assumptions		-		(235,284)				
Difference between expected and actual experience		5,477,316		-				
Adjustment due to difference in proportions		737,822		(216,880)				
Employer contributions in excess of proportionate								
share of contribution		-		(661,065)				
Net difference between projected and actual earning on								
pension plan investments		1,535,175						
Total	\$	15,122,157	\$	(1,113,229)				

The amounts above are net of outflows and inflows recognized in the 2019-2020 measurement period expense.

The expected average remaining service lifetime ("EARSL") is calculated by dividing the total future service years by the total number of plan participants (active, inactive, and retired). The EARSL for the miscellaneous plan and the safety risk pool for the 2019-20 measurement period is 2.8 and 3.8 years, which was obtained by dividing the total service years of 2,941 and 548,581 (the sum of remaining service lifetimes of the active employees) by 1,033 and 145,663 (the total number of participants: active, inactive, and retired), respectively.

\$9,250,773 and \$7,371,844 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions for miscellaneous plan and safety plan, respectively, resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date are recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the miscellaneous plan and collective net pension liability for the safety plan in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in the future pension expense as follows:

	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows)					
Measurement Period		of Resources				
Ended June 30	Misc	ellaneous Plan	S	afety Plan		
2021	\$	1,076,107	\$	1,422,704		
2022		822,283		2,625,515		
2023		935,573		1,819,658		
2024		755,162		769,207		
2025		-		-		
Thereafter						
	\$	3,589,125	\$	6,637,084		

Note 7 – Pension Plans (Continued)

B. Deferred Compensation Plan

City employees may defer a portion of their compensation under a City sponsored Deferred Compensation Plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. Under this plan, participants are not taxed on the deferred portion of their compensation until distributed to them; distributions may be made only at termination, retirement, death or in an emergency as defined by the Plan.

The laws governing deferred compensation plan assets require plan assets to be held by a trust for the exclusive benefit of plan participants and their beneficiaries. Since the assets held under these plans are not the City's property and are not subject to City control, they have been excluded from the accompanying financial statements. At June 30, 2021, total deferred compensation plan assets are valued at \$51,442,625.

Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits ("OPEB") Plan

Net OPEB liability and related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2021 and OPEB expenses for the year then ended are as follow:

		vernmental Activities	usiness- Type ctivities	Total
Deferred outflows of resources:				
OPEB contribution after measurement date Difference between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$	1,253,651 179,460 115,010	\$ 142,241 20,363 13,049	\$ 1,395,892 199,823 128,059
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	1,548,121	\$ 175,653	\$ 1,723,774
Net OPEB liability:	\$	7,620,587	\$ 864,645	\$ 8,485,232
Deferred inflows of Resources:				
Net difference between projected and actual earnings Change of Assumptions	\$	91,317 275,405	\$ 10,361 31,248	\$ 101,678 306,653
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	366,722	\$ 41,609	\$ 408,331
OPEB expenses:	\$	981,795	\$ 111,396	\$ 1,093,191

A. General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description

The City of Monterey Retiree Healthcare Plan ("OPEB Plan") is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan. The plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible retirees and their dependents. Benefit provisions are established and may be amended through agreements and memorandums of understanding between the City and its various bargaining units. The Plan does not issue a financial report.

Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits ("OPEB") Plan (Continued)

A. General Information about the OPEB Plan (Continued)

Benefit Provided

The City provides retiree healthcare benefits to employees retiring directly from the City under CalPERS. Medical coverage is provided through the Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Act (the "PEMHCA"). The City pays a portion of retiree healthcare premiums equal to the PEMHCA required minimum contribution under the unequal method, \$139 and \$143 per month for calendar years of 2020 and 2021, respectively. Retirees and their beneficiaries pay the annual premium cost not paid by the employer. Dental, vision and life insurance benefits are not provided.

Employees Covered by Benefit Term

At June 30, 2019, the date of the latest actuarial valuation, membership in the RSHP consisted of following:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries	
currently receiving benefits	204
Inactive plan members entitled to	
but not yet receiving benefits	258
Active plan members	375
Total	837

Eligibility

Eligibility for the City's contribution requires retirement under PERS (typically on or after age 50 with at least 5 years of service). The City's contribution will continue for the lifetime of the retiree and any surviving eligible spouse.

Contributions

The City contributed \$1,510,259 during the measurement period and \$1,395,892 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

B. Net OPEB Liability

Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 and rolled-forward to measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits ("OPEB") Plan (Continued)

B. Net OPEB Liability (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020 was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate 7.0% per annum Inflation 2.75% per annum Salary Increases 3.0% per annum

Pre-retirement Turnover/Mortality Consistent with the most recent CalPERS pension plan

Rate/Disability Rate/Retirement Age valuation.

Medical Trend Rates 6.0% (HMO) and 6.5% (PPO) to ultimate 5% in 2022 and

beyond

Discount Rate

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments is assumed to be 7% and was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the OPEB plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
CERBT		
Global Equity	59.00%	5.50%
Global Debt Securities	25.00%	2.35%
Inflation Assets	5.00%	1.50%
Commodities	3.00%	1.75%
REITs	8.00%	3.65%
Total	100.00%	
Long-term expected rate of return is 7.00%.		

Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits ("OPEB") Plan (Continued)

B. Net OPEB Liability (Continued)

Liquidating Net OPEB Liability

Other postemployment benefits liabilities are liquidated principally by the General Fund.

C. Changes in Net OPEB Liability

The following table shows the changes in the net OPEB liability recognized over the measurement period.

OPEB Plan

	Increase (Decrease)					
	1	Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plan	Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net OPEB Liability) = (a) - (b)
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$	13,065,532	\$	4,012,849	\$	9,052,683
Changes recognized for the measurement period:						
Service cost		490,152		-		490,152
Interest on the total OPEB liability		926,995		-		926,995
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-
Difference between expected and actual experience		(326,072)		-		(326,072)
Changes of assumptions		-		-		-
Contributions from the employer		-		1,510,259		(1,510,259)
Contributions from employees		-		-		-
Net investment income, net of administrative expense		-		150,365		(150,365)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee						
contributions		(636,564)		(636,564)		-
Administrative expense		-		(2,098)		2,098
Net Changes during July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020	\$	454,511	\$	1,021,962	\$	(567,451)
Balance at June 30, 2020 (Measurement Date)	\$	13,520,043	\$	5,034,811	\$	8,485,232

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current discount rate:

Plan's Net OPEB Liability							
Di	scount Rate	Curr	ent Discount	Dis	count Rate		
- 1% (6.00%)		Ra	nte (7.00%)	+ 1% (8.00%)			
\$	10,085,839	\$	8,485,232	\$	7,145,537		

Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits ("OPEB") Plan (Continued)

C. Changes in Net OPEB Liability (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate (Continued)

The following presents the net OPEB liability, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (5.00 percent - HMO or 5.5 percent - PPO decreasing to 4.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.00 percent - HMO or 7.50 PPO decreasing to 6.00 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Plan's Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)							
19	% Decrease	Cı	irrent Rate	1% Increase			
(5.50% decreasing to 3.50%)		(6.50%	6 decreasing to 4.50%)	(7.50% decreasing t 5.50%)			
\$	6,847,563	\$	8,485,232	\$	10,485,408		

D. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized OPEB expenses of \$1,093,191. At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from following sources:

OPEB Plan									
		rred outflows Resources	Deferred inflows of Resources						
Contribution made after the measurement date	\$	1,395,892	\$	-					
Changes of assumptions		-		(101,678)					
Difference between expected and actual experience		199,823		(306,653)					
Net difference between projected and									
actual earning on pension plan investments		128,059		_					
Total	\$	1,723,774	\$	(408,331)					

The amounts above are net of outflows and inflows recognized during the measurement period expense. The difference between projected OPEB plan investment earnings and actual earnings is amortized over a five-year period.

The \$1,395,892 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the City's contribution sequent to the measurement date during the year ended June 30, 2021 will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in future OPEB expense as follow:

Measurement Period Ended June 30	/	Deferred Outflows /(Inflows) of Resources	
2022	\$	(15,162)	
2023		13,683	
2024		12,704	
2025		10,974	
2026		(21,130)	
Thereafter		(81,518)	
	\$	(80,449)	

Note 8 – Other Postemployment Benefits ("OPEB") Plan (Continued)

E. Retirement Health Savings Plan

The City has also implemented the Retirement Health Savings Plan (the "RHSP") for Peace Officer Association ("POA"), Police Lieutenants' Management association ("PLMA"), International Association of Fire Fighters ("IAFF"), and Fire Management Association ("FMA") employees. RHSP is an individual account defined contribution retiree healthcare plan with employer contributions.

Note 9 – Employment Benefit – Insurance Coverage

The City contracts with CalPERS to provide a Cafeteria type health insurance plan for its employees. The City pays the first \$143 of the monthly premium per employee. In addition, as a part of the Cafeteria plan, per approved Memorandum of Understanding with its bargaining groups, the City also provides between \$899 and \$2,137 per month per employee which can be used towards insurance premiums or other employment benefits. Dental and vision insurance is provided at no cost to its employees (dependent dental insurance premiums are paid by the employee). The City also provides long-term disability for certain employees and life insurance to all but its regular part-time and part-time seasonal employees.

Note 10 – Risk Management

A. Coverage

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to municipal devices such as torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees, health benefits for employees, and natural disasters. The City self-insures risk for its general liability, auto physical damage, and workers' compensation liability up to a certain retention level. The City shares risk with other public agencies via risk sharing pool joint powers authorities, and purchases excess insurance for the remainder of potential exposure amounts. All risk management activities are accounted for in internal service funds.

	General Liabilities	Workers' Compensation
Self insured risk	Up to \$1,000,000	Up to \$400,000
Coverage through:		
Pooled insurance	\$1,000,000 to \$5,000,000	\$400,000 to \$50,000,000*
Excess insurance	\$5,000,000 to \$50,000,000	Statutory excess of \$50,000,000

^{*} Multi-layer pooled insurance

Note 10 – Risk Management (Continued)

A. Coverage (Continued)

A summary of the City's per-occurrence limits follows:

Coverage above the self insured retention amount for workers' compensation is provided through insurance purchased by the City. Coverage above the self insured retention amount for general liability is provided through a joint purchase of coverage from insurance carriers by the Authority for California Cities Excess Liability ("ACCEL"), a joint powers authority whose purpose is to develop and fund programs of pooled and excess insurance for its members. The Board of Directors of ACCEL consists of risk management representatives of its member cities.

Property risks are covered on an occurrence basis up to \$100,000,000 with a \$50,000 deductible, by commercial public entity property insurance purchased from independent third parties. No settlement amounts have exceeded commercial or ACCEL insurance coverage for each of the past three years.

The City's deposits with ACCEL are in accordance with formulas established by ACCEL's Board of Directors. Actual surpluses or losses are shared according to a formula developed from overall loss costs and spread to member entities on a percentage basis after a retrospective rating. The City paid a deposit premium (also known as a contribution) of \$354,059 to ACCEL pool, and \$305,673 in excess liability insurance premiums for various carriers totaling \$659,732 for the year ended June 30, 2021. Financial statements may be obtained from ACCEL at 100 Pine Street, 11th Floor, San Francisco, CA 94111.

B. Liability for Self-Insured Claims

The liability for the self insured portion of claims and judgments included in the internal service fund is based on the results of a bi-annual third party actuarial study obtained by the City. The liability includes amount for claims incurred but not reported ("IBNR"). The total liability is calculated by considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends, including frequency and amount of payouts and other economic social factors and is based on a range of 80-90% probability level (IBNR is based on the expected level).

Claims and judgments, including a provision for claims incurred but not reported are recorded when a loss is deemed probable of assertion and the amount of the loss is reasonably determinable. Internal annual premiums are charged to the City's funds by the internal service funds using various allocation methods that include actual costs and trends in claims experience.

There are no pending claims and judgments likely to have a material adverse effect on the financial position due within one year of June 30, 2021.

Claims activities for the three years ended June 30, 2021 are presented as follows:

	Balance			Balance
Years Ended	Beginning of Year	Addition	Deletion	End of Year
Worker's Compensation:				
June 30, 2019	9,176,532	2,358,340	(2,358,340)	9,176,532
June 30, 2020	9,176,532	1,200,687	(1,499,534)	8,877,685
June 30, 2021	8,877,685	2,885,154	(2,885,154)	8,877,685
General Liability:				
June 30, 2019	3,668,846	458,380	(3,308,380)	818,846
June 30, 2020	818,846	684,887	(387,643)	1,116,090
June 30, 2021	1,116,090	1,425,976	(715,737)	1,826,329

Note 11 – Fund Balances

At June 30, 2021, the City had the following fund balance classifications for the governmental funds:

	General Fund	Capital Improvement Capital Project Fund	Presidio of Monterey Public Works Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Fund	Total
Nonspendable:					
Prepaid items	\$ 15,200	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,200
Advances to other funds	4,251,278	-	_	-	4,251,278
Scholze Park					
Endowment				2,476,127	2,476,127
Total nonspendable	4,266,478			2,476,127	6,742,605
Restricted:					
Debt services	-	-	-	5,730,663	5,730,663
Army and Navy					
public works projects	-	-	-	45,327	45,327
Tideland	-	-	-	4,458,808	4,458,808
Community					
developments	-	-	-	9,420,581	9,420,581
Public works	-	-	-	14,366,044	14,366,044
Other				1,395,243	1,395,243
Total restricted				35,416,666	35,416,666
Committed:					
Economic uncertainty	12,246,207	-	-	-	12,246,207
Capital outlays and					
cultural arts	4,384,122	-	-	-	4,384,122
Public safety	51,724	-	-	-	51,724
Public works	-	-	-	2,128,537	2,128,537
Debt service				9,219	9,219
Total committed	16,682,053			2,137,756	18,819,809
Assigned:					
Unexpended					
encumbrances	3,328,255				3,328,255
Total assigned	3,328,255				3,328,255
Unassigned:					
Fund balance (deficit)	6,387,525	(3,068,122)	(471,778)	(79,678)	2,767,947
Total unassigned	6,387,525	(3,068,122)	(471,778)	(79,678)	2,767,947
Total fund balances	\$30,664,311	\$ (3,068,122)	\$ (471,778)	\$39,950,871	\$ 67,075,282

Note 12 – Presidio Municipal Services Agency (Jointly Governed Organization)

At the request of the U.S. Army in 1997 the City and the City of Seaside formed the Presidio Municipal Services Agency (the "Presidio Agency") under the Joint Exercise of Powers Act of the State of California. The sole function of the Presidio Agency is to coordinate the provision of services by each member City in the operation and maintenance of the U.S. Army's Presidio facilities in Monterey. The Presidio Agency has no employees; the City of Monterey provides approximately 80% of the services required along with all the Presidio Agency's administrative and financing requirements; the City of Seaside provides the remainder. The City's share of these services is reported in the Presidio of Monterey Public Works Special Revenue Fund.

At June 30, 2021, the Agency had outstanding receivables in the amount of \$3,479,965 from the Army, of which, \$3,325,439 and \$154,526 are due to the City and the City of Seaside, respectively. These receivables are still subject to further investigation by the U.S. Army and U.S. Department of Defense. The amount of any receivables as of June 30, 2021 which may be disallowed cannot be determined at this time. The City estimates such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The governing body of the Presidio Agency consists of two members, one appointed by each member city. As a separate legal entity, the Presidio Authority exercises full powers and authorities within the Joint Powers Agreement. Obligations of the Presidio Authority are not those of the member cities. The Presidio Agency is not reported as part of the City's financial statements. Financial statements of the Presidio Agency may be obtained from the City of Monterey, Monterey, California, 93940.

Note 13 – Commitment and Contingencies

Grants

The City participates in several federal and state grant programs. These programs have been audited by the City's independent accountants in accordance with the provisions of the Uniform Guidance and applicable State requirements. No cost disallowances were proposed as a result of these audits; however, these programs are still subject to further examination by the grantors and the amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time. The City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Litigations

The City is subject to litigation in the normal course of business. In the opinion of the City Attorney, the total potential claims against the City, not covered by insurance, resulting from litigation would not materially affect the financial statements of the City as of June 30, 2021.

Note 14 – Other Required Disclosures

A. Expenditures Over Appropriations

At June 30, 2021, the following funds had expenditures over appropriations:

	Appropriation	Expenditures	Expenditures over Appropriation
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:			
Conference Center Facility District Capital Projects Fund:			
Transfers out	\$ -	\$ 78,405	\$ (78,405)
Neighborhood Community Improvement Special Revenue Fund	l:		
Transfers out	-	1,197,033	(1,197,033)
Skyline Forest Service District Special Revenue Fund:			
Parks and recreation	17,135	20,819	(3,684)
State/Federal Grants Special Revenue Fund			
Community development	62	353,187	(353,125)
Transfers out	100,000	158,000	(58,000)
SB1 Road Maintenance & Rehabilitation Special Revenue Fund			
Transfers out	-	468,792	(468,792)
Transportation Safety & Investment Plan Special Revenue Fund	d		
Transfers out	-	95,781	(95,781)
Measure P Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund			
Transfer out	-	8,518,542	(8,518,542)
Community Development Block Grant Special Revenue Fund			
Transfer out	-	218,237	(218,237)
Public Safety Training and Services Special Revenue Fund			
Fire	70,701	81,845	(11,144)
Tidelands Special Revenue Fund:			
General government	333,852	469,225	(135,373)
Community services	48,495	69,588	(21,093)
Low/Mod Income Housing Asset Special Revenue Fund			
Community development	194,834	558,989	(364,155)

B. Deficit Fund Balance/Net Position

At June 30, 2021, the following funds had deficit fund balance or net position:

	Deficit Fund Balance/ Net Position			
Capital Improvement Capital Projects Fund	\$	(3,068,122)		
Presidio of Monterey Public Works Fund		(471,778)		
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:				
Conference Center Facilities Distric Capital Projects Fund		(79,678)		
Internal Service Funds:				
Vehicle Maintenance Fund		(4,153,674)		
Information Services Fund		(2,024,595)		
Workers' Compensation Insurance Fund		(1,036,180)		
Liability & Property Insurance Fund		(2,237,858)		

Note 14 – Other Required Disclosures (Continued)

B. Deficit Fund Balance/Net Position (Continued)

The deficit for Capital Projects Capital Projects Fund will be eliminated when the grant revenue is received and the future budgeted transfers in from other funds. The deficit for the Vehicle Maintenance, Information Services Fund, Workers' Compensation Insurance, and Liability & Property Insurance Internal Service Funds are primarily due to net pension liabilities and net OPEB liabilities and will be eliminated with future charges to user departments. The deficit for the Worker's Compensation Insurance Internal Service Fund is also due to additional claims accrued during the year and will be eliminated as the claims are paid by charging user departments.

Note 15 – Restatement of Beginning Fiduciary Net Position

The implementation of GASB No. 84 resulted in the reclassification of agency funds to custodial funds. The implementation resulted in the restatement of previously reported net position in the amount of \$0 to \$1,071,232 for custodial funds.

Note 16 – Prior Period Adjustment

Beginning net position and fund balance were restated as follows:

	Gove	Governmental Wide					
		Sovernmental Activities					
Net position at July 1, 2020, as previously reported	\$	123,619,566					
Capital assets							
Depreciable asset		341,209					
Net position at July 1, 2021, as restated	\$	123,960,775					

	Proprietary Funds Internal Service Fund			
Net position at July 1, 2020, as previously reported	\$	2,421,628		
Capital assets Depreciable asset		341,209		
Net position at July 1, 2021, as restated	\$	2,762,837		

Capital assets – Internal Service Fund beginning net position was restated to correct the capital assets.

This page intentionally left blank.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

This page intentionally left blank.

City of Monterey Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	F	ariance with inal Budget ver/(Under)
REVENUES:		Buuget	 Buugu	 111110 01110		· · · · (· · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Property tax	\$	9,116,329	\$ 9,366,329	\$ 10,089,327	\$	722,998
Sales Tax		11,397,652	11,414,652	10,912,166		(502,486)
In-lieu sales tax		3,140,754	3,140,754	3,199,106		58,352
Transient occupancy tax		13,976,235	14,676,235	12,909,693		(1,766,542)
Utility users tax		3,782,439	3,782,439	3,654,753		(127,686)
Other taxes		2,602,154	2,302,154	2,242,383		(59,771)
Intergovernmental		196,823	2,451,376	2,445,134		(6,242)
Investment income		375,000	375,000	785,943		410,943
Rental income		589,953	189,953	340,794		150,841
Licenses and permits		4,568,229	4,318,229	5,217,081		898,852
Charges for current services		13,780,062	12,026,034	12,942,583		916,549
Fines		236,250	236,250	260,823		24,573
Other revenue		2,322,207	2,228,507	 2,424,675		196,168
Total revenues	<u></u>	66,084,087	66,507,912	67,424,461		916,549
EXPENDITURES:		_	 _	_		_
Current:						
General government:						
City council		127,079	127,079	121,990		5,089
City manager		4,479,385	6,823,452	4,122,503		2,700,949
City attorney		1,103,660	1,237,616	1,143,369		94,247
Finance		2,762,366	2,786,438	2,689,307		97,131
Human resources		932,628	932,628	859,301		73,327
Nondepartmental charges		512,460	 546,751	 302,521		244,230
Total general government		9,917,578	 12,453,964	 9,238,991		3,214,973
Public safety:						
Police		18,287,733	18,333,354	16,995,641		1,337,713
Fire		21,286,526	23,140,024	22,837,954		302,070
Total public safety		39,574,259	41,473,378	39,833,595		1,639,783
Public works		5,651,155	6,286,321	5,973,861		312,460
Community development		3,220,942	5,666,437	3,497,668		2,168,769
Community services		8,196,127	8,482,365	7,436,384		1,045,981
Library		1,536,378	1,599,043	1,435,236		163,807
Total current		64,875,497	 70,295,071	 67,415,735		6,377,004
Debt service:		04,073,477	 70,273,071	 07,413,733		0,377,004
Principal		339,307	339,307	145,861		193,446
Interest		21,202	21,202	45,152		(23,950)
Total debt service		360,509	 360,509	 191,013		169,496
Total expenditures		65,236,006	 70,655,580	67,606,748		6,546,500
		03,230,000	 70,033,360	 07,000,740		0,540,500
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		848,081	 (4,147,668)	 (182,287)		7,463,049
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in		703,715	703,715	1,884,848		1,181,133
Transfers out		(600,614)	(600,614)	(2,616,743)		(2,016,129)
Total other financing sources (uses)		103,101	103,101	(731,895)		(834,996)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	951,182	\$ (4,044,567)	 (914,182)	\$	3,130,385
FUND BALANCE:						
Beginning of year				31,578,493		
End of Year				\$ 30,664,311		

City of Monterey Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Budgetary Comparison Schedule (Continued) Presidio of Monterey Public Works Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget		Final Budget		 Actual Amounts	F	ariance with final Budget ever/(Under)
REVENUES:							
Intergovernmental	\$	8,334,605	\$	19,225,094	\$ 16,365,057	\$	(2,860,037)
Use of money and property		-		-	7,619		7,619
Charges for current services		832,483		832,483	 552,734		(279,749)
Total revenues		9,167,088		20,057,577	 16,925,410		(3,132,167)
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Public works		12,763,422		28,415,432	17,717,400		10,698,032
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(3,596,334)	\$	(8,357,855)	(791,990)	\$	7,565,865
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year					320,212		
End of year					\$ (471,778)		

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Budget and Budgetary Accounting

The City follows these procedures in establishing the operating budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. Prior to June 30, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed biennial operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- b. The budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution during a City Council meeting in the month of June.
- c. The City Manager may transfer budgeted amounts among accounts within a fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council.
- d. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund, Enterprise Funds and the Capital Projects Fund. These are the only Funds with legally adopted budgets.
- e. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with U.S. GAAP, except for Capital Projects Fund capital expenditures which are budgeted on a project length basis.
- f. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by City Council. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations.
- g. Encumbrance accounting is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental fund types. Under encumbrance accounting, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation. Outstanding encumbrances at year-end are automatically reappropriated the following year. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end unless budgeted on a project basis.
- h. For the year ended June 30, 2021, there were no adopted operating budgets for Construction Truck Impact Fee Special Revenue Fund, Asser Seizure Special Revenue Fund, Museum Special Revenue Fund, and Public Education and Government Access Special Revenue Fund.

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Last Ten Fiscal Years

California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") - Miscellaneous Plan

Measurement period	20	13-141		2014-15		2015-16		2016-17		2017-18
Total pension liability										
Service cost	\$ 4	4,600,502	\$	4,506,126	\$	4,333,862	\$	4,839,793	\$	4,982,160
Interest		5,098,053	Ψ	15,904,500	Ψ	16,604,300	Ψ	17,001,092	4	17,695,821
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		_		(56,679)		(1,034,916)		(2,930,591)		1,630,454
Changes of assumptions		-		(3,663,893)		-		13,297,055		(1,914,478)
Benefit payments, including refunds				, , , ,						
of employee contributions	(8	8,864,804)		(9,807,582)		(10,476,155)		(11,183,381)		(12,639,697)
Net change in total pension liability	10	0,833,751		6,882,472		9,427,091		21,023,968		9,754,260
Total pension liability - beginning	203	3,439,521		214,273,272		221,155,744		230,582,835		251,606,803
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 214	4,273,272	\$ 2	221,155,744	\$	230,582,835	\$	251,606,803	\$	261,361,063
Pension fiduciary net position										
Contributions - employer		4,082,086	\$	4,769,858	\$	5,391,281	\$	6,231,357	\$	6,912,076
Contributions - employee	3	3,282,621		2,526,690		2,500,181		2,586,548		2,521,987
Net investment income ²	22	2,937,070		3,485,612		814,144		16,964,986		14,362,315
Benefit payments, including refunds										
of employee contributions	(8	8,864,804)		(9,807,582)		(10,476,155)		(11,183,381)		(12,639,697)
Plan to plan resources movement		-		1,986		-		(141)		(414)
Administrative expense		-		(174,586)		(94,522)		(226,233)		(261,171)
Other miscellaneous income/ (expense)				-		-		-		(495,969)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	21	1,436,973		801,978		(1,865,071)		14,373,136		10,399,127
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	132	2,855,844		154,292,817		155,094,795		153,229,724		167,602,860
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 154	4,292,817	\$	155,094,795	\$	153,229,724	\$	167,602,860	\$	178,001,987
Plan net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 59	9,980,455	\$	66,060,949	\$	77,353,111	\$	84,003,943	\$	83,359,076
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		72.01%		70.13%		66.45%		66.61%		68.11%
Covered payroll	\$ 23	3,972,182	\$	24,360,068	\$	23,628,081	\$	24,614,955	\$	25,924,448
Plan net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		250.21%		271.19%	_	327.38%	_	341.27%		321.55%

 $^{^{1}}$ Historical information is presented only for measurement periods after GASB 68 implementation in 2013-14.

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes: There were no benefit changes.

Change of Assumptions: In 2020, there were no changes. In 2019, there were no changes. In 2018, demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed in accordance to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions December 2017. There were no changes in the discount rate. In 2017, the accounting discount rate reduced from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent. In 2016, there were no changes. In 2015, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.5 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.65 percent (without a reduction for pension plan administrative expense. In 2014, amounts reported were based on the 7.5 percent discount rate

² Net of administrative expenses for measurement period 2013-14.

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Last Ten Fiscal Years

California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") - Miscellaneous Plan

Measurement period	2018-19	2019-20	
Total pension liability			
Service cost	\$ 4,652,200	\$ 4,836,953	
Interest	18,681,616	19,435,642	
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	
Differences between expected and actual experience	4,463,016	1,403,271	
Changes of assumptions	-	-	
Benefit payments, including refunds			
of employee contributions	(13,737,691)	(14,829,606)	
Net change in total pension liability	14,059,141	10,846,260	
Total pension liability - beginning	261,361,063	275,420,204	
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 275,420,204	\$ 286,266,464	
Pension fiduciary net position	Ф. д.я.с. 00я	ф. 0. 701 0.66	
Contributions - employer	\$ 7,756,887	\$ 8,721,866	
Contributions - employee Net investment income ²	2,556,189	2,606,422	
	11,651,917	9,352,676	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(12 727 601)	(14 920 606)	
Plan to plan resources movement	(13,737,691)	(14,829,606)	
Administrative expense	(127,026)	(262,359)	
Other miscellaneous income/ (expense)	414	(202,337)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	8,100,690	5,588,999	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	178,001,987	186,102,677	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 186,102,677	\$ 191,691,676	
Plan net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 89,317,527	\$ 94,574,788	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage	67.57%	66.96%	
of the total pension liability		_	
Covered payroll	\$ 24,112,160	\$ 25,271,438	
Plan net pension liability as a percentage of			
covered payroll	370.43%	374.24%	

¹ Historical information is presented only for measurement periods after GASB 68 implementation in 2013-14.

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes: There were no benefit changes.

Change of Assumptions: In 2020, there were no changes. In 2019, there were no changes. In 2018, demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed in accordance to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions December 2017. There were no changes in the discount rate. In 2017, the accounting discount rate reduced from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent. In 2016, there were no changes. In 2015, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.5 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.65 percent (without a reduction for pension plan administrative expense. In 2014, amounts reported were based on the 7.5 percent discount rate

² Net of administrative expenses for measurement period 2013-14.

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Last Ten Fiscal Years

California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") - Safety Plan

Measurement period	2013-141	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18
City's proportion of the net pension liability/(asset)	0.644773%	0.653660%	0.624233%	0.613404%	0.638001%
City's proportionate share of					
the net pension liability/(asset)	\$ 40,120,756	\$ 44,866,643	\$ 54,015,449	\$ 60,832,803	\$ 61,479,477
City's covered payroll	\$ 12,253,098	\$ 12,832,928	\$ 12,930,722	\$ 13,937,961	\$ 15,156,045
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	327.43%	349.62%	417.73%	436.45%	405.64%
City's proportionate share of Plan's fiduciary net position	\$ 117,052,375	\$ 116,018,778	\$ 114,199,494	\$ 122,288,785	\$ 129,571,745
City's share of Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the City's share of the total pension liability	74.47%	72.11%	67.89%	66.78%	67.82%

Historical information is presented only for measurement periods after GASB 68 implementation in 2013-14.

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Last Ten Fiscal Years

California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") - Safety Plan

Measurement period	2018-19			2019-20
City's proportion of the net pension liability/(asset)		0.640130%		0.649180%
City's proportionate share of				
the net pension liability/(asset)	\$	65,594,481	\$	70,634,037
City's covered payroll	\$	15,940,462	\$	15,776,659
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		411.50%		447.71%
City's proportionate share of Plan's fiduciary net position	\$	138,416,521	\$	143,295,880
1 mile nationaly not position	Ψ	150,110,521	Ψ	113,273,000
City's share of Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the City's share of the total pension liability		67.85%		67.85%

Historical information is presented only for measurement periods after GASB 68 implementation in 2013-14.

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Contributions - Pensions For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Last Ten Fiscal Years

California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") - Miscellaneous Plan

	2013-141		2014-15		2015-16		2016-17		2017-18
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 4,082,086	\$	4,769,858	\$	5,392,123	\$	6,231,357	\$	6,912,076
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	(4,082,086)		(4,769,858)		(5,392,123)		(6,231,357)		(6,912,076)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ _	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$	
Covered payroll ²	\$ 23,972,182	\$	25,051,207	\$	23,628,081	\$	24,614,955	\$	25,924,448
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	17.03%		19.04%		22.82%		25.32%		26.66%

¹ Historical information is presented only for measurement periods after GASB 68 implementation in 2013-14.

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date:

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Year 2019-20 were from the June 30, 2017 funding valuation report.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal Cost Method

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Asset valuation method Fair Value of Assets

Inflation 2.63%

Salary increases Varies by Entry age and Service

Payroll Growth 2.88%

Investment rate of return 7.25% including inflation

Retirement age The probabilities of retirement are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience study for the period from

1997 to 2015.

Mortality The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from

1997 to 2015. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 15 years of projected

mortality improvement using Scale MP-2016 published by the Society of Actuaries.

² Include one year's payroll growth using 2.75 percent

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Contributions - Pensions (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Last Ten Fiscal Years

California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") - Miscellaneous Plan

	 2018-19	2019-20			2020-21
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 7,756,887	\$	8,721,866	\$	9,250,773
Contributions in relation to the					
actuarially determined contribution	 (7,756,887)		(8,721,866)		(9,250,773)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$		\$	
Covered payroll ²	\$ 24,112,160	\$	25,271,438	\$	25,966,403
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	29.05%		34.51%		35.63%

\

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Contributions - Pensions (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Last Ten Fiscal Years

California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") - Safety Plan

	 2013-14 ¹		2014-15		2015-16		2016-17		2017-18
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 3,806,512	\$	3,956,300	\$	4,110,661	\$	4,611,867	\$	5,202,284
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	(3,806,512)		(3,956,300)		(4,110,661)		(4,611,867)		(5,202,284)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ _	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-
Covered payroll ²	\$ 12,253,098	\$	12,832,928	\$	12,930,722	\$	13,937,961	\$	15,156,045
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll ²	31.07%		30.83%		31.79%		33.09%		34.32%

¹ Historical information is presented only for measurement periods after GASB 68 implementation in 2013-14.

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes: There were no benefit changes.

Change of Assumptions: In 2020 and 2019, there were no changes. In 2018, demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed in accordance to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions December 2017. There were no changes in the discount rate. In 2017, the accounting discount rate reduced from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent. In 2016, there were no changes. In 2015, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.5 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.65 percent (without a reduction for pension plan administrative expense. In 2014, amounts reported were based on the 7.5 percent discount rate

² Include one year's payroll growth using 2.75 percent

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Contributions - Pensions (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Last Ten Fiscal Years

California Public Employees' Retirement System ("CalPERS") - Safety Plan

	2018-19	 2019-20	2020-21
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 5,928,285	\$ 6,686,650	\$ 7,371,844
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	(5,928,285)	(6,686,650)	(7,371,844)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ -
Covered payroll ²	\$ 15,940,462	\$ 15,776,659	\$ 16,210,517
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll ²	37.98%	42.38%	45.48%

¹ Historical information is presented only for measurement periods after GASB 68 implementation in 2013-14.

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes: There were no benefit changes.

Change of Assumptions: In 2020 and 219, there were no changes. In 2018, demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed in accordance to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions December 2017. There were no changes in the discount rate. In 2017, the accounting discount rate reduced from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent. In 2016, there were no changes. In 2015, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.5 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.65 percent (without a reduction for pension plan administrative expense. In 2014, amounts reported were based on the 7.5 percent discount rate

² Include one year's payroll growth using 2.75 percent

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Changes in Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Other Postemployment Benefit Plan

Measurement period	2	2016-2017		2017-2018		208-2019	2019-2020		
T / LONDRY LIV									
Total OPEB liability	Ф	202.007	Φ	401 470	Φ	422.707	Ф	400 150	
Service cost	\$	393,907	\$	421,479	\$	433,787	\$	490,152	
Interest		778,730		824,846		865,963		926,995	
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		(22 (272)	
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		(85,363)		279,753		(326,072)	
Changes of assumptions		-		-		(142,350)		-	
Benefit payments, including refunds									
of employee contributions		(507,965)		(574,851)	_	(607,198)		(636,564)	
Net change in total OPEB liability		664,672		586,111		829,955		454,511	
Total OPEB liability - beginning		10,984,794		11,649,466		12,235,577		13,065,532	
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	11,649,466	\$	12,235,577	\$	13,065,532	\$	13,520,043	
OPEB fiduciary net position									
Contributions - employer	\$	1,176,830	\$	1,235,203	\$	1,510,259	\$	1,510,259	
Contributions - member	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	
Net investment income		148,405		162,737		224,923		150,365	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(507,965)		(574,851)		(607,198)		(636,564)	
Plan to plan resources movement		(307,303)		(571,051)		(007,130)		(050,501)	
Administrative expense		(744)		(1,216)		(690)		(2,098)	
Other expense		(,)		(2,735)		(0,0)		(2,000)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		816,526		819,138		1,127,294		1,021,962	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		1,249,891		2,066,417		2,885,555		4,012,849	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	2,066,417	\$	2,885,555	\$	4,012,849	\$	5,034,811	
Plan net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	9,583,049	\$	9,350,022	\$	9,052,683	\$	8,485,232	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage		17.74%		23.58%		30.71%		37.24%	
of the total OPEB liability									
Covered employee payroll	\$	36,990,088	\$	36,990,088	\$	40,589,503	\$	41,048,097	
Plan net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payro		25.91%		25.28%		22.30%		20.67%	

¹ Historical information is presented only for measurement periods after GASB 75 implementation in 2016-2017

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes: There were no benefit changes.

Changes of Assumptions: There were no changes of assumptions.

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) Schedule of Contributions - Other Postemployment Benefits Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Other Postemployment Benefit Plan

	2016-171		2017-18		2018-19		2019-20		2020-21
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 1,168,213	\$	1,169,802	\$	1,204,895	\$	1,393,662	\$	1,395,892
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	(1,176,830)		(1,235,203)		(1,204,895)		(1,393,662)		(1,510,259)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (8,617)	\$	(65,401)	\$	-	\$		\$	(114,367)
Covered payroll ²	\$ 36,990,088	\$	36,990,088	\$	40,589,503	\$	41,048,097	\$	42,279,540
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	3.18%		3.34%		2.97%		3.40%		3.57%

¹ Historical information is presented only for measurement periods after GASB 75 implementation in 2016-2017

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date:

Mortality

July 1, 2019 actuarially rolled forward to get to the June 30, 2020 measurement date. Liabilities as of July 1, 2019 are based on an actuarial valuation date of July 1, 2019 with no adjustments.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal Cost Method
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Asset valuation method	Market value
Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	3.0% per annum, in aggregate
Investment rate of return	7.0% per annum. This discount rate assumes the City continues to fully fund for its retiree health benefits through the California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT) under its investment allocation strategy.
Retirement age	According to the retirement rates under the most recent CalPERS pension plan

The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2010 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2007. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 5 years of projected mortality improvement using Scale AA published by the Society of

Actuaries.

experience study.

² Payroll was assumed to increase by the 3 percentage payroll growth assumption from 2019-20 to 2020-21.

This page intentionally left blank.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

This page intentionally left blank.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Capital Improvement Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

REVENUES	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over/(Under)
			Φ 120.056	Ф 120.056
Intergovernmental Other	-	-	\$ 139,856 100	\$ 139,856 100
Investment loss	-	-	(66,366)	(66,366)
Total revenues			73,590	73,590
EXPENDITURES				
Capital outlay	-	64,024,681	13,902,633	50,122,048
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	<u>-</u> _	(64,024,681)	(13,829,043)	50,195,638
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Transfers in	<u> </u>		13,885,656	13,885,656
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$ (64,024,681)	56,613	\$ 64,081,294
FUND BALANCE				
Beginning of year			(3,124,735)	
End of year			\$ (3,068,122)	
End of your			(3,000,122)	



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Capital Projects Fund

Conference Center Facilities District Fund – This fund was established to account for Conference Center Facilities District tax revenue and bond proceeds used to fund the renovation of the Monterey Conference Center.

Debt Service Funds

Conference Center Facilities District Fund – This fund was established to account for Conference Center Facilities District tax revenue for repayment of the Special Tax Bonds.

Debt Service Fund – This fund is used to account for the financial resources to be used for the payment of principal and interest on long-term obligations.

Special Revenue Funds

Neighborhood Improvement Fund - This fund was established to provide a means for financing neighborhood related capital improvements. 16% of all transient occupancy tax revenue collected by the City is deposited in this fund.

Storm Water System Improvements Fund – This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures for improvements, operations and maintenance of the City's storm drain and storm water management systems, Wharf 1 fire sprinkler system, and fire hydrants. Revenues are derived from developer fees and user fees.

Skyline Forest Service District Fund – The Skyline Forest Service District was created in 1966 to provide for perpetual landscaping maintenance of the Skyline Forest area. A tax is levied on the properties in the district to pay for the landscape contracts.

Alvarado Street Maintenance District Fund – The Alvarado Street District was formed to help pay for the maintenance and upkeep of Alvarado Street. A special assessment is levied on all parcels within the district for this specific purpose.

Calle Principal Maintenance District Fund – The Calle Principal Maintenance Districts was formed to help pay for the maintenance and upkeep of Calle Principal Street. A special assessment is levied on all parcels within the district for this specific

State/Federal Grants Fund - This fund accounts for monies received from state and federal agencies for specific purposes.

Construction Truck Impact Fees Fund – This fund was established to account for fees collected, based on building permit project valuations, to provide for reconstruction and resurfacing of City streets impacted by construction truck traffic. Fees were discontinued on July 2, 2013, and the remaining funds are dedicated to completion of existing capital projects.

Gas Tax Fund – This fund is comprised of state monies made available to the City for general road improvements and for specific road projects.

SB1 Road Maintenance & Rehabilitation Fund – This fund accounts for the State Legislature passed SB1 which increases the funding for street projects. Revenue is restricted for street-related construction and/or maintenance projects starting from 2017.

Transportation & Safety Investment Plan Fund – This fund was established to account for proceeds from a countywide 3/8% transactions and use tax that was approved by voters in November, 2016 ("Measure X"). Funds are allocated annually by the Transportation Agency for Monterey County (TAMC) based on population and lane miles, and may be used in accordance with TAMC's Transportation Safety and Improvement Plan for transportation safety and mobility projects.

Measure P Sales Tax – This fund was established in April 2015 to account for all sales and use tax revenue from Measure P, a 1% add-on district tax effective for four years. The purpose of Measure P is to fund street infrastructure rehabilitation projects.



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds (Continued)

Community Development Block Grant Fund – This fund was created to account for financial transactions relating to the Community Development Block Grant Program of the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. Program income is currently used for low interest housing rehabilitation loans and for grants to non-profit organizations for community services.

Housing Grants Fund – This fund was created to account for financial translations relating to the Federal HOME program. Program income from HOME funds is used to meet housing needs for low income households in accordance with federal guidelines.

Public Safety Training and Services Fund – This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures pertaining to funds received from Monterey County Service Area 74 (CSA 74).

Asset Seizure Fund – This fund is a repository for funds received from the sale of assets seized by the Police Department.

Public Education and Government Access Fund – The City has a franchise agreement with AT&T for cable services and contracts with Access Monterey Peninsula, Inc. for support of public education and government access services. This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures pertaining to these agreements.

Library Fund – This fund was created so that gifts, bequests and miscellaneous revenues from the library operation could be deposited and reserved for library purposes. All expenditures from the fund are requested by the Library Board of Trustees and approved by the City Council.

Museum Fund – This fund is comprised of donations from visitors to the Colton Hall Museum and contributions by individual donors. The monies are used for the acquisition and preservation of historical artifacts.

Special Deposits Fund – This fund was established to account for various contributions received by the City to be used to support Monterey citizens.

Low/Mod Income Housing Asset Fund – This fund is used to account for transfers from the Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund upon elimination of redevelopment. This fund administers the remaining low interest loans issued under the previous Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund, and manages affordable housing opportunities.

Tidelands Fund – This fund was established, as prescribed by the State of California, to account for all revenues and expenditures within the tidelands area of the City.

Navy Services Fund – This fund was established to account for costs and revenues pertaining to the Navy Services contract.

Permanent Fund

Scholze Park Trust Fund – This fund was created for the purpose of maintaining and improving parks and playgrounds owned by the City. It is funded by Scholze Estate and specified by ordinance that only income from assets be distributed and divided 50% for park and 50% for playground purposes.

	Conference	Debt Serv	rice Funds	Special Revenue Funds				
	Center Facilities District Capital Projects Fund	Conference Center Facilities District	Debt Service Fund	Neighborhood Community Improvement	Storm Water System Improvements			
ASSETS								
Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments: Held by fiscal agent Held by City Receivables: Taxes receivable Accounts receivable Interest receivable Advances to other funds	\$ 571 2,567,336 - 1,676	\$ 1,733,261 545,766 3,000,000 442,227 4,749 4,660	\$ 26,719 - - - - 91	\$ 1,898,949 	\$ 1,606,467 - - 349,479 4,412			
Loans receivable: Rehabilitation Downpayment assistance Project subsidy loans Property held for resale	- - - -	- - -		- - -				
Total assets	\$ 2,569,583	\$ 5,730,663	\$ 26,810	\$ 2,476,194	\$ 1,960,358			
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds Unearned revenue Advance from other funds Total liabilities	\$ 2,525,123 124,138	\$ - - - -	\$ 17,591	\$ 234,555	\$ 67,855			
i otai nabinties	2,649,261		17,591	234,555	67,855			
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenue Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	113,102 113,102	<u>-</u>			
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned (deficit)	- - (79,678)	5,730,663	9,219	2,128,537	1,892,503			
Total fund balances (deficit)	(79,678)	5,730,663	9,219	2,128,537	1,892,503			
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 2,569,583	\$ 5,730,663	\$ 26,810	\$ 2,476,194	\$ 1,960,358			

				Sį	pecial	Revenue Fu	ınds			
	For	Skyline rest Service District	Ma	Alvarado Street Maintenance District		e Principal intenance District	State/Federal Grants		Т	struction Fruck pact Fee
ASSETS										
Cash and investments	\$	217,546	\$	14,440	\$	33,608	\$	276,164	\$	354
Restricted cash and investments:										
Held by fiscal agent		-		-		-		-		-
Held by City		-		-		-		-		-
Receivables:										
Taxes receivable		-		-		-		-		-
Accounts receivable		-		-		-		1,009,556		-
Interest receivable		744		49		115		2		-
Advances to other funds		-		-		-		-		-
Loans receivable: Rehabilitation										
Downpayment assistance		-		-		-		-		-
Project subsidy loans		_		_		_		_		_
Property held for resale		_		_		_		_		_
Total assets	Φ.	218,290	\$	14 490	\$	22.722	Φ.	1 205 722	•	254
Total assets	\$	218,290	Þ	14,489	Þ	33,723	\$	1,285,722	\$	354
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES										
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	1,662	\$	2,314	\$	627	\$	-	\$	-
Due to other funds		-		-		-		132,711		-
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		170,676		-
Advance from other funds		-		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities		1,662		2,314		627		303,387		
Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
Unavailable revenue		-		-		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		_		-		-
Fund Balances:										
Nonspendable		_		_		_		_		_
Restricted		216,628		12,175		33,096		982,335		354
Committed		· -		· -				´ -		-
Unassigned (deficit)	_						_			
Total fund balances (deficit)		216,628		12,175		33,096		982,335		354
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of							_			
resources and fund balances	\$	218,290	\$	14,489	\$	33,723	\$	1,285,722	\$	354

		Sp	ecial Revenue Fun	nds	
	Gas Tax	SB1 Road Maintenance & Rehabilitation	Transportation Safety & Investment Plan	Measure P Sales Tax	Parking Adjustments
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 1,153,569	1,184,154	\$ 3,049,290	\$ 4,082,248	\$ -
Restricted cash and investments:					
Held by fiscal agent	-	-	-	-	-
Held by City Receivables:	-	-	-	-	-
Taxes receivable				2,071,463	
Accounts receivable	-	50,907	318,092	2,071,403	-
Interest receivable	3,875	50,707	510,072	12,885	_
Advances to other funds	5,075	_	_	12,005	_
Loans receivable:					
Rehabilitation	_	_	-	-	-
Downpayment assistance	-	-	-	-	_
Project subsidy loans	-	-	-	-	-
Property held for resale	-	-	-	-	-
Total assets	\$ 1,157,444	\$ 1,235,061	\$ 3,367,382	\$ 6,166,596	\$ -
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds	\$ 20,709	\$ - -	\$ 22,329	\$ 317,062	\$ - -
Unearned revenue	-	-	-	-	-
Advance from other funds		. <u> </u>			
Total liabilities	20,709		22,329	317,062	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
Unavailable revenue	-	-	318,092	-	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	-		318,092		_
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable	-	-	-	_	-
Restricted	1,136,735	1,235,061	3,026,961	5,849,534	_
Committed	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned (deficit)					
Total fund balances (deficit)	1,136,735	1,235,061	3,026,961	5,849,534	-
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of		· · <u>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · </u>			
resources and fund balances	\$ 1,157,444	\$ 1,235,061	\$ 3,367,382	\$ 6,166,596	\$ -

	Special Revenue Funds									
	Community Development Block Grant		Housing Grants	Park Dedication	7	Public Safety Training and Services		sset Seizure		
ASSETS										
Cash and investments	\$ -	\$	546,721	\$	- \$	362,776	\$	128,182		
Restricted cash and investments:										
Held by fiscal agent	2,705		14,367		-	-		-		
Held by City	-		-		-	-		-		
Receivables:										
Taxes receivable	-		-		-	-		-		
Accounts receivable	369,844		1,629		-	-		-		
Interest receivable	-		1,870		-	-		-		
Advances to other funds	-		-		-	-		-		
Loans receivable:										
Rehabilitation	1,292,338		-		-	-		-		
Downpayment assistance	319,500		421,000		-	-		-		
Project subsidy loans	1,203,033		-		-	-		-		
Property held for resale	533,559		-			-				
Total assets	\$ 3,720,979	\$	985,587	\$	- \$	362,776	\$	128,182		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:										
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 22,038	\$	_	\$	- \$	94	\$	110,186		
Due to other funds	255,749	Ψ	_	Ψ	- ψ	, -	Ψ	110,100		
Unearned revenue	233,719		_		_	_		_		
Advance from other funds	_		_		_	_		_		
	277 797					94		110 106		
Total liabilities	277,787				<u> </u>	94		110,186		
Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
Unavailable revenue	528,433		-			-		-		
Total deferred inflows of resources	528,433		_			-				
Fund Balances:										
Nonspendable	_		_		_	_		_		
Restricted	2,914,759		985,587		_	362,682		17,996		
Committed	-		-		_	-		-		
Unassigned (deficit)	-		_		_	_		_		
Total fund balances (deficit)	2,914,759		985,587			362,682		17,996		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of				_						
resources and fund balances	\$ 3,720,979	\$	985,587	\$	- \$	362,776	\$	128,182		

	Special Revenue Funds								
	Public Education and Government Access		Senior Center Programs	Library		Museum		Special Deposits	
ASSETS									
Cash and investments	\$	9,741	\$ -	\$	587,427	\$	204,753	\$	396,505
Restricted cash and investments:									
Held by fiscal agent		-	-		-		-		-
Held by City		-	-		-		-		-
Receivables: Taxes receivable									
Accounts receivable		-	-		-		-		-
Interest receivable		-	-		2,009		700		76
Advances to other funds		_	-		2,009		700		70
Loans receivable:		_	_		_		_		_
Rehabilitation		_	_		_		_		_
Downpayment assistance		_	_		_		_		_
Project subsidy loans		_	-		_		_		_
Property held for resale		_	-		_		_		_
Total assets	\$	9,741	\$ -	\$	589,436	\$	205,453	\$	396,581
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:									
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	-	\$ -	\$	3,945	\$	-		202,039
Due to other funds		-	-		-		-		-
Unearned revenue		-	-		-		-		-
Advance from other funds		-			-		-		-
Total liabilities					3,945				202,039
Deferred Inflows of Resources:									
Unavailable revenue		-	-		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources					-		_		-
Fund Balances:									
Nonspendable		_	_		-		-		-
Restricted		9,741	-		585,491		205,453		194,542
Committed		-	-		-		-		-
Unassigned (deficit)		_					-		-
Total fund balances (deficit)		9,741			585,491		205,453		194,542
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	¢	0.741	Φ	¢	590.426	¢	205 452	•	206 591
resources and fund balances	\$	9,741	\$ -	\$	589,436	\$	205,453	\$	396,581

	Sŗ	ecial Revenue Fu			
	Low/Mod Housing Assets	Tidelands	Navy Services	Scholze Park Permanent Fund	Total
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 1,144,733	\$ 1,982,975	\$ -	\$ 32,194	\$ 20,673,347
Restricted cash and investments:					
Held by fiscal agent	813	-	-	-	3,130,987
Held by City	-	-	-	2,476,127	5,476,127
Receivables:					2.060.724
Taxes receivable Accounts receivable	22 444	- 512 522	72 241	-	2,969,724
Interest receivable	32,444 4,024	512,533 8,283	73,241	8,552	2,839,328 58,380
Advances to other funds	4,024	2,097,642	-	6,332	2,097,642
Loans receivable:		2,077,042		_	2,077,042
Rehabilitation	_	_	_	_	1,292,338
Downpayment assistance	738,717	-	-	-	1,479,217
Project subsidy loans	5,164,469	-	-	-	6,367,502
Property held for resale	-	-	-	-	533,559
Total assets	\$ 7,085,200	\$ 4,601,433	\$ 73,241	\$ 2,516,873	\$ 46,918,151
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 2,566	\$ 142,625	\$ 21,256	\$ -	\$ 3,714,576
Due to other funds		-	6,658	40,746	560,002
Unearned revenue	-	-	-	-	170,676
Advance from other funds	60,000	-	-	-	60,000
Total liabilities	62,566	142,625	27,914	40,746	4,505,254
Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
Unavailable revenue	1,502,399	-			2,462,026
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,502,399				2,462,026
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable	-	-	-	2,476,127	2,476,127
Restricted	5,520,235	4,458,808	45,327	-	35,416,666
Committed	-	-	-	-	2,137,756
Unassigned (deficit)					(79,678)
Total fund balances (deficit)	5,520,235	4,458,808	45,327	2,476,127	39,950,871
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 7,085,200	\$ 4,601,433	\$ 73,241	\$ 2,516,873	\$ 46,918,151

(Concluded)

City of Monterey Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Conference	Debt Serv	ice Funds	Special Revenue Funds			
	Center Facilities District Capital Projects Fund	Conference Center Facilities District	Debt Service Fund	Neighborhood Community Improvement	Storm Water System Improvements		
REVENUES:							
Special assessment Measure P sales tax Other taxes	\$ - - -	\$ - 2,385,919	\$ - - -	\$ - - 2,459,538	\$ - - -		
Intergovernmental Use of money and property Rental income	6,703	37,668	7,142	1,960 65,577	9,907 -		
Licenses and permits Charges for services	-	-	-	-	1,906,233		
Other Total revenues	6,703	2,423,587	7,142	2,527,075	1,916,140		
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General government	_	_	_	_	-		
Police	-	_	-	-	-		
Fire	-	-	-	-	-		
Public works	-	-	-	2,681,194	1,373,999		
Community development	-	-	-	-	-		
Parks and recreation	-	-	-	-	-		
Library and museum	-	-	-	-	-		
Capital outlay	86,753	-	-	-	-		
Debt service:							
Principal payment	-	899,630	345,000	-	-		
Interest and fiscal charges		1,672,076	198,918				
Total expenditures	86,753	2,571,706	543,918	2,681,194	1,373,999		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(80,050)	(148,119)	(536,776)	(154,119)	542,141		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in	78,405	-	543,918	218,237	-		
Transfers out		(78,405)		(1,197,033)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	78,405	(78,405)	543,918	(978,796)			
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	(1,645)	(226,524)	7,142	(1,132,915)	542,141		
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of year	(78,033)	5,957,187	2,077	3,261,452	1,350,362		
End of year	\$ (79,678)	\$ 5,730,663	\$ 9,219	\$ 2,128,537	\$ 1,892,503		

City of Monterey Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds						nds				
		Skyline est Service District	Alvarado Street Maintenance District		Calle Principal Maintenance District		State/Federal Grants		Construction Truck Impact Fee		
REVENUES:											
Special assessment Measure P sales tax Other taxes Intergovernmental Use of money and property Rental income Licenses and permits Charges for services Other Total revenues	\$	28,213 - - 1,695 - - - 29,908	48,9			251 - 28,901 - 29,152	\$	583,072 1,234 - - - 584,306	\$	- - - - - - -	
		23,300				25,102		.,,,,,,			
EXPENDITURES:											
Current: General government Police Fire Public works Community development Parks and recreation Library and museum Capital outlay Debt service: Principal payment Interest and fiscal charges Total expenditures EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		20,819	95,7	- - - - 739		25,068 - - 25,068 4,084		353,187 - - 353,187 - - - - 231,119		- - - - - - - -	
	-	7,007	(40,5	12)		7,007		231,117			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			4	-02							
Transfers in Transfers out		-	47,6	93 -		-		(158,000)		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	47,6	593		-		(158,000)		-	
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		9,089	1,3	881		4,084		73,119		-	
FUND BALANCES:											
Beginning of year		207,539	10,7			29,012		909,216		354	
End of year	\$	216,628	\$ 12,1	75	\$	33,096	\$	982,335	\$	354	

City of Monterey Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds							
	Gas Tax	SB1 Road Maintenance & Rehabilitation	Transportation Safety & Investment Plan	Measure P Sales Tax	Parking Adjustments			
REVENUES:								
Special assessment Measure P sales tax Other taxes Intergovernmental	\$ - - 596,139	\$ - - 517,737	\$ 1,035,332	\$ - 8,643,025	\$ - - -			
Use of money and property Rental income	12,755	23,435	41,007	25,657	371			
Licenses and permits Charges for services Other	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	18,935			
Total revenues	608,894	541,172	1,076,339	8,668,682	19,306			
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government	-	-	-	-	-			
Police	-	-	-	-	-			
Fire	-	-	-	-	-			
Public works	-	-	-	-	-			
Community development	-	-	-	-	-			
Parks and recreation	-	-	-	-	-			
Library and museum	15 000	-	-	-	-			
Capital outlay Debt service:	15,000	-		-	-			
Principal payment	_	_	_	_	_			
Interest and fiscal charges		_	_	-	_			
Total expenditures	15,000							
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	593,894	541,172	1,076,339	8,668,682	19,306			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-			
Transfers out	(164,660)	(468,792)	(95,781)	(8,518,542)	(24,636)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	(164,660)	(468,792)	(95,781)	(8,518,542)	(24,636)			
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	429,234	72,380	980,558	150,140	(5,330)			
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of year	707,501	1,162,681	2,046,403	5,699,394	5,330			
End of year	\$ 1,136,735	\$ 1,235,061	\$ 3,026,961	\$ 5,849,534	\$ -			

City of Monterey Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

				Sp	ecial Revenue	Fund	s		
	De	ommunity velopment ock Grant]	Housing Grants	Park Dedication	<u> </u>	Public Safety Training and Services	Ass	et Seizure
REVENUES:									
Special assessment Measure P sales tax Other taxes Intergovernmental Use of money and property Rental income Licenses and permits Charges for services Other Total revenues	\$	850,544 180,393 413,402 - 1,566 1,445,905	\$	4,601 86,139 - 1,323 92,063	6	- - - <u>-</u> _	\$ - - 50,434 - - - 68,740 - 119,174	\$	20,845
EVDENINITHDES.									
Current: General government Police Fire Public works Community development Parks and recreation Library and museum Capital outlay Debt service: Principal payment Interest and fiscal charges Total expenditures EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		1,450,748 - - - - - - 1,450,748		41,959 - - - - - 41,959 50,104	6	- - - - - - - - -	81,845 - - - - - - - 81,845		20,845
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)		(218,237) (218,237)		- - -	(48,27 (48,27		<u>-</u>		- - -
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		(223,080)		50,104	(48,20		37,329		20,845
		(223,000)		50,104	(40,20)	31,329		20,043
FUND BALANCES:									,
Beginning of year		3,137,839	_	935,483	48,20		325,353		(2,849)
End of year	\$	2,914,759	\$	985,587	\$	<u> </u>	\$ 362,682	\$	17,996

(Continued)

City of Monterey Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Sp	ecial Revenue I	Funds			
	and G	Education Sovernment Access	ior Center	Library		Museum		Special Deposits
REVENUES:								
Special assessment Measure P sales tax Other taxes Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$ -	\$	- \$ - -	-	\$	-
Use of money and property Rental income Licenses and permits		76 - -	361 - -	4,830) - -	1,214 - -		1,351
Charges for services Other		- 7,695	-	30 225,590		- 1,779		- 8,871
Total revenues		7,771	361	230,450		2,993		10,222
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government Police Fire		-	-		- -	-		-
Public works Community development		-	-		-	-		-
Parks and recreation Library and museum Capital outlay		- - -	- -	206,685	- ; -	22,512		- - -
Debt service: Principal payment Interest and fiscal charges		-	-		-	-		-
Total expenditures				206,685	<u> </u>	22,512		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		7,771	361	23,765	<u> </u>	(19,519)		10,222
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in Transfers out		-	(47,605)		- -	-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)			(47,605)			-		-
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		7,771	(47,244)	23,765	;	(19,519)		10,222
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of year		1,970	 47,244	561,726		224,972		184,320
End of year		9,741	\$ 	\$ 585,491	\$	205,453	\$	194,542

(Continued)

City of Monterey Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	S _F	oecial Revenue Fu	nds		
	Low/Mod Housing Assets	Tidelands	Navy Services	Scholze Park Permanent Fund	Total
REVENUES:					
Special assessment Measure P sales tax Other taxes Intergovernmental Use of money and property Rental income Licenses and permits Charges for services Other	\$ - - 492,068 93,849 - - 34,941	\$ - - 56,700 2,642,082 - 189,116	\$ - - 264,447 (1,368) - -	\$ - - 37,715 - -	\$ 28,213 8,643,025 4,845,457 3,920,510 1,011,861 3,235,472 18,935 2,241,996 281,765
Total revenues	620,858	2,887,898	263,079	37,715	24,227,234
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General government	-	469,225	-	-	469,225
Police	-	668,286	-	-	668,286
Fire	-	122,947	-	-	204,792
Public works	-	1,229,846	330,534	-	5,615,573
Community development	558,989	515,988	-	-	2,920,871
Parks and recreation	-	69,588	-	-	233,726
Library and museum Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	206,685 101,753
Debt service:	-	-	-	-	101,733
Principal payment	_	_	_	_	1,244,630
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	_	-	1,870,994
Total expenditures	558,989	3,075,880	330,534		13,536,535
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	61,869	(187,982)	(67,455)	37,715	10,690,699
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	888,253
Transfers out		(3,082,251)		(41,916)	(14,144,134)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(3,082,251)		(41,916)	(13,255,881)
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	61,869	(3,270,233)	(67,455)	(4,201)	(2,565,182)
FUND BALANCES:					
Beginning of year	5,458,366	7,729,041	112,782	2,480,328	42,516,053
End of year	\$ 5,520,235	\$ 4,458,808	\$ 45,327	\$ 2,476,127	\$ 39,950,871
·- y -··-	,,	,,	,,.21	-,.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	

(Concluded)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Conference Center Facility District Capital Projects Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		ariance with inal Budget ver/(Under)
REVENUES:							
Use of money and property	\$		\$ 	\$	6,703	\$	6,703
EXPENDITURES:							
Capital outlay			 2,154,717		86,753		2,067,964
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES (UNDER) EXPENDITURES			(2,154,717)		(80,050)		2,074,667
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:							
Transfers in		_			78,405		78,405
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$		\$ (2,154,717)		(1,645)	\$	2,153,072
FUND BALANCE							
Beginning of year					(78,033)		
End of year				\$	(79,678)		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Continued) Conference Center Facility District Debt Service Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual		F	ariance with inal Budget ver/(Under)
REVENUES:							
Other taxes	\$ 5,381,000	\$	5,381,000	\$	2,385,919	\$	(2,995,081)
Use of money and property	 38,130		38,130		37,668		(462)
Total revenues	 5,419,130		5,419,130		2,423,587		(2,995,543)
EXPENDITURES:							
Debt services:							
Principal payment	3,499,259		3,499,259		899,630		2,599,629
Interest and fiscal charges	 1,833,771		1,833,771		1,672,076		161,695
Total expenditures	 5,333,030		5,333,030		2,571,706		2,761,324
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 86,100		86,100		(148,119)		(234,219)
OTHER FINANCING USES:							
Transfers out	 				(78,405)		(78,405)
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 86,100	\$	86,100		(226,524)	\$	(312,624)
FUND BALANCE							
Beginning of year					5,957,187		
End of year				\$	5,730,663		

City of Monterey Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Continued) **Debt Service Fund** For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget			Final Budget Actual			Fina	ance with I Budget (Under)
REVENUES:								
Use of money and property	\$	\$ 7,000		7,000	\$ 7,142		\$	142
EXPENDITURES:								
Debt service:								
Principal payment		345,000		345,000		345,000		-
Interest and fiscal charges		202,418		202,418		198,918		3,500
Total expenditures		547,418		547,418		543,918		3,500
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(540,418)		(540,418)		(536,776)		3,642
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:								
Transfers in		544,073		544,073		543,918		(155)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	3,655	\$	3,655		7,142	\$	3,487
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						2,077		
End of year					\$	9,219		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Continued) Neighborhood Community Improvement Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Final Budget Budget		Actual Amounts		ariance with inal Budget ver/(Under)	
REVENUES:						
Other taxes	\$	4,533,000	\$ 4,533,000	\$ 2,459,538	\$	(2,073,462)
Intergovernmental		-	-	1,960		1,960
Use of money and property		135,514	 135,514	 65,577		(69,937)
Total revenues		4,668,514	 4,668,514	 2,527,075		(2,141,439)
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Public works		318,586	 7,026,310	 2,681,194		4,345,116
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES		4,349,928	 (2,357,796)	 (154,119)		2,203,677
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in		_	-	218,237		218,237
Transfers out			 	(1,197,033)		(1,197,033)
Total other financing sources (uses)				(978,796)		(978,796)
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	\$	4,349,928	\$ (2,357,796)	(1,132,915)	\$	1,224,881
FUND BALANCE:						
Beginning of year				3,261,452		
End of year				\$ 2,128,537		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Continued) Storm Water System Improvements Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

DEVENUES	Original Budget \$ 12,534			Final Budget		Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget ver/(Under)
REVENUES:	¢	12 524	\$	12,534	\$	9,907	\$	(2 (27)
Use of money and property Charges for services	Ф	981,615	Ф	981,615	Þ	1,906,233	Ф	(2,627) 924,618
Total revenues		994,149		982,849		1,916,140		933,291
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Fire		25,750		25,750		-		25,750
Public works		1,303,022		1,636,894		1,373,999		262,895
Total expenditures		1,328,772		1,662,644		1,373,999		288,645
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(334,623)		(679,795)		542,141		1,221,936
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:								
Transfers in		50,000		50,000				(50,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(284,623)	\$	(629,795)		542,141	\$	1,171,936
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						1,350,362		
End of year					\$	1,892,503		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Continued) Skyline Forest Service District Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Final Budget Budget		 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over/(Under)		
REVENUES:						
Special assessment	\$	25,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 28,213	\$	3,213
Use of money and property		1,682	 1,682	 1,695		13
Total revenues		26,682	 26,682	 29,908		3,226
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Parks and recreation		17,135	17,135	20,819		(3,684)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	9,547	\$ 9,547	9,089	\$	6,910
FUND BALANCE:						
Beginning of year				207,539		
End of year				\$ 216,628		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Continued) Alvarado Street Maintenance District Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Original Budget	 Final Budget	Actual		Fin	iance with al Budget er/(Under)
REVENUES:							
Use of money and property Charges for services	\$	1,054 48,214	\$ 1,054 48,214	\$	451 48,976	\$	(603) 762
Total revenues		49,268	 49,268		49,427		159
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Parks and recreation	·	104,274	108,717		95,739		12,978
Total expenditures		104,274	108,717		95,739		12,978
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(55,006)	 (59,449)		(46,312)		13,137
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:							
Transfers in		43,721	43,721		47,693		3,972
Total other financing sources		43,721	43,721		47,693		3,972
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(11,285)	\$ (15,728)		1,381	\$	17,109
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year					10,794		
End of year				\$	12,175		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Continued) Calle Principal Maintenance District Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

REVENUES:	 Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Over/(Under)	
Use of money and property	\$ 610	\$	610	\$	251	\$	(359)
Charges for services	 25,232		25,232		28,901		3,669
Total revenues	 25,842		25,842		29,152		3,310
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Parks and recreation	 37,832		38,427		25,068		13,359
Total expenditures	37,832		38,427		25,068		13,359
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (11,990)	\$	(12,585)		4,084	\$	16,669
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year					29,012		
End of year				\$	33,096		

City of Monterey Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Continued) State/Federal Grants Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

REVENUES:	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		F	ariance with inal Budget ver/(Under)
Intergovernmental	\$	100,000	\$	1,350,000	\$	583,072	\$	(766,928)
Use of money and property		1,016		1,016		1,234		218
Total revenues		101,016		1,351,016		584,306		(766,710)
EXPENDITURES: Current: Community development				62		353,187		(353,125)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		101,016		1,350,954		231,119		(1,119,835)
OTHER FINANCING USES:								
Transfers out		(100,000)		(100,000)		(158,000)		(58,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	1,016	\$	1,250,954		73,119	\$	(1,177,835)
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						909,216		
End of year					\$	982,335		

City of Monterey Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Continued) Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget er/(Under)
REVENUES:					
Intergovernmental	\$ 685,037	\$ 685,037	\$ 596,139	\$	(88,898)
Use of money and property	 19,276	 19,276	 12,755		(6,521)
Total Revenues	 704,313	 704,313	 608,894		(95,419)
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Public works	251,321	251,321	-		251,321
Capital Outlay	 15,000	 15,000	 15,000		
Total Expenditures	 266,321	266,321	15,000		251,321
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 452,992	 452,992	593,894		140,902
OTHER FINANCING USES:					
Transfers out	 (51,000)	 (51,000)	(164,660)		(113,660)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 401,992	\$ 401,992	429,234	\$	27,242
FUND BALANCE:					
Beginning of year			707,501		
End of year			\$ 1,136,735		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Continued) SB1 Road Maintenance & Rehabilitation Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual		riance with nal Budget rer/(Under)
REVENUES:					
Intergovernmental	\$ 468,792	\$ 468,792	\$ 517,737	\$	48,945
Use of money and property	 -	 -	23,435		23,435
Total revenues	 468,792	 468,792	541,172		72,380
OTHER FINANCING (USES):					
Transfers out	 		 (468,792)		(468,792)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-	(468,792)		(468,792)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 468,792	\$ 468,792	72,380	\$	(396,412)
FUND BALANCE:					
Beginning of year			1,162,681		
End of year			\$ 1,235,061		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Continued) Transportation Safety & Investment Plan Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget	 Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over/(Under)	
REVENUES:					
Intergovernmental Use of money and property	\$ 838,725	\$ 838,725	\$ 1,035,332 41,007	\$	196,607 41,007
Total revenues	 838,725	838,725	 1,076,339		237,614
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers out	 		(95,781)		(95,781)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 838,725	\$ 838,725	980,558	\$	141,833
FUND BALANCE:					
Beginning of year End of year			\$ 2,046,403 3,026,961		

City of Monterey Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Continued) Measure P Sales Tax Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	_	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	F	Variance with Final Budget Over/(Under)		
REVENUES:								
Measure P sales tax Use of money and property	\$	8,590,000 86,434	\$ 8,590,000 86,434	\$ 8,643,025 25,657	\$	53,025 (60,777)		
Total revenues		8,676,434	8,676,434	8,668,682		(7,752)		
OTHER FINANCING USES:								
Transfers out				(8,518,542)		(8,518,542)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	8,676,434	\$ 8,676,434	150,140	\$	(8,526,294)		
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year				5,699,394				
End of year				\$ 5,849,534				

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Continued) Community Development Block Grant Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

REVENUES:	Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual		riance with nal Budget rer/(Under)
Intergovernmental Use of money and property Rental income Other Total revenues	\$	412,634 79,609 300,450 743,750 1,536,443	\$ 412,634 79,609 300,450 743,750 1,536,443	\$ 850,544 180,393 413,402 1,566 1,445,905	\$	437,910 100,784 112,952 (742,184) (90,538)
EXPENDITURES: Current: Community development		1,369,674	 1,425,501	 1,450,748		(25,247)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES (UNDER) EXPENDITURES OTHER FINANCING USES:		166,769	110,942	 (4,843)		(115,785)
Transfers out Total Other Financing Uses		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	(218,237)		(218,237) (218,237)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	166,769	\$ 110,942	(223,080)	\$	(334,022)
FUND BALANCE: Beginning of year End of year				\$ 3,137,839 2,914,759		

City of Monterey Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Continued) Housing Grants Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over/(Under)	
REVENUES:					
Investment income Rental income Other	\$ 11,030 81,892 900	\$ 11,030 81,892 900	\$ 4,601 86,139 1,323	\$	(6,429) 4,247 423
Total revenues	 93,822	93,822	92,063		(1,759)
EXPENDITURES:					
Current: Community development	 50,699	 74,481	 41,959		32,522
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 43,123	\$ 19,341	50,104	\$	30,763
FUND BALANCE:					
Beginning of year			935,483		
End of year			\$ 985,587		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Continued) Public Safety Training and Services Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Final Budget Budget		Actual	Fina	iance with al Budget er/(Under)	
REVENUES:						
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$ 42,760	\$ 50,434	\$	7,674
Charges for services		55,000	55,000	 68,740		13,740
Total revenues		55,000	 97,760	 119,174		21,414
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Fire		68,520	70,701	81,845		(11,144)
Total Expenditures		68,520	 70,701	81,845		(11,144)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(13,520)	\$ 27,059	37,329	\$	10,270
FUND BALANCE:						
Beginning of year				325,353		
End of year				\$ 362,682		

City of Monterey Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Continued) Library Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual			Variance with Final Budget Over/(Under)	
REVENUES:							
Use of money and property Charges for services	\$ 9,231	\$ 9,231	\$	4,830	\$	(4,401) 30	
Other	 78,000	 78,000		225,590		147,590	
Total revenues	 87,231	 87,231		230,450		143,219	
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Library and museum	 185,867	 286,582		206,685		79,897	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (98,636)	\$ (199,351)		23,765	\$	223,116	
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginning of year				561,726			
End of year			\$	585,491			

City of Monterey Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Continued) Special Deposits Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual		Fina	iance with al Budget er/(Under)
REVENUES:						
Use of money and property Other	\$ -	\$ - -	\$	1,351 8,871	\$	1,351 8,871
Total revenues	 	 -		10,222		10,222
EXPENDITURES: Current:						
Parks and recreation	 50,122	 50,122				50,122
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (50,122)	\$ (50,122)		10,222	\$	60,344
FUND BALANCE:						
Beginning of year				184,320		
End of year			\$	194,542		

City of Monterey Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Continued) Low/Mod Income Housing Asset Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

REVENUES	Original Budget	Final Budget Actual		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over/(Under)	
Use of money and property Rental income Other	\$ 82,553 100,000	\$ 82,553 100,000 59,400	\$	492,068 93,849 34,941	\$	409,515 (6,151) (24,459)
Total revenues	 182,553	 241,953		620,858		378,905
EXPENDITURES:						
Current: Community development	 194,775	 194,834		558,989		(364,155)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (12,222)	\$ 47,119		61,869	\$	14,750
FUND BALANCE:						
Beginning of year				5,458,366		
End of year			\$	5,520,235		

City of Monterey Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Continued) Tidelands Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	 Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	F	ariance with inal Budget ver/(Under)
REVENUES:					
Use of money and property	\$ 220,209	\$ 220,209	\$ 56,700	\$	(163,509)
Rental income	1,598,261	1,598,261	2,642,082		1,043,821
Charges for current services	 193,744	 193,744	189,116		(4,628)
Total revenues	 2,012,214	2,012,214	 2,887,898		875,684
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General government	350,676	333,852	469,225		(135,373)
Police	669,999	669,999	668,286		1,713
Fire	149,012	149,012	122,947		26,065
Public works	1,172,543	1,234,502	1,229,846		4,656
Community development	644,221	660,646	515,988		144,658
Parks and recreation	 48,495	 48,495	69,588		(21,093)
Total expenditures	 3,034,946	3,096,506	 3,075,880		20,626
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 (1,022,732)	 (1,084,292)	 (187,982)		896,310
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Transfers out	(224,617)	(224,617)	(3,082,251)		(2,857,634)
Total Other Financing Uses	 (224,617)	(224,617)	(3,082,251)		(2,857,634)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (1,247,349)	\$ (1,308,909)	(3,270,233)	\$	(1,961,324)
FUND BALANCE:					
Beginning of year			7,729,041		
End of year			\$ 4,458,808		

City of Monterey Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Continued) Navy Services Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	 Original Budget	Final Budget	 Actual		iance with al Budget er/(Under)
REVENUES:					
Intergovernmental Use of money and property	\$ 230,000	\$ 230,000	\$ 264,447 (1,368)	\$	34,447 (1,368)
Total revenues	 230,000	 230,000	 263,079		33,079
EXPENDITURES: Current:					
Public works	 354,050	 354,050	 330,534		23,516
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (124,050)	\$ (124,050)	(67,455)	\$	56,595
FUND BALANCE:					
Beginning of year			 112,782		
End of year			\$ 45,327		

City of Monterey Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Continued) Scholze Park Permanent Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Over/(Under)	
REVENUES:								
Use of money and property	\$	28,106	\$	28,106	\$	37,715	\$	9,609
EXPENDITURES:								
Parks and recreation		50,000		50,000		_		50,000
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(21,894)		(21,894)		37,715		(40,391)
OTHER FINANCING USES								
Transfers out				(50,000)		(41,916)		8,084
Total Other Financing Uses		-		(50,000)		(41,916)		8,084
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(21,894)	\$	(71,894)		(4,201)	\$	(32,307)
FUND BALANCE:								
Beginning of year						2,480,328		
End of year					\$	2,476,127		

This page intentionally left blank.



NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Cemetery Fund – All cemetery related revenues and expenditures are accounted for in this fund.

Materials Recovery Fund – In fiscal year 1994-95, this fund was established to account for the revenues and leases payments for the Materials Recovery Facility.

This page intentionally left blank.

City of Monterey Combining Statement of Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Cemetery	Materials Recovery	Total
ASSETS:			
Current Assets: Cash and investments Accounts receivable Interest receivable	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - - -
Total current assets			<u> </u>
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets: Depreciable Accumulated depreciation Total capital assets, net Total noncurrent assets Total assets	- - - - -	- - - -	- - - - - - -
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Pensions related deferred outflows of resources Other postemployment benefits related deferred outflows of resources Total deferred outflows of resources	- - -	- -	- - -
LIABILITIES:			
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Compensated absences, due within one year	-	-	-
Total current liabilities	_	-	
Noncurrent liabilities: Advances from other funds Compensated absences, due in more than one year Net pension liability Net other postemployment benefits liability Total noncurrent liabilities Total liabilities	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - - - -
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES:			
Other postemployment benefits related deferred inflows of resources Total deferred inflows of resources			<u> </u>
NET POSITION:			
Investment in capital assets Unrestricted (deficit) Total net position			- - \$ -
Total net position	<u> </u>	Ψ -	Ψ -

City of Monterey Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Materials		
	(Cemetery	Recovery	Total	
OPERATING REVENUES:					
Charges for services	\$	246,527	\$ -	\$ 246,527	
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Salaries and benefits		527,639	-	527,639	
Services and supplies		278,567	9,496	288,063	
Depreciation		27,270	93,327	120,597	
Total operating expenses		833,476	102,823	936,299	
Operating (loss)		(586,949)	(102,823)	(689,772)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):					
Investment income		(4,203)	290	(3,913)	
Intergovernmental revenue		361,383	-	361,383	
Capital Contribution		-	(1,163,711)	(1,163,711)	
Total nonoperating revenues		357,180	(1,163,421)	(806,241)	
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS		(229,769)	(1,266,244)	(1,496,013)	
TRANSFERS:					
Transfers in		456,070	-	456,070	
Transfers out		-	(55,312)	(55,312)	
Total transfers		456,070	(55,312)	400,758	
CHANGES IN NET POSITION		226,301	(1,321,556)	(1,095,255)	
NET POSITION:					
Beginning of year	_	(226,301)	1,321,556	1,095,255	
End of year	\$		\$ -	\$ -	

City of Monterey Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Cemetery		Materials Recovery		Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers	\$	252,415 (300,098)	\$	(9,704)	\$	252,415 (309,802)
Payments to employees		(268,694)				(268,694)
Cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities		(316,377)		(9,704)		(326,081)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Transfers in		456,070		-		456,070
Transfers out		-		(55,312)		(55,312)
Repayment of advances from other funds		(359,383)				(359,383)
Cash flows provided by noncapital financing activities		96,687		(55,312)		41,375
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:						
Interest received		(3,222)		563		(2,659)
Cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities		(3,222)		563		(2,659)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(222,912)		(64,453)		(287,365)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT:						
Beginning of year		222,912		64,453		287,365
End of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Reconciliation of operating (loss) to net cash flows (used in) operating activities: Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating income to	\$	(586,949)	\$	(102,823)	\$	(689,772)
net cash flows provided by operating activities: Depreciation Change in assets and liabilities:		27,270		93,327		120,597
Decrease in accounts receivables Decrease in pension related		5,888		-		5,888
deferred outflows of resources Decrease in other postemployment benefits		79,224		-		79,224
related deferred outflows of resources (Decrease) in accounts payable (Decrease) in compensated absences (Decrease) in net pension liabilities		3,850 (21,531) (17,384) (580,564)		(208)		3,850 (21,739) (17,384) (580,564)
(Decrease) in net other postemployment benefits liabilities		785,539		-		785,539
(Decrease) in pension related deferred inflows of resources (Decrease) in other postemployment benefits		(11,346)		-		(11,346)
related deferred inflows of resources		(374)				(374)
Cash flows (used in) operating activities	\$	(316,377)	\$	(9,704)	\$	(326,081)
NONCASH ITEMS:						
Capital Contribution	\$	_	\$	(1,163,711)	\$	(1,163,711)
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	361,383	\$	(-,,/)	\$	361,383
morgo commonan reconde	Ψ	501,505	Ψ		Ψ	501,505

This page intentionally left blank.



INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to finance and account for special activities and services performed by a designated department for other departments in the City on a cost reimbursement basis.

Equipment Replacement Fund – This fund serves to centrally account for the new or replacement costs for all vehicle apparatus, and heavy equipment assets. The cost of this service is charged back to the operating departments.

Vehicle Maintenance Fund – This fund serves to centrally account for the costs of maintenance operations for all vehicle apparatus, and heavy equipment assets. The cost of this service is charged back to the operating departments.

Information Services Fund – This fund centralizes data processing and other information services costs. The user departments are assessed a charge for these services and to accumulate funds for equipment replacement and enhancements as needed.

Workers' Compensation Insurance Fund – This fund captures the costs and revenues for workers' compensation insurance programs. The operating departments are charged the cost of insurance as well as for the accumulation of requisite reserve funds.

Liability & Property Insurance Fund – This fund captures the costs and revenues for liability & property insurance programs. The operating departments are charged the cost of insurance as well as for the accumulation of requisite reserve funds.

Employee Benefits Fund – This fund captures the costs and revenues for employee benefits programs.

City of Monterey Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Equipment Vehicle Replacement Maintenance			Information Services		Workers' Compensation Insurance		Liability & Property Insurance	
ASSETS									
Current Assets: Cash and investments Accounts receivable	3,464,233	\$	14,190	\$	2,615,980 5,093	\$	9,329,673 417,327	\$	1,702,010 80,671
Total current assets	3,464,233		14,190		2,621,073		9,747,000		1,782,681
Noncurrent assets: Advances to other funds Capital assets:	142,635		-		-		-		-
Depreciable	13,284,247		66,475		2,053,524		-		-
Accumulated depreciation	(8,679,405)		(29,225)		(2,053,524)		-		
Total capital assets, net	4,604,842		37,250				-		-
Total noncurrent assets	4,747,477		37,250		-		-		-
Total assets	8,211,710		51,440		2,621,073		9,747,000		1,782,681
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES									
Pensions related deferred outflows of resources Other postemployment benefits related deferred	-		441,692		666,391		188,747		73,187
outflows of resources	-		24,305		36,027		8,102		4,654
Total deferred outflows of resources			465,997		702,418		196,849		77,841
LIABILITIES									
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Interest payable	19,725 - 3,562		2,971 38,816		73,672 57,310		618,941 15,977		101,948 3,596
Due to other funds Deposits payable	363,792		1,193,096		-		-		-
Compensated absences, due within one year Claims payable, due within one year Loans payable, due within one year	32,112		2,354		8,511		2,321,039		537,739
Total current liabilities	419,191		1,237,237		139,493		2,955,957		643,283
Noncurrent liabilities:	.115,1151		1,237,237		137,175		2,733,737	_	0 13,203
Advances from other funds Compensated absences, due in more than one year Claims payable, due in more than one year			55,102		- 114,287 -		35,377 6,556,646		1,600,000 3,419 1,288,590
Loans payable, due in more than one year Net pension liabilities Net other postemployment benefits liabilities	762,354 -		3,253,373 119,642		4,908,431 177,341		1,390,249 39,881		539,076 22,910
Total noncurrent liabilities	7(2.254								
	762,354		3,428,117		5,200,059		8,022,153		3,453,995
Total liabilities	1,181,545		4,665,354		5,339,552		10,978,110		4,097,278
Other postemployment benefits related deferred inflows of resources			5 757		0 524		1.010		1 102
			5,757		8,534		1,919	_	1,102
Total deferred inflows of resources			5,757		8,534		1,919		1,102
NET POSITION									
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted (deficit)	3,810,376 3,219,789		37,250 (4,190,924)		(2,024,595)		(1,036,180)		(2,237,858)
Total net position	\$ 7,030,165	\$	(4,153,674)	\$	(2,024,595)	\$	(1,036,180)	\$	(2,237,858)

(Continued)

City of Monterey Combining Statement of Net Position (Continued) Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Employee	
	Employee Benefits	Total
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$ 1,030,215 498	\$ 18,142,111 517,779
Total current assets	1,030,713	18,659,890
Noncurrent assets:		
Advances to other funds Capital assets:	-	142,635
Depreciable Accumulated depreciation	<u>-</u>	15,404,246 (10,762,154)
Total capital assets, net		4,642,092
Total noncurrent assets		4,784,727
Total assets	1,030,713	23,444,617
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES		
Pensions related deferred outflows of resources Other postemployment benefits related deferred	-	1,370,017
outflows of resources		73,088
Total deferred outflows of resources		1,443,105
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		224 = 24
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	174,527	991,784 115,699
Interest payable	-	3,562
Due to other funds	-	1,193,096
Deposits payable		363,792
Compensated absences, due within one year Claims payable, due within one year	-	10,865 2,858,778
Loans payable, due within one year	-	32,112
Total current liabilities	174,527	5,569,688
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Advances from other funds	-	1,600,000
Compensated absences, due in more than one year	-	208,185
Claims payable, due in more than one year	-	7,845,236
Loans payable, due in more than one year Net pension liabilities	-	762,354 10,091,129
Net other postemployment benefits liabilities	-	359,774
Total noncurrent liabilities	-	20,866,678
Total liabilities	174,527	26,436,366
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES		
Other postemployment benefits related deferred inflows of resources	_	17,312
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	17,312
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted (deficit)	- 856,186	3,847,626 (5,413,582)
Total net position	\$ 856,186	\$ (1,565,956)
Position	\$ 050,100	(Concluded)
		(Concluded)

City of Monterey Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Equipment Replacement	Vehicle Maintenance	Information Services	Workers' Compensation Insurance	Liability & Property Insurance
OPERATING REVENUES:					
Charges for services	\$ 435,459	\$ 136,760	\$ 3,898,755	\$ 3,496,138	\$ 2,348,899
Lease revenue	-	1,877,782	-	-	-
Other revenue				749,310	392,423
Total operating revenues	435,459	2,014,542	3,898,755	4,245,448	2,741,322
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Salaries and benefits	-	2,214,203	2,848,115	915,629	258,414
Services and supplies	31,382	1,157,253	1,644,629	178,328	1,200,525
Claims and insurance	-	-	-	3,157,453	2,580,496
Depreciation	776,443	2,466	221,151		
Total operating expenses	807,825	3,373,922	4,713,895	4,251,410	4,039,435
Operating income (loss)	(372,366)	(1,359,380)	(815,140)	(5,962)	(1,298,113)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):					
Investment income	(39,671)	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	(15,511)	-	-	-	(56,024)
Gain on sale of assets	93,177	<u> </u>			
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	37,995				(56,024)
Change in net position	(334,371)	(1,359,380)	(815,140)	(5,962)	(1,354,137)
NET POSITION:					
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 16)	7,364,536	(2,794,294)	(1,209,455)	(1,030,218)	(883,721)
End of year	\$ 7,030,165	\$ (4,153,674)	\$ (2,024,595)	\$ (1,036,180)	\$ (2,237,858)
					(Continued)

(Continued)

City of Monterey Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position (Continued) Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	г. 1	
	Employee Benefits	Total
OPERATING REVENUES:		
Charges for services	\$ 8,025,626	\$ 18,341,637
Lease revenue	-	1,877,782
Other revenue		1,141,733
Total operating revenues	8,025,626	21,361,152
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Salaries and benefits	3,851	6,240,212
Services and supplies	908,638	5,120,755
Claims and insurance	7,572,940	13,310,889
Depreciation		1,000,060
Total operating expenses	8,485,429	25,671,916
Operating income (loss)	(459,803)	(4,310,764)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):		
Investment income	-	(39,671)
Interest and fiscal charges	-	(71,535)
Gain on sale of assets		93,177
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(18,029)
Change in net position	(459,803)	(4,328,793)
NET POSITION:		
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 16)	1,315,989	2,762,837
End of year	\$ 856,186	\$ (1,565,956)
		(Concluded)

City of Monterey Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Equipment Replacement	Vehicle Maintenance	Information Resources	Workers' Compensation Insurance	Liability & Property Insurance	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Receipts from user departments	\$ 435,459	\$ 2,024,080	\$ 3,897,877	\$ 3,496,138	\$ 2,741,322	
Receipts from insurance recoveries or settlements	-		-	367,217	16,933	
Payments to suppliers	(75,167)	(1,180,579)	(1,664,163)	307,990	(1,101,850)	
Payments to employees	-	(1,162,497)	(1,752,774)	(465,814)	(201,488)	
Claims and insurance paid			· 	(3,157,453)	(1,870,257)	
Cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities	360,292	(318,996)	480,940	548,078	(415,340)	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Interfund receipts Repayment of advances	11,400	318,996	-		(206,024)	
Cash flows provided by (used in) noncapital						
financing activities	11,400	318,996	· -		(206,024)	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Acquisition of capital assets	(1,294,924)	-	(36,694)	-	-	
Proceeds from sale of assets	93,177	-	-	-	-	
Debt principal repayment	(76,158)	-	-	-	-	
Interest paid	(14,930)					
Cash flows provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	(1,292,835)		(36,694)			
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:						
Interest received	(39,671)	-	-	-	-	
Cash flows provided by investing activities	(39,671)	_	-	-	_	
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(960,814)	-	444,246	548,078	(621,364)	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT:						
Beginning of year	4,425,047	_	2,171,734	8,781,595	2,323,374	
End of year	\$ 3,464,233	\$ -	\$ 2,615,980	\$ 9,329,673	\$ 1,702,010	

(Continued)

City of Monterey Combining Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		_
	Employee	
	Benefits	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Receipts from user departments	\$ 8,028,934	\$ 20,623,810
Receipts from insurance recoveries or settlements	(007, 673)	384,150
Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	(897,673) (3,851)	(4,611,442) (3,586,424)
Claims and insurance paid	(7,572,940)	(12,600,650)
Cash flows provided by (used in) operating	(7,572,510)	(12,000,030)
activities	(445,530)	209,444
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Interfund receipts	-	330,396
Repayment of advances		(206,024)
Cash flows provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		124,372
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Acquisition of capital assets	-	(1,331,618)
Proceeds from sale of assets	-	93,177
Debt principal repayment	-	(76,158)
Interest paid		(14,930)
Cash flows provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		(1,329,529)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest received	<u> </u>	(39,671)
Cash flows provided by investing activities	- _	(39,671)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(445,530)	(1,035,384)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT:		
Beginning of year	1,475,745	19,177,495
End of year	\$ 1,030,215	\$ 18,142,111
		(Continued)

City of Monterey Combining Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		quipment	Vehicle Maintenance		Information Resources		Workers' Compensation Insurance]	Liability & Property Insurance
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to										
net cash flows provided by (used in)										
operating activities:	Φ	(272.266)	Ф	(1.250.200)	Ф	(015 140)	Ф	(5.062)	Ф	(1.200.112)
Operating income (loss)	\$	(372,366)	\$	(1,359,380)	\$	(815,140)	\$	(5,962)	\$	(1,298,113)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to										
net cash flows from operating activities:		776 442		2.466		221 151				
Depreciation		776,443		2,466		221,151		-		-
Change in assets and liabilities:				0.520		(0.70)		(202.002)		16.022
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivables		-		9,538		(878)		(382,093)		16,933
(Increase) decrease in pensions related				(1.65.010)		(150.050)		(65.645)		(11.005)
deferred outflows of resources		-		(165,018)		(178,859)		(65,645)		(11,027)
(Increase) decrease in other postemployment										
benefits related deferred outflows of				006		1 40 4		(0.102)		7.1
resources		- (42.505)		896		1,424		(8,102)		71
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(43,785)		(23,326)		(19,534)		486,318		98,675
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses		-		36,036		4,191		3,985		(3,624)
Increase (decrease) in compensated				0.50		14166		5.0 66		(2.250)
absences		-		958		14,166		7,266		(2,259)
Increase (decrease) in claims payable		-		1 225 265		-		-		710,239
Increase (decrease) in net pension liabilities		-		1,225,865		1,335,730		488,142		83,557
Increase (decrease) in net other				(10.515)		(16.206)		20.001		(1.520)
postemployment benefits liabilities		-		(10,717)		(16,386)		39,881		(1,532)
Increase (decrease) in pensions related				(20, (25)		(60.024)		(17.621)		(0.002)
deferred inflows of resources		-		(39,625)		(69,824)		(17,631)		(8,903)
Increase (decrease) in other										
postemployment benefits related				2 21 1		4.000		1.010		642
deferred inflows of resources				3,311		4,899		1,919		643
Cash flows provided by (used in)										
operating activities	\$	360,292	\$	(318,996)	\$	480,940	\$	548,078	\$	(415,340)

(Continued)

City of Monterey Combining Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Employee Benefits	Total
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to		
net cash flows provided by (used in)		
operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$ (459,803)	\$ (4,310,764)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to		
net cash flows from operating activities:		
Depreciation	-	1,000,060
Change in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivables	3,308	(353,192)
(Increase) decrease in pensions related		
deferred outflows of resources	-	(420,549)
(Increase) decrease in other postemployment		
benefits related deferred outflows		
of resources	<u>-</u>	(5,711)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	10,965	509,313
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses	-	40,588
Increase (decrease) in compensated		
absences	-	20,131
Increase (decrease) in claims payable	-	710,239
Increase (decrease) in net pension liabilities	-	3,133,294
Increase (decrease) in net other		
postemployment benefits liabilities	-	11,246
Increase (decrease) in pensions related		
deferred inflows of resources	-	(135,983)
Increase (decrease) in other		
postemployment benefits related		
deferred inflows of resources	-	10,772
Cash flows provided by (used in)		
operating activities	\$ (445,530)	\$ 209,444
		(Concluded)

This page intentionally left blank.



CUSTODIAL FUNDS

District Funds - Those funds are to account for fees and assessments collected for the following District Funds: Ocean View Plaza Community Service District, Monterey Convention Visitors' Bureau Tourism Improvement District, Cannery Row Business Improvement District, North Fremont Business Improvement District, New Monterey Business Improvement District, Downtown Promotion District and Wharf Promotion District.

This page intentionally left blank.

City of Monterey Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Fund June 30, 2021

	District Funds
ASSETS:	
Cash and investments	\$ 226,086
Accounts receivables	1,180
Total assets	227,266
LIABILITIES:	
Accounts payable	31,837
Total liabilities	31,837
NET POSITION	
Restricted for:	
Individuals, organization, and other governments	\$ 195,429

City of Monterey Combining Statement of Changes in of Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

ADDITIONS:	 District Funds
Assessment revenue collected	\$ 201,505
DEDUCTIONS:	
Payment of special assessment district expense	 7,586
Change in net position	193,919
NET POSITION:	
Beginning of year, as restated (Note 15)	 1,510
End of year	\$ 195,429

STATISTICAL SECTION

(Unaudited)

This page intentionally left blank



STATISTICAL SECTION OVERVIEW

This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report is not covered by the Independent Auditor's Report, but presents supplemental detailed information for the benefit of readers in understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Financial Trends (pages 178-187)

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity (pages 188-193)

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources, transient occupancy tax ("TOT") and property taxes.

Debt Capacity (pages 194-197)

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information (pages 198-199)

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment with which the City's financial activities take place.

Operating Information (pages 200-202)

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

City of Monterey Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	 2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16
Governmental activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 120,401,873	\$ 117,782,513	\$ 121,163,828	\$ 81,573,354	\$ 135,062,968
Restricted	33,409,687	36,180,564	35,418,022	41,852,947	55,127,684
Unrestricted	 41,130,596	37,585,610	41,697,391	5,565,630	(60,147,498)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 194,942,156	\$ 191,548,687	\$ 198,279,241	\$ 128,991,931	\$ 130,043,154
Business-type activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 18,280,879	\$ 17,988,110	\$ 17,907,867	\$ 17,701,350	\$ 17,585,832
Restricted	411,276	416,065	407,139	406,976	407,029
Unrestricted	 (7,072,928)	(5,564,425)	(3,120,898)	(6,206,979)	(3,602,125)
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 11,619,227	\$ 12,839,750	\$ 15,194,108	\$ 11,901,347	\$ 14,390,736
Primary Government					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 138,682,752	\$ 135,770,623	\$ 139,071,695	\$ 99,274,704	\$ 152,648,800
Restricted	33,820,963	36,596,629	35,825,161	42,259,923	55,534,713
Unrestricted	 34,057,668	32,021,185	38,576,493	(641,349)	(63,749,623)
Total primary Government	\$ 206,561,383	\$ 204,388,437	\$ 213,473,349	\$ 140,893,278	\$ 144,433,890

City of Monterey Net Position by Component (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 129,531,992 59,385,118 (73,816,480)	\$ 137,503,581 57,132,729 (91,011,646)	\$ 162,668,178 58,998,097 (94,180,895)	\$ 177,783,019 42,224,103 (96,387,556)	\$ 189,768,934 41,313,293 (106,992,358)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 115,100,630	\$ 103,624,664	\$ 127,485,380	\$ 123,619,566	\$ 124,089,869
Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 24,301,739 406,907 5,354,241	\$ 23,167,028 1,106,768 7,175,285	\$ 27,043,763 886,379 8,965,600	\$ 30,480,816 1,106,768 2,510,613	\$ 32,506,984 1,106,768 40,206
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 30,062,887	\$ 31,449,081	\$ 36,895,742	\$ 34,098,197	\$ 33,653,958
Primary Government Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 153,833,731 59,792,025 (68,462,239)	\$ 160,670,609 58,239,497 (83,836,361)	\$ 189,711,941 59,884,476 (85,215,295)	\$ 208,263,835 43,330,871 (93,876,943)	\$ 222,275,918 42,420,061 (106,952,152)
Total primary Government	\$ 145,163,517	\$ 135,073,745	\$ 164,381,122	\$ 157,717,763	\$ 157,743,827

City of Monterey Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

	 2012-13		2013-14	 2013-14	2014-15		 2015-16
Expenses							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 9,052,121	\$	12,352,952	\$ 12,352,952	\$	5,468,878	\$ 6,242,043
Public safety	28,230,175		27,656,343	27,656,343		18,354,580	31,413,958
Public works	19,952,596		9,486,246	9,486,246		15,002,729	35,996,616
Community development	1,255,059		1,229,500	1,229,500		953,917	1,244,516
Recreation and community service	13,022,994		12,713,595	12,713,595		11,104,192	14,633,159
Library	3,362,875		3,068,552	3,068,552		2,028,633	2,992,626
Public Facilities	-		-	-		-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	 392,114	11	463,574	463,574		519,893	 3,617,864
Total governmental							
activities expenses	 75,267,934		66,970,762	 66,970,762		53,432,822	 96,140,782
Business-type activities:							
Marina	2,324,992		2,228,058	2,228,058		1,845,966	1,624,701
Parking	6,826,056		7,502,409	7,502,409		6,469,521	5,466,454
Sewer	0,020,030		7,302,109	7,302,109		0,100,521	3,100,131
Presidio of Monterey Public Works	11,571,576		8,474,449	8,474,449		8,815,978	_
Cemetery	192,412		242,726	242,726		176,973	161,489
Material Recovery	207,232		192,067	192,067		251,362	140,695
Navy Services	309,906		236,848	236,848		337,131	-
Institutional Network	2,734		-	-		65	-
Total business-type							
activities expenses	 21,434,908		18,876,557	 18,876,557		17,896,996	7,393,339
Total primary government							
expenses	 96,702,842		85,847,319	 85,847,319		71,329,818	 103,534,121
Program revenues							
Governmental activities:							
Charges for services:							
General government	6,169,847		8,148,244	8,148,244		7,238,903	7,222,860
Public safety	5,353,928		7,905,213	7,905,213		7,232,624	7,299,691
Public works	5,333,070		6,055,328	6,055,328		6,277,294	20,371,202
Community development	74,142		83,067	83,067		(2,216)	66,516
Community service	7,006,731		6,989,209	6,989,209		7,019,594	6,808,314
Library	103,797		100,694	100,694		76,351	48,131
Public Facilities*	-		-	-		-	-
Nondepartmental	-		-	-		-	-
Operating grants and contributions	1,386,277		1,187,188	1,187,188		1,271,917	14,269,674
Capital grants and contributions	724,793		1,218,043	1,218,043		2,873,609	7,322,237
Total governmental activities	•		•	 •		•	•
program revenues	 26,152,585	11	31,686,986	 31,686,986		31,988,076	 63,408,625
							(Continued)

City of Monterey Changes in Net Position (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

		2016-17		2017-18		2018-19		2019-20		2020-21
Expenses										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$	6,440,218	\$	7,632,951	\$	7,638,953	\$	7,975,464	\$	9,754,245
Public safety		34,598,683		43,535,737		47,219,679		48,613,887		43,519,165
Public works		49,867,441		46,929,655		23,999,169		35,971,240		33,672,208
Community development		4,026,511		3,053,804		2,017,833		1,699,140		6,443,985
Recreation and community service		14,179,688		15,967,720		16,546,498		20,239,312		10,329,431
Library		3,106,859		3,471,277		3,465,600		3,361,023		1,734,350
Public Facilities		-		-		-		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges		2,325,866		2,277,343		2,171,080		2,025,957		1,971,433
Total governmental										
activities expenses		114,545,266		122,868,487		103,058,812		119,886,023		107,424,817
Business-type activities:										
Marina		1,825,353		2,603,399		3,097,641		1,995,071		2,812,087
Parking		6,733,325		8,835,074		6,903,684		8,873,103		8,432,750
Sewer		1,593,559		1,701,290		762,209		1,899,708		2,688,490
Presidio of Monterey Public Works		1,373,337		1,701,200		702,207		1,055,700		2,000,170
Cemetery		201,536		245,043		222,766		729,380		833,476
Material Recovery		147,636		123,873		97,949		102,823		102,823
Navy Services		117,030		123,073		-		102,023		102,025
Institutional Network		-		-		-		-		-
Total business-type										
activities expenses		10,501,409		13,508,679		11,084,249		13,600,085		14,869,626
Total primary government										
expenses		125,046,675		136,377,166		114,143,061		133,486,108		122,294,443
Program revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government		6,072,895		5,918,038		6,721,670		6,798,049		6,748,693
Public safety		7,877,786		8,361,306		8,503,276		8,705,646		8,343,809
Public works		15,807,678		15,462,868		13,820,468		17,758,937		19,300,910
Community development		1,037,010		941,302		3,316,723		3,031,774		8,679,736
Community service		9,134,011		10,039,739		10,807,275		8,739,479		1,279,697
Library		43,325		41,250		38,752		27,865		5,941
Public Facilities*		,				-		-7,002		-
Nondepartmental		_		_		_		_		_
Operating grants and contributions		17,507,346		19,481,638		20,143,868		16,272,346		18,190,742
Capital grants and contributions		6,205,949		6,894,489		9,564,731		6,163,752		89,417
Total governmental activities	-	-,,>		-,, .,,		-,,, - 1	-	-,,		02,.17
program revenues		63,686,000		67,140,630		72,916,763		67,497,848		62,638,945
	_		_		_		_		_	(Continued)

City of Monterey Changes in Net Position (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

		2012-13	 2013-14	 2013-14	2014-15	 2015-16
Business-type activities:						
Charges for services:						
Marina	\$	2,714,930	\$ 2,948,031	\$ 2,948,031	\$ 3,054,187	\$ 3,107,731
Parking		7,858,075	8,463,429	8,463,429	8,944,423	9,291,528
Sewer		-	-	-	-	, , , <u>-</u>
Presidio of Monterey Public Works		11,284,765	9,120,880	9,120,880	8,631,601	_
Cemetery		347,321	365,707	365,707	218,289	203,675
Material Recovery		378,845	385,298	385,298	395,435	410,559
Navy Services		329,826	221,742	221,742	317,654	
Operating grants and contributions		, <u>-</u>	, -		_	_
Total business-type activities				-1		
program revenues		22,913,762	21,505,087	21,505,087	21,561,589	13,013,493
Total primary government		,,,,,,,,,	 	 		 ,,
program revenues		22,913,762	47,657,672	53,192,073	53,549,665	76,422,118
• •				 , ,	, ,	
Net revenues (expenses):		(40.115.240)	(25, 202, 77.6)	(25.202.55)	(01 444 746)	(22.722.157)
Governmental activities		(49,115,349)	(35,283,776)	(35,283,776)	(21,444,746)	(32,732,157)
Business-type activities		1,478,854	 2,628,530	 2,628,530	3,664,593	 5,620,154
Total net revenues (expenses)		(47,636,495)	 (32,655,246)	(32,655,246)	(17,780,153)	 (27,112,003)
General revenues and other changes in net pos Governmental activities: Taxes:	sition:					
Property taxes		7,009,683	7,390,529	7,390,529	7,287,199	7,973,011
Sales tax		7,928,999	8,557,600	8,557,600	9,835,269	9,241,167
Transient occupancy taxes		17,601,144	19,320,052	19,320,052	20,827,778	18,890,094
Other taxes		5,985,960	6,288,542	6,288,542	9,944,547	4,913,625
User utility taxes		-	-	-	-	-
Motor vehicle in lieu, unrestricted		2,251,469	2,289,995	2,289,995	2,392,180	2,545,491
Investment income		4,758,794	5,066,372	5,066,372	5,177,382	5,583,028
Other general revenues		229,695	150,849	150,849	189,910	348,113
Transfers		362,272	373,704	373,704	459,090	738,512
Extraordinary Event		(406,136)	 (7,423,313)	(7,423,313)	-	 -
Total governmental activities		45,721,880	 42,014,330	 42,014,330	56,113,355	50,233,041
Business-type activities:						
Investment income		103,941	94,132	94,132	397,812	186,467
Transfers		(362,272)	(373,704)	(373,704)	(459,090)	(738,512)
Total business-type activities		(258,331)	(279,572)	(279,572)	(61,278)	(552,045)
Total primary government	-	45,463,549	41,734,758	41,734,758	56,052,077	49,680,996
Total primary government		73,703,377	 +1,754,756	 +1,734,736	30,032,077	 42,000,220
Changes in net position:						
Governmental activities		(3,393,469)	6,730,554	6,730,554	34,668,609	17,500,884
Business-type activities		1,220,523	 2,348,958	2,348,958	3,603,315	 5,068,109
Total primary government	\$	(2,172,946)	\$ 9,079,512	\$ 9,079,512	\$ 38,271,924	\$ 22,568,993
						(Continued

^{*} In FY 2013 Public Facilities was combined with Community Services

City of Monterey Changes in Net Position (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

Business-type activities: Charges for services: Marina									
Charges for services:									
Marina									
IVIarina	\$	3,052,843	\$	3,171,005	\$ 3,244,047	\$	2,986,779	\$	3,082,448
Parking		9,268,334		9,569,804	9,821,563		7,401,459		6,152,643
Sewer		2,561,703		2,595,064	2,467,889		1,045,531		3,909,581
Presidio of Monterey Public Works		-		-	-		-		-
Cemetery		229,357		344,534	305,444		284,777		246,527
Material Recovery		417,184		317,250	-		-		-
Navy Services		-		-	-		-		-
Operating grants and contributions		-		8,982	96,137		84,760		-
Total business-type activities									
program revenues		15,529,421		16,006,639	15,935,080		11,803,306		13,391,199
Total primary government									
program revenues		79,215,421		83,147,269	 88,851,843		79,301,154		76,030,144
Net revenues (expenses):									
Governmental activities		(50,859,266)		(55,727,857)	(30,142,049)		(52,388,175)		(44,785,872)
Business-type activities		5,028,012		2,497,960	4,850,831		(1,796,779)		(1,478,427)
Total net revenues (expenses)		(45,831,254)		(53,229,897)	 (25,291,218)		(54,184,954)		(46,264,299)
General revenues and other changes in net po Governmental activities: Taxes:	93111011.								
Property taxes		8,238,549		8,601,373	9,219,070		9,452,431		12,475,245
Sales tax		8,590,013		8,750,802	9,343,487		7,492,974		10,594,210
Transient occupancy taxes		19,476,470		20,625,414	22,405,070		16,189,342		12,909,693
Other taxes		5,166,317		5,553,617	5,538,012		2,068,849		2,242,383
User utility taxes		-		-	-		3,614,737		3,654,753
Motor vehicle in lieu, unrestricted		2,651,567		2,749,263	2,929,837		3,075,635		3,199,106
Investment income		702,388		657,734	1,731,418		2,488,562		781,653
Other general revenues		1,591,232		1,939,379	2,577,484		2,511,835		8,654
Transfers		(10,499,794)		669,132	258,387		1,627,996		(950,731)
Extraordinary Event		-			 				-
Total governmental activities		35,916,742		49,546,714	54,002,765		48,522,361		44,914,966
Business-type activities:									
Investment income		144,345		164,516	854,217		627,230		83,457
Transfers		10,499,794		(669,132)	 (258,387)		(1,627,996)		950,731
Total business-type activities		10,644,139		(504,616)	 595,830		(1,000,766)		1,034,188
Total primary government		46,560,881		49,042,098	54,598,595		47,521,595		45,949,154
Changes in net position:									
Governmental activities		(14,942,524)		(6,181,143)	23,860,716		(3,865,814)		129,094
Business-type activities		15,672,151		1,993,344	5,446,661		(2,797,545)		(444,239)
Total primary government	\$	729,627	\$	(4,187,799)	\$ 29,307,377	\$	(6,663,359)	\$	(315,145)
Ł Ø o		,	_	(-,,,,//)	 , , 1	<u> </u>	(=,===,==)	<u> </u>	(Concluded)

^{*} In FY 2013 Public Facilities was combined with Community Services

City of Monterey Fund Balances of Governmental Funds **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2011-12	2012-13	 2013-14	 2014-15	2015-16
General Fund:					
Nonspendable fund balance	\$ 22,816,967	\$ 20,427,925	\$ 15,868,931	\$ 15,183,203	\$ 14,686,984
Restricted fund balance	-	-	-	-	1,343,207
Committed fund balance	10,090,824	9,994,916	13,837,690	14,511,940	14,992,220
Assigned fund balance	394,310	708,603	786,659	652,705	1,073,523
Unassigned fund balance	 529,398	 77,555	 2,169,049	 5,240,666	
Total General Fund	\$ 33,831,499	\$ 31,208,999	\$ 32,662,329	\$ 35,588,514	\$ 32,095,934
All other governmental funds:					
Nonspendable fund balance	\$ 15,713,621	\$ 17,203,665	\$ 13,566,341	\$ 13,410,067	\$ 2,726,127
Restricted fund balance	17,323,244	18,286,708	21,216,171	77,021,864	90,580,300
Committed fund balance	6,870,549	7,792,559	9,466,130	11,192,933	10,757,117
Unassigned fund balance	(28,206,724)	-	 (1,202,400)	(9,378,178)	 (4,670,636)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 11,700,690	\$ 43,282,932	\$ 43,046,242	\$ 92,246,686	\$ 99,392,908

Source: City of Monterey

City of Monterey Fund Balances of Governmental Funds (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	 2016-17		2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
General Fund:						
Nonspendable fund balance	\$ 14,168,569	\$	13,509,762	\$ 6,792,865	\$ 5,862,625	\$ 4,266,478
Restricted fund balance	-		-		-	-
Committed fund balance	13,992,585		13,972,854	17,674,145	18,350,936	16,682,053
Assigned fund balance	2,486,736		1,716,517	2,372,002	3,319,691	3,328,255
Unassigned fund balance	 		-	 4,282,047	 4,045,241	 6,387,525
Total General Fund	\$ 30,647,890	\$	29,199,133	\$ 31,121,059	\$ 31,578,493	\$ 30,664,311
All other governmental funds:						
Nonspendable fund balance	\$ 2,476,127	\$	2,476,127	\$ 2,476,127	\$ 2,476,127	\$ 2,476,127
Restricted fund balance	51,921,017		41,008,139	41,541,470	37,179,568	35,416,666
Committed fund balance	10,822,149		10,662,622	11,872,375	3,261,452	2,137,756
Unassigned fund balance	 (3,017,933)		(3,021,691)	(4,046,927)	 (3,205,617)	(3,619,578)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 62,201,360	\$	51,125,197	\$ 51,843,045	\$ 39,711,530	\$ 36,410,971

City of Monterey Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	 2011-12	2012-13	 2013-14	2014-15	2015-16
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 39,948,064	\$ 38,525,786	\$ 41,556,723	\$ 47,894,793	\$ 59,277,927
Licenses and permits	4,047,893	4,061,033	4,130,607	4,291,703	6,572,787
Fines and forfeitures	293,276	286,646	265,537	225,164	247,599
Investment income	1,739,735	1,305,930	1,317,917	1,322,855	1,840,186
Rental income	3,885,566	4,040,251	4,360,750	4,695,949	2,113,573
Intergovernmental	7,477,815	4,124,701	4,684,315	6,949,729	14,572,648
Charge for services	17,075,415	18,655,576	23,581,715	21,417,792	21,438,207
Other	 976,999	 834,874	 835,477	 45,824,962	 4,660,958
Total revenues	 75,444,763	 71,834,797	 80,733,041	132,622,947	110,723,885
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	6,498,691	6,680,979	6,571,149	6,153,711	6,049,397
Public safety	24,869,532	27,176,682	29,050,139	30,196,694	31,769,842
Public works	15,934,668	15,341,914	15,190,101	15,793,546	34,199,015
Community development	859,647	1,204,372	1,222,203	1,216,059	1,207,709
Parks and recreation	7,545,025	11,346,083	11,781,212	12,251,900	13,126,769
Library and museum	3,213,515	3,182,378	3,202,152	2,765,271	2,921,043
Public facilities	3,638,093	-	-	-	-
Capital outlays	4,865,244	4,759,109	5,009,599	11,642,924	23,370,162
Debt Service					
Principal retirement	269,347	401,569	845,648	417,572	441,674
Interest and fiscal charges	 396,053	 386,418	 463,574	504,268	 2,366,665
Total expenditures	68,089,815	70,479,504	73,335,777	80,941,945	115,452,276
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	7,354,948	1,355,293	7,397,264	51,681,002	(4,728,391)
	. , ,	 <u></u>	 	 	 (): -))
Other financing sources (uses):	2 7 6 600		4.700.000	0.024.600	22 400 220
Transfers in	3,563,688	4,225,761	4,598,998	8,934,600	22,409,229
Transfers out	(3,701,014)	(4,333,375)	(3,963,388)	(8,488,973)	(22,314,689)
Debt Issuance	- (4.551.555)	-	(7.400.010)	-	8,171,875
Extraordinary event	 (4,751,575)	 28,319,142	(7,423,313)	 -	 -
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (4,888,901)	 28,211,528	 (6,787,703)	 445,627	 8,266,415
Net change in fund balances	\$ 2,466,047	\$ 29,566,821	\$ 609,561	\$ 52,126,629	\$ 3,538,024
Debt service as a percentage of					
noncapital expenditures	1.0%	1.2%	1.9%	1.3%	3.0%

City of Monterey Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	 2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 62,202,426	\$ 65,432,837	\$ 69,016,855	\$ 57,607,607	\$ 56,524,123
Licenses and permits	4,931,773	5,437,404	5,387,543	5,197,802	5,236,016
Fines and forfeitures	230,611	224,007	246,221	256,792	260,823
Investment income	1,361,864	1,263,880	2,735,135	4,083,447	1,739,057
Rental income	3,719,603	4,416,782	4,662,535	4,156,695	3,576,266
Intergovernmental	18,587,770	17,890,156	20,020,466	23,138,413	22,870,557
Charge for services	18,879,964	19,405,607	20,662,177	18,488,283	15,737,313
Other	2,304,523	 2,344,474	 2,999,827	 3,241,577	 2,706,540
Total revenues	 112,218,534	116,415,147	125,730,759	116,170,616	108,650,695
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	6,390,675	7,251,712	7,251,413	7,793,077	9,708,216
Public safety	33,801,647	37,544,057	40,710,479	42,644,478	40,706,673
Public works	31,293,285	32,513,550	31,895,639	30,160,597	29,306,834
Community development	4,000,100	3,030,649	1,981,773	1,661,088	6,418,539
Community services	13,254,828	14,282,598	14,603,515	17,978,728	7,670,110
Library	3,067,378	3,174,647	3,260,379	3,257,172	1,641,921
Public facilities	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlays	52,629,953	27,094,396	19,268,411	19,854,602	14,004,386
Debt Service					
Principal retirement	962,637	2,330,314	2,603,924	3,861,922	1,390,491
Interest and fiscal charges	 2,326,767	 2,285,009	 2,201,638	 2,025,446	 1,916,146
Total expenditures	147,727,270	 129,506,932	 123,777,171	129,237,110	112,763,316
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 (35,508,736)	 (13,091,785)	 1,953,588	 (13,066,494)	(4,112,621)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	17,992,342	16,405,425	15,349,504	27,963,493	16,658,757
Transfers out	(25,045,920)	(15,838,560)	(14,755,500)	(26,571,081)	(16,760,877)
Debt Issuance	3,922,722	(10,000,000)	92,183	(20,071,001)	(10,700,077)
Extraordinary event	 -	-	 		
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (3,130,856)	566,865	686,187	1,392,412	(102,120)
Net change in fund balances	\$ (38,639,592)	\$ (12,524,920)	\$ 2,639,775	\$ (11,674,082)	\$ (4,214,741)
Debt service as a percentage of					
noncapital expenditures	3.5%	4.5%	5.2%	5.2%	3.4%

City of Monterey

Transient Occupancy Tax By Category Last Ten Fiscal Years

(in thousands)

CATEGORY	 2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Full Service	\$ -									
Cannery Row	4,685	5,002	5,430	5,943	6,014	5,941	6,383	6,977	5,176	4,834
Downtown	4,125	4,491	4,820	4,975	5,506	5,704	6,138	6,771	4,808	3,025
Fremont Street	1,057	1,163	1,380	1,592	1,823	1,956	2,013	2,154	1,506	1,389
Munras Avenue/ Abrego Street	2,294	2,384	2,595	2,869	3,185	3,283	3,428	3,658	2,633	2,187
Other	4,374	4,543	5,100	5,449	5,958	6,297	6,592	7,045	5,083	3,885
Totals	\$ 16,535	\$ 17,582	\$ 19,325	\$ 20,828	\$ 22,486	\$ 23,180	\$ 24,554	\$ 26,605	\$ 19,206	\$ 15,320

The City's Transient Occupancy Tax rate has remained at 10% over the last ten years.

84% of Transient Occupancy Tax is categorized as General Revenues, while 16% restricted for the Neighborhood Improvement Program is categorized as Operating Grants and Contributions Due.

On January 1, 2021, Transient Occupancy Tax (TOT) increased from 10% to 12%. City Ordinance §35-11

Notes:

TOT base information by individual establishment is confidential and therefore is not available to the public.

TOT is the City's largest "own source" revenue, as defined by GASB Statement No. 44.

"Full Service" is defined as all lodging facilities having in-house restaurants and are categorized regardless of location. Use of this category for reporting was discontinued in FY12 and all lodging establishments are reported in FY12 by geographic location or summarized as "Other"

Source: City of Monterey Finance Department

City of Monterey

Top Ten Principal Transient Occupancy Tax Generators Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago

Fiscal Year 2021 Fiscal Year 2012

Casa Munras Garden Hotel Casa Munras Garden Hotel

Hilton Garden Inn Hilton Inn

Hotel Pacific Hotel Abrego

Hyatt Regency Monterey Hotel Pacific

Intercontinental The Clement Hyatt Regency Monterey

Monterey Bay Inn Intercontinental the Clement

Monterey Marriott Hotel Monterey Beach Hotel

Monterey Plaza Hotel Monterey Marriott Hotel

Monterey Tides Hotel Monterey Plaza Hotel

Portola Hotel & Spa Portola Plaza Hotel

Note: All tax generators are listed in alphabetical order; tax generators above account for over 50%

of transient occupancy tax

Sources: City of Monterey Finance Department

Note: All tax generators are listed in alphabetical order; tax generators above account for 66% of transient occupancy tax

City of Monterey Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Secured	Unsecured	Total	Estimated Actual Value	Total Direct Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Taxable Assessed Value as a % of Actual Taxable Value
2020-21	\$ 5,881,941,990	\$ 370,331,522	\$ 6,252,273,512	\$ 6,252,273,512	1.00	\$ 6,252,273,512	100%
2019-20	5,650,867,970	354,886,802	6,005,754,772	6,005,754,772	1.00	6,005,754,772	100%
2018-19	5,396,467,410	340,029,042	5,736,496,452	5,736,496,452	1.00	5,736,496,452	100%
2017-18	5,061,957,358	316,227,135	5,378,184,493	5,378,184,493	1.00	5,378,184,493	100%
2016-17	4,862,251,945	328,394,791	5,190,646,736	5,190,646,736	1.00	5,190,646,736	100%
2015-16	4,652,548,847	332,297,598	4,984,846,445	4,984,846,445	1.00	4,984,846,445	100%
2014-15	4,388,074,434	318,622,785	4,706,697,219	4,706,697,219	1.00	4,706,697,219	100%
2013-14	4,192,187,315	313,379,264	4,505,566,579	4,505,566,579	1.00	4,505,566,579	100%
2012-13	4,060,213,408	312,974,363	4,373,187,771	4,373,187,771	1.00	4,373,187,771	100%
2011-12	4,041,986,257	324,842,877	4,366,829,134	4,366,829,134	1.00	4,366,829,134	100%

Note:

In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited property taxes to a total maximum rate of 1% based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum increase of 2%). With few exceptions, property is only reassessed at the time that it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the new assessed value is reassessed at the purchase price of the property sold. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with the respect to the actual market value or taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above.

Source: Monterey County Auditor-Controller

City of Monterey
Property Taxes Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments
(Per \$100 of Assessed Value)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Basic Levy	General Obligation Debt Service	Total Direct Rate	Monterey Peninsula Community College	Monterey Peninsula Unified School District	Total
2020-21	1.00	-	1.00	0.020166	0.041454	1.06162
2019-20	1.00	-	1.00	0.020484	0.117071	1.13756
2018-19	1.00	-	1.00	0.021187	0.091957	1.11314
2017-18	1.00	-	1.00	0.021655	0.028902	1.05056
2016-17	1.00	-	1.00	0.022336	0.030000	1.05234
2015-16	1.00	-	1.00	0.023039	0.030000	1.05304
2014-15	1.00	-	1.00	0.032471	0.022774	1.05525
2013-14	1.00	-	1.00	0.015772	0.021309	1.03708
2012-13 *	1.00	-	1.00	0.022367	0.027965	1.05033
2011-12 *	1.00	-	1.00	0.023570	0.028790	1.05236

Source: Monterey County Auditor-Controller.

^{*} Fiscal years 2011-12 and 2012-13 were revised in 2013-14.

City of Monterey Principal Property Taxpayers Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago

Fiscal Year 20	021	Taxable Secured Assessments	Secured Taxable Value	Taxable Unsecured Assessments	Unsecured Taxable Value	Combined Taxable Value	Pct. Of Total City Assessed Value
Taxpayer	Type of Business						
CANNERY ROW COMPANY, THE	Commercial, Motels & Hotels	21	\$ 133,116,735	4	\$ 270,743	\$ 133,387,478	2.14%
AAT DEL MONTE LLC	Commercial, Shopping Centers	2	122,750,830	0	-	122,750,830	1.97%
FWREF MONTEREY LLC	Commercial, Motels & Hotels	5	68,260,406	0	-	68,260,406	1.10%
SAN CARLOS ASSOC LLC	Commercial, Motels & Hotels	1	53,418,758	0	-	53,418,758	0.86%
PACIFICA ABREGO LLC	Commercial, Motels & Hotels	1	27,524,410	2	23,638,523	51,162,933	0.82%
INNS OF CANNERY ROW MONTEREY BAY	Commercial, Motels & Hotels	7	46,985,935	4	691,241	47,677,176	0.77%
SWVP MONTEREY LLC	Commercial, Motels & Hotels	3	46,033,799	0	-	46,033,799	0.74%
P MONTEREY LP	Residential, Apartments	1	43,655,810	0	-	43,655,810	0.70%
MERRILL GARDENS AT MONTEREY LLC	Residential, Apartments	1	34,049,723	1	6,298,910	40,348,633	0.65%
CUSTOM HOUSE HOTEL CO LTD	Commercial, Motels & Hotels	4	36,540,051	0	-	36,540,051	0.59%
	Top 10 Totals	46	\$ 612,336,457	11	\$ 30,899,417	\$ 643,235,874	10.32%
	2020/21 CITY-WIDE TOTALS		5,859,455,190		370,268,232	6,229,723,422	
Fiscal Year 20	012						
1000 Aquijito LLC	Commercial, Motels & Hotels	1	27,190,665	0	_	27,190,665	0.63%
Cannery Row Company	Commercial/Industrial Property	40	106,259,993	3	487,656	106,747,649	2.45%
Cannery Row Hotel Dev	Commercial, Motels & Hotels	7	64,782,978	1	189,557	64,972,535	1.49%
Custom House Hotel Co Ltd.	Commercial, Motels & Hotels	4	34,479,835	1	6,154	34,485,989	0.79%
Muller-Ryan LLC	Commercial/Office Property	4	32,960,780	0	-	32,960,780	0.76%
P Monterey LP	Residential, Apartments	1	42,089,094	0	-	42,089,094	0.97%
Pacific Holdings LP	Commercial, Shopping Centers	1	96,108,005	0	-	96,108,005	2.21%
Pebble Beach Co	Commercial, Motels & Hotels	15	24,127,962	0	-	24,127,962	0.55%
San Carlos Associates	Commercial, Motels & Hotels	1	38,924,010	0	-	38,924,010	0.89%
SWVP Monterey LLC	Commercial, Motels & Hotels	3	39,442,832	0	-	39,442,832	0.91%

Note: Listed in alphabetical order

Source: MBIA MuniServices Company, Municipal Resource Consultants

City of Monterey Property Tax Levies and Collections (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Total Tax Levy				Percent of Levy Collected	•	pplemental Tax lections (3)	Tax Collections (2)		Total Tax
2020-21	\$	8,579,709	\$	8,476,900	98.8	\$	190,033	\$	110,965	\$ 8,777,898
2019-20	:	8,266,287		8,001,015	96.8		183,838		78,163	8,263,016
2018-19	,	7,883,221		7,698,634	97.7		191,991		110,141	8,000,766
2017-18	,	7,361,871		7,215,939	98.0		184,574		90,103	7,490,616
2016-17	,	7,052,832		6,892,644	97.7		174,102		98,232	7,164,978
2015-16	(6,742,529		6,619,709	98.2		166,947		101,467	6,888,123
2014-15	(6,087,447		5,971,175	98.1		113,601		88,545	6,173,321
2013-14	(6,040,799		5,913,945	97.9		121,900		113,721	6,149,566
2012-13	:	5,884,593		5,731,092	97.4		90,374		118,409	5,939,875
2011-12	:	5,874,312		5,611,550	95.5		78,928		182,008	5,872,486

Sources:

- (1) Monterey County Auditor-Controller
- (2) Monterey County reports collections as current period, irregardless of original levy year.
- (3) Fiscal years 2001-2010 have been restated in FY10/11 to separate supplemental assessments from Current Tax Collections

City of Monterey Computation of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt June 30, 2021

2019-20 Assessed Valuation: \$5,295,095,465 (after deducting \$957,178,047 redevelopment incremental valuation) (3)

OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT:

Direct and overlapping bonded debt:

City of Monterey Long Term Debt (1)

Monterey County General Fund Obligations (2)

TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND OBLIGATION DEBT

COMBINED TOTAL DEBT

Shappicable Debt 6/30/20

\$47,937,549

9,777,634

\$57,715,183

\$57,715,183

Ratios to Assessed Valuation:

Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	0.92%
Combined Total Debt	0.92%

- * Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, revenue, mortgage revenue and tax allocation bonds and non-bonded capital lease obligations.
- ** Percentages calculated with assessed property values of applicable entities

Sources

- (1) City of Monterey Finance Department
- (2) Monterey County CAFR
- (3) Monterey County Auditor-Controller

^{*}Percentages calculated with property values

City of Monterey Legal Debt Margin June 30, 2021

Total assessed value of all real/personal property	\$ 6,252,273,512
Debt limit percentage (per Government Code)	 15%
Total debt limit	937,841,027
Amount of debt applicable to debt limit	
Legal debt margin	\$ 937,841,027

Section 43605 of the Government Code of the State of California limits the amount of general bonded indebtedness for public improvements to 15% of the assessed valuation of all real and personal property in the City.

The City of Monterey has no general bonded indebtedness.

Source: Monterey County Auditor-Controller

City of Monterey Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Governmental Activities							
Fiscal Year	Bonds	Loans*	Total Governmental Activities						
2020-21	46,793,810	1,143,739	47,937,549						
2019-20	48,938,069	1,365,758	50,303,827						
2018-19	50,930,601	834,696	51,765,297						
2017-18	53,388,579	913,499	54,302,078						
2016-17	55,588,977	1,071,879	56,660,856						
2015-16	56,395,000	1,256,111	57,651,111						
2014-15	51,680,000	1,436,669	53,116,669						
2013-14	6,950,000	1,279,081	8,229,081						
2012-13	7,635,000	1,439,730	9,074,730						
2011-12	7,880,000	1,626,299	9,506,299						

State Department of Finance (population included in calculation)

U.S. Department of Commerce (per capita income included in calculation)

^{*}Loans include Private Placement/Lease Revenue Agreements

City of Monterey Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Business-T	ype Activities	Total Primary Government						
Fiscal Year	Bonds	Marina Loans	Sewer Loans	Total Business-type Activities	Total Primary Government	Debt Per Capita	Percent of Personal Income	Prop. Value		
2020-21	-	1,167,168	12,256,454	13,423,622	61,361,171	2,162	4.5%	1.0%		
2019-20	-	1,428,241	12,872,510	14,300,751	64,604,578	2,293	4.8%	1.1%		
2018-19	-	1,678,072	13,475,895	15,153,967	66,919,264	2,366	5.6%	1.2%		
2017-18	-	1,917,145	12,537,574	14,454,719	68,756,797	2,401	6.1%	1.3%		
2016-17	400,000	2,145,923	10,945,856	13,491,779	70,152,635	2,465	6.5%	1.4%		
2015-16	770,000	2,364,849		3,134,849	60,785,960	2,120	5.8%	1.2%		
2014-15	1,110,000	2,574,347		3,684,347	56,801,016	2,017	5.7%	1.2%		
2013-14	1,420,000	2,843,717		4,263,717	12,492,798	442	1.2%	0.3%		
2012-13	1,705,000	3,101,491		4,806,491	13,881,221	491	1.0%	0.3%		
2011-12	1,970,000	3,348,165		5,318,165	14,824,464	521	1.2%	0.3%		

^{*}Loans include Private Placement/Lease Revenue Agreements

City of Monterey Demographic Information June 30, 2021

	Population (1)	Per Capita Income (2)		Total Personal Income (000's) (3)		Estimated Labor Force (4)	Estimated Unemployment Rate (4)	
2021	28,382	\$	47,902	\$	1,359,555	15,900	5.2%	
2020	28,178		47,902		1,349,783	15,000	8.5%	
2019	28,789		41,846		1,204,704	16,700	3.2%	
2018	28,639		39,462		1,130,152	16,400	3.2%	
2017	28,454		37,915		1,078,833	15,900	3.3%	
2016	28,672		36,812		1,055,474	15,700	5.8%	
2015	28,163		37,128		1,045,636	16,600	4.2%	
2014	28,294		36,042		1,019,772	18,900	3.0%	
2013	28,252		36,148		1,021,253	19,300	3.4%	
2012	28,460		35,283		1,004,154	19,400	4.8%	

Sources:

- (1) CA State Department of Finance estimates
- (2) U.S. Department of Commerce, Census Bureau
- (3) Estimated by combining items (1) and (2)
- (4) State of California Employment Development Department

City of Monterey Summary of Major Employers Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago

		FY 2021	FY 2012	
Employer	Product/Function	Employee Size Range	Employee Size Range	
PRIVATE SECTOR				
Community Hospital of Monterey Peninsula	Health Care	1000 to 4999	1000 to 4999	
Dole Fresh Vegetables Co	Agricultural Growers & Shippers	250 to 499	250 to 499	
DRC/CTB	Educational Consultants	500 to 999	500 to 999	
Hyatt Regency-Monterey	Lodging/Visitor Services	100 to 249	250 to 499	
Language Line	Translator and Interpreter Services	500 to 1000	250 to 499	
Macy's	Department Stores	250 to 499	250 to 499	
Monterey Bay Aquarium	Ecotourism	250 to 499	N/A*	
Middlebury Institute of International Studies	Education	250 to 499	N/A*	
Monterey Plaza Hotel & Spa	Lodging/Visitor Services	250 to 499	250 to 499	
Portola Hotel & Spa	Lodging/Visitor Services	250 to 499	250 to 499	
Robert Talbott, Inc	Clothing-Manufacturer	250 to 499	250 to 499	
PUBLIC SECTOR				
City of Monterey	Government	250 to 499	250 to 499	
Defense Language Institute	Education	500 to 999	250 to 499	
Monterey Peninsula College	Education	500 to 999	500 to 999	
Monterey-Salinas Transit	Public Transportation	100 to 250	250 to 499	
Naval Postgraduate School	Education	1000 to 4999	1000 to 4999	

As of FY2012, employer size is reported as a range instead of an actual amount, due to source data available

Source: EDD, State of California; Duns & Bradstreet

^{*}not reported in the FY2013 CAFR for comparison

City of Monterey Authorized Positions By Department Full-Time and Part-Time

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Police	68.50	68.50	68.50	68.50	70.00	70.00	65.00	65.00	65.00	66.00
Fire	72.00	72.00	82.00	82.00	80.75	80.75	85.75	85.75	84.00	78.00
Plans & Public Works*,**	144.75	152.50	153.50	154.00	156.00	154.00	155.00	155.00	134.90	111.58
Parks & Recreation	51.83	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35.00	31.75
Library and Museum	21.83	21.75	20.25	19.92	19.50	19.25	19.25	19.25	4.00	8.40
Public Facilities	58.34	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Community Development	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20.00	22.00
Community Services***	-	109.17	110.92	110.50	111.25	110.50	110.50	110.50	14.85	58.92
General Government*	46.00	46.50	46.50	47.00	46.25	46.25	46.25	46.25	52.00	53.00
Total	463.25	470.42	481.67	481.92	483.75	480.75	480.75	480.75	409.75	429.65

^{*} Includes positions related to Internal Service divisions

FY20 Community Services includes Conference Ctr & Marina/Harbor

Source: City of Monterey Budget Document

^{**} Planning and Public Works departments combined in 2008/09

^{***} Recreation and Public Facilities combined in FY13

City of Monterey Operating Indicators By Function June 30, 2021

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Police (calendar year)			•		•			•		
Adult Bookings - Felony	340	430	340	368	279	251	305	356	354	329
Adult Bookings - Misdemeanor	1,242	1,359	956	1,741	1,241	1,638	1,164	1,086	1,429	738
Juvenile Bookings - Felony*	43	54	18	31	16	10	31	10	1	-
Juvenile Bookings - Misdemeanor*	161	123	16	101	55	71	74	12	39	-
DUI Bookings	275	202	210	239	221	218	192	181	111	113
Traffic Citations	3,539	2,934	2,836	2,030	1,524	1,658	1,359	3,070	1,725	1,725
Fire (calendar year)***										
Rescue and Emergency Medical Calls	4,057	4,508	4,584	4,888	5,077	5,149	5,174	5,258	4,488	3,000
Fire & Explosion Calls	140	147	185	142	151	177	163	160	159	79
False Alarm Calls	489	586	576	655	683	626	775	703	671	343
Other Calls	1,547	1,650	1,836	2,195	2,253	2,344	2,591	2,505	2,565	1,740
Finance										
Accounts Payable Checks Issued	7,315	7,199	6,990	6,622	6,640	6,641	6,298	5,822	6,038	4,544
Payroll Checks/Direct Deposit Notices Issued	17,319	17,548	17,845	17,960	18,439	18,395	18,996	19,032	17,179	11,098
Purchase Orders Issued	425	400	410	455	500	461	527	549	512	392
Recreation										
Monterey Sports Center:										
Average Daily Attendance	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	1,360	437
Number of programs offered (2)	1,152	1,262	1,147	1,145	1,103	1,117	1,208	1,111	531	112
Number of program participants **	7,427	7,748	7,703	7,202	7,231	7,063	7,032	7,347	5,577	2,419
Community Center, Sports & Camp Programs:										
Number of programs offered	721	787	819	767	713	729	702	797	653	111
Number of program participants **	8,073	8,939	8,732	8,632	8,225	8,056	7,789	8,366	4,190	73,672
Activity Guide editions published [†]	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	-
Activity Guide copies distributed [†]	14,000	12,000	12,000	11,000	10,500	10,000	9,000	8,000	2,700	-
Library										
Visitors	329,800	335,134	360,794	363,496	305,780	289,618	297,861	297,861	182,625	50,927
Reference questions answered	31,800	31,949	27,016	26,271	24,257	28,765	21,140	21,140	19,197	11,635
Items checked out	549,933	507,346	511,453	495,435	412,131	420,604	417,042	417,042	200,040	225,061
Volunteer hours worked	3,543	3,562	2,920	3,071	3,451	3,105	2,978	2,978	2,213	3,910

Source - internal records of City Departments:

Police Department

Fire Department

Finance Department

Recreation & Community Services (*last average daily attendance taken in 2008)

City of Pacific Grove (Beg 12/16/08)

City of Carmel (Beg 01/01/12)

Monterey Airport (Beg 01/01/14)

^{*} Juvenile Booking records for FY21 were combined with Adult Booking records

^{**} Summer and Fall program statistics added in 2012; for FY21, the increase was for the Meals on Wheels and Weekly Food Distributions due to Covid-19 Monterey Public Library

^{***} Fire department's statistics include:

[†] Activity Guides were not published due to Covid-19 and the limited programs offered

City of Monterey Capital Assets Statistics June 30, 2021

General
Founded
Date of incorporation
Form of government
Area
Water area
Fire Protection
Number of stations. 6 **
Number of commissioned fire personnel (actual)
** Includes Fire Services provided to the City of Pacific Grove, the City of Carmel, and Monterey Airport by contract. One PG fire station, one Carmel station, and one Monterey Airport station included in above total. All employees are now employed by the City of Monterey.
Police Protection
Number of stations
Number of sworn police personnel (actual)
Infrastructure Facilities *
Miles of streets (centerline)
Miles of sewers
Storm Drain (miles)
* Does not include Presidio of Monterey or Naval Postgraduate School
Recreation and Culture
Number of community centers
Sports centers
Museums
Parks
City beaches. 2.5 miles/36 acres
Libraries
Number of libraries
Number of bookmobiles
Number of items (books, videos, tapes, etc)
Source: City of Monterey